

# TECDrive User Guide



IP20 & IP66 (NEMA 4X)
AC Variable Speed Drive

0.37 - 22kW (0.5 - 30HP) 110 - 480V

Distributed by TEC Electric Motors

www.tecmotors.co.uk/tecdrive

1.	Qu	ick Start Up		5
	1.1.	Important Safety Information	5	
	1.2.	Quick Start Process	6	
	1.3.	Quick Start Overview	7	
2.	Ge	neral Information and Ratings		8
	2.1.	Identifying the Drive by Model Number	8	
	2.2.	Drive Model Numbers	8	
3.	Me	echanical Installation		9
	3.1.	General	9	
	3.2.	UL Compliant Installation	9	
	3.3.	Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units	9	
	3.4.	Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units	9	
	3.5.	Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units	10	
	3.6.	Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	10	
	3.7.	Gland Plate and Lock Off	11	
	3.8.	Removing the Terminal Cover	11	
	3.9.	Routine Maintenance	11	
4.		wer & Control Wiring		12
	4.1.	Connection Diagram	12	
	4.2.	Protective Earth (PE) Connection	12	
	4.3.	Incoming Power Connection	13	
	4.4.	Motor Connection	13	
	4.5.	Motor Terminal Box Connections	13	
	4.6.	Control Terminal Wiring	14	
	4.7.	Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)	14	
	4.7. 4.8.	Control Terminal Connections	14	
	4.8. 4.9.	Motor Thermal overload Protection	15	
	4.10.	EMC Compliant Installation	15 15	
_	4.11.	Optional Brake Resistor		10
5.	5.1.	eration		16
		Managing the Keypad	16	
	<i>5.2.</i>	Operating Displays	16	
	5.3.	Changing Parameters	16	
	5.4.	Read Only Parameter Access	16	
	5.5.	Resetting Parameters	16	
_	5.6.	Resetting a Fault	16	
6.		rameters		17
	6.1.	Standard Parameters	17	
	6.2.	Extended Parameters	18	
	6.3.	Advanced Parameters	21	
	6.4.	P-00 Read Only Status Parameters	22	
7.		alog and Digital Input Macro Configurations		23
	7.1.	Overview	23	
	7.2.	Macro Functions Guide Key	23	
	7.3.	Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)	23	
	7.4.	Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)	24	
	7.5.	Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)	24	
	7.6.	Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)	24	
	7.7.	Fire Mode	25	
	7.8.	Example Connection Diagrams	25	
8.		odbus RTU Communications		26
	8.1.	Introduction	26	
	8.2.	Modbus RTU Specification	26	
	8.3.	RJ45 Connector Configuration	26	
	8.4.	Modbus Register Map	26	
9.	Te	chnical Data		27
	9.1.	Environmental	27	
	9.2.	Rating Tables	27	
	9.3.	Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives	27	
	9.4.	Additional Information for UL Compliance	28	
	9.5.	EMC Filter Disconnect	28	
10	).	Trouble Shooting		29
	10.1.	Fault Code Messages	29	

#### **Declaration of Conformity**

TEC Electric Motors hereby states that the TECDrive TEC-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2004/108/EC (EMC) and 2006/95/EC (LVD) (Valid until 20.04.2016) 2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD) (Valid from 20.04.2016)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529 : 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

All TECDrive products are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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All TECDrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

# This User Guide is for use with version 3.04 Firmware. User Guide Revision 1.20

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This TECDrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

www.tecmotors.co.uk/tecdrive

#### 1. Quick Start Up

#### 1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

This variable speed drive product (TECDrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The TECDrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the TECDrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the TECDrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the TECDrive disconnected.



Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the TECDrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multi-meter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the TECDrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed. The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The TECDrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.



Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

TECDrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the TECDrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees

Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the TECDrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

#### ■ 1.2. Quick Start Process

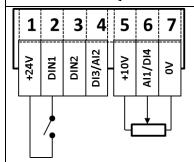
	1.2.	Quick Start Process	_ <del>_</del>			
_	Step	Action		See Section	Page	
Quick Start Op	1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular  - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply  - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor	2.1	Identifying the Drive by Model Number	8	
Jule	2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.				
	3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1	Environmental	27	
	4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP66).	3.1 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	General Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)	9 9 9 10	
	5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2	Rating Tables	27	
	6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5	EMC Filter Disconnect	28	
	7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.				
	8	Route the cables				
	9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.10	EMC Compliant Installation	15	
	10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable	4.5	Motor Terminal Box Connections	13	
		Ensure suitable wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line	4.3.2 9.2	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection Rating Tables	13 27	
	12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Connection Diagram Protective Earth (PE) Connection Incoming Power Connection Motor Connection	12 12 13 13	
	13	Connect the control cables as required for the application	4.6 4.10 7 7.8	Control Terminal Wiring EMC Compliant Installation Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations Example Connection Diagrams	14 15 23 25	
	14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring				
	15	Commission the drive parameters	5.1 6	Managing the Keypad Parameters	16 17	

#### 1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

If the drive has not been powered, either unused or in storage, the DC Link Capacitors require reforming before power may be connected to the drive. Refer to your local sales partner for information regarding the correct procedure.

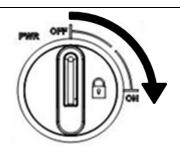
#### 1.4. Quick Start Overview

# Quick Start - IP20 & IP66 Non Switched



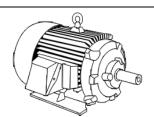
- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
  - Close the Switch to Start
  - o Open to Stop
  - Connect a potentiometer ( $5k 10k\Omega$ ) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
    - Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-02 (0Hz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)

# **Quick Start - IP66 Switched**



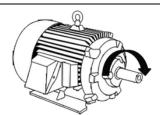
Switch the mains power on to the unit using the built in isolator switch on the front panel.



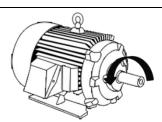


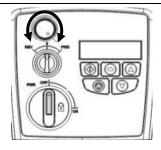
The OFF/REV/FWD will enable the output and control the direction of rotation of the motor.











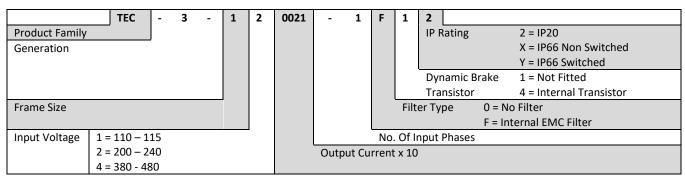
The potentiometer will control the motor shaft rotational speed.

#### 2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the TECDrive E3 including how to identify the drive

#### 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



#### 2.2. Drive Model Numbers

Model	Number	kW		Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	HP	Current (A)	Size
N/A	TEC-3-110023-101#		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	TEC-3-110043-101#		1	4.3	1
N/A TEC-3-210058-104#			1.5	5.8	2
200 - 240V + / - 10% -	ıtput				
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV		Current (A)	Size
TEC-3-120023-1F1#	TEC-3-120023-101#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
TEC-3-120043-1F1#	TEC-3-120043-101#	0.75	1	4.3	1
TEC-3-120070-1F1#	TEC -3-120070-101#	1.5	2	7	1
TEC-3-220070-1F4#	TEC-3-220070-104#	1.5	2	7	2
TEC-3-220105-1F4#	TEC-3-220105-104#	2.2	3	10.5	2
N/A	TEC-3-320153-104#	4.0	5	15.3	3
200 – 240V + / - 10% -	3Phase Input – 3 Phase O	ıtput			
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter			Current (A)	Size
N/A	TEC-3-120023-301#	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	TEC-3-120043-301#	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	TEC-3-120070-301#	1.5	2	7	1
TEC-3-220070-3F4#	TEC-3-220070-304#	1.5	2	7	2
TEC-3-220105-3F4#	TEC-3-220105-304#	2.2	3	10.5	2
TEC-3-320180-3F4#	TEC-3-320180-304#	4.0	5	18	3
TEC-3-320240-3F4#	TEC-3-320240-304#	5.5	7.5	24	3
TEC-3-420300-3F4#	TEC-3-420300-304#	7.5	10	30	4
TEC-3-420460-3F4#	TEC-3-420460-304#	11	15	46	4
380 - 480V + / - 10% -	3Phase Input – 3 Phase Ou	ıtput			
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter		•••	Current (A)	Size
TEC-3-140022-3F1#	TEC-3-140022-301#	0.75	1	2.2	1
TEC-3-140041-3F1#	TEC-3-140041-301#	1.5	2	4.1	1
TEC-3-240041-3F4#	TEC-3-240041-304#	1.5	2	4.1	2
TEC-3-240058-3F4#	TEC-3-240058-304#	2.2	3	5.8	2
TEC-3-240095-3F4#	TEC-3-240095-304#	4	5	9.5	2
TEC-3-340140-3F4#	TEC-3-340140-304#	5.5	7.5	14	3
TEC-3-340180-3F4#	TEC-3-340180-304#	7.5	10	18	3
TEC-3-340240-3F42	TEC-3-340240-3042	11	15	24	3
TEC-3-440300-3F42	TEC-3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4
TEC-3-440390-3F42	TEC-3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4
TEC-3-440460-3F42	TEC-3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4
	For IP20 units, replace '				
NOTE For IP66 Non Switched Units, replace '#' with 'X' For IP66 Switched Units, replace '#' with 'Y'					

#### 3. Mechanical Installation

#### 3.1. General

The TECDrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).

IP20 TECDrives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.

Do not mount flammable material close to the TECDrive

Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5 and 3.7 are left clear

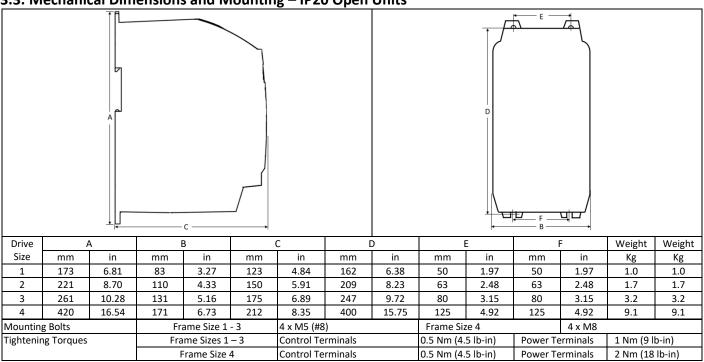
Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the TECDrive given in section 9.1

Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the TECDrive

#### 3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4 on page 28 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

#### 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units



#### 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units

IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.

Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.

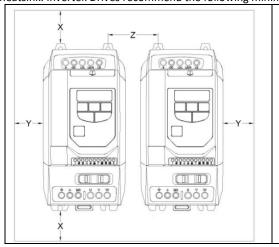
Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.

Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.

In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the TECDrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.

High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:-



Drive Size	Abo	X ve & low	Y Either Side		Betv	Z ween	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120

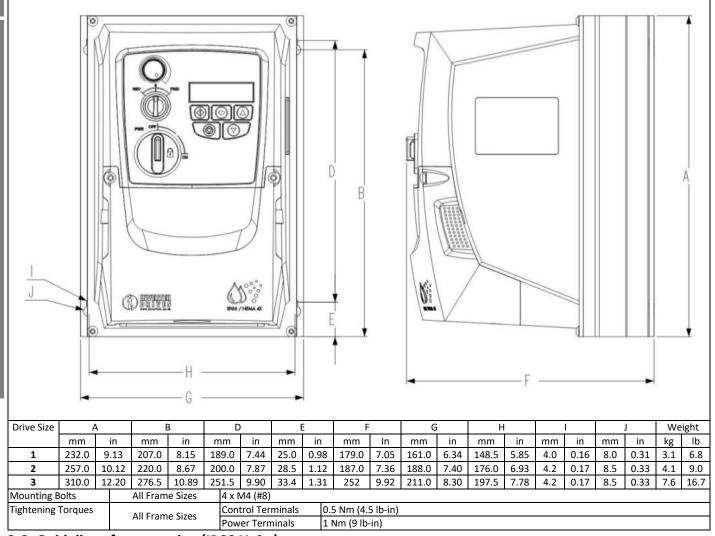
#### Note:

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

#### 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions - IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units



#### 3.6. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

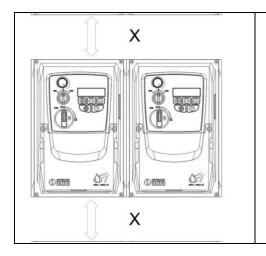
Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1 The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface

The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed

The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives

Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling

Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



Drive Size	X Above	e & Below	Y Eit	her Side
	mm	in	mm	in
1	200	7.87	10	0.39
2	200	7.87	10	0.39
3	200	7.87	10	0.39

Note

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

	Cable Gland Sizes				
Drive Size	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables		
1	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)	M20 (PG13.5)		
2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)		
3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)		

#### 3.7. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

<b>Cable Gland recommended</b>	Hole Sizes & types:

	Power & Motor Cables			(	Control & Signal Cab	oles
	Moulded Hole   Imperial Gland   Metric Gland   Kr		Knockout Size	Imperial Gland	Metric Gland	
	Size					
Size 1	22mm	PG13.5	M20	22mm	PG13.5	M20
Size 2 & 3	27mm	PG21	M25	22mm	PG13.5	M20

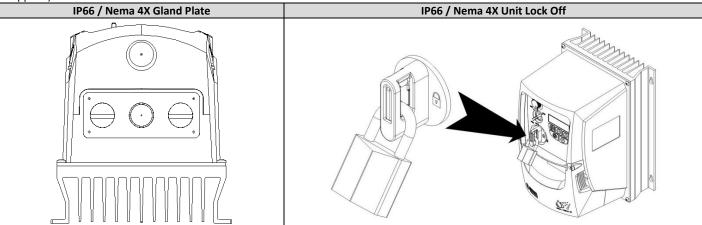
#### **Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:**

	Drill Size	Trade Size	Metric
Size 1	28mm	¾ in	21
Size 2 & 3	35mm	1 in	27

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type")
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC
- Not intended for installation using rigid conduit system

#### **Power Isolator Lock Off**

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).



#### 3.8. Removing the Terminal Cover

# To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown. IP66 / Nema 4X Units Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the connection terminals, as shown below.

#### 3.9. Routine Maintenance

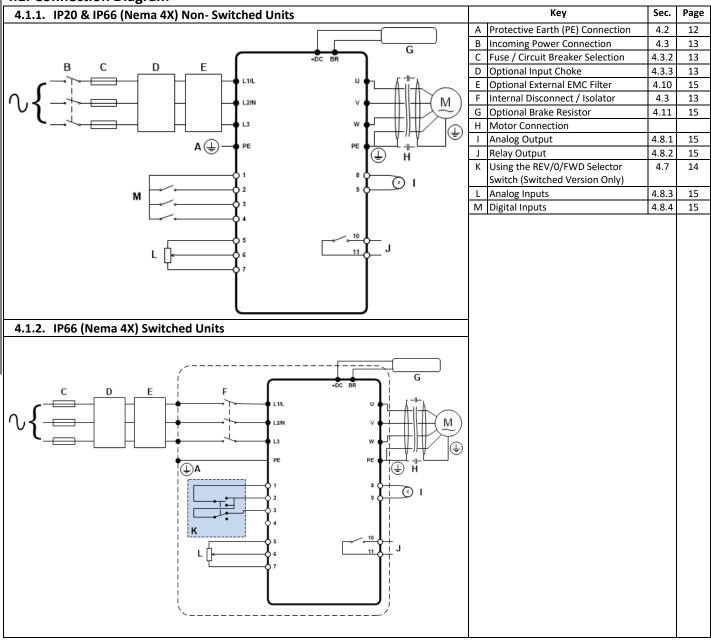
The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the "Environment" section.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

#### 4. Power & Control Wiring

#### 4.1. Connection Diagram



#### 4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

#### **Grounding Guidelines**

The ground terminal of each TECDrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). TECDrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

#### **Safety Ground**

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

#### **Motor Ground**

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

#### **Ground Fault Monitoring**

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The TECDrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply: -

- A Type B Device must be used
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each TECDrive

#### **Shield Termination (Cable Screen)**

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

#### 4.3. Incoming Power Connection

#### 4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10 EMC Compliant Installation on page 15.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the TECDrive and the AC
  Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of
  machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2.

#### 4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2 Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the TECDrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

#### 4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:-
  - The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high
  - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs
  - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives)
  - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
220 Valt	1	OPT-2-L1016-20
230 Volt 1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20
1 Filase	3	N/A
	2	OPT-2-L3006-20
400 Volt	2	OPT-2-L3010-20
3 Phase	3	OPT-2-L3036-20
	4	OPT-2-L3050-20

#### 4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the TECDrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the TECDrive earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.

#### 4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

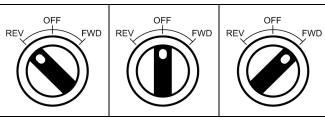
Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages	Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta Delta
400	400 / 690	u y w
400	230 / 400	Star Star A

#### 4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> / 30 12 AWG.

#### 4.7. Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only)

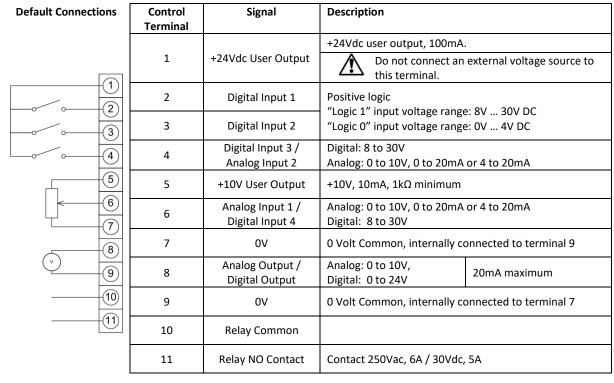
By adjusting the parameter settings the TECDrive can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse. This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.



			Parame	ters to Set	
	Switch Position		P-12	P-15	Notes
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	0	Factory Default Configuration Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5,7	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT Run Reverse - disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Run in Auto 0 Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT In PI Control, Local POT controls PI set point
Run in Preset Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	0, 2, 4,5, 812	In Preset Speed Control, P-20 sets the Preset Speed In PI Control, POT can control the PI set point (P-44=1)
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	6	Hand – speed controlled from the Local POT Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	3	Hand – Speed reference from Preset Speed 1 (P-20) Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus

NOTE To be able to adjust parameter P-15, extended menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101)

#### 4.8. Control Terminal Connections



#### 4.8.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2 Extended Parameters on page 18. The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection.

- Analog Mode
  - The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current
- Digital Mode
  - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current

#### 4.8.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2 Extended Parameters on page 18.

#### 4.8.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2 Extended Parameters on page 18.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7 Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 23.

#### 4.8.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7 Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 23.

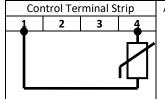
#### 4.9. Motor Thermal overload Protection

#### 4.9.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

#### 4.9.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:-



Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor : PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level
- Use a setting of P-15 that has Input 3 function as External Trip, e.g. P-15 = 3. Refer to section 7 for further details.
- Set P-47 = "Ptc-th"

#### 4.10. EMC Compliant Installation

	•			
Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C1 <sup>6</sup>	Shielded <sup>1</sup>	Shielded <sup>1,5</sup>	Ch: alda d4	1M / 5M <sup>7</sup>
C2	Shielded <sup>2</sup>	Shielded <sup>1, 5</sup>	Shielded <sup>4</sup>	5M / 25M <sup>7</sup>
C3	Unshielded <sup>3</sup>	Shielded <sup>2</sup>		25M / 100M <sup>7</sup>

- 1/ A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- 2/ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- 3/ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- 4/ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- 5/ The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- 6/ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- 7/ Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter

#### 4.11. Optional Brake Resistor

TECDrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power

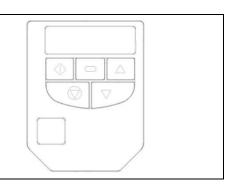
Allow a minimum of 5 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner.

# 5. Operation

#### 5.1. Managing the Keypad

	5.1. M	anaging the	e Keypad
<u>ö</u>	The drive	e is configured a	and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.
Operation	$\bigcirc$	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes
O	$\wedge$	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase
		UP	parameter values in parameter edit mode
		DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease
	$\vee$	DOWN	parameter values in parameter edit mode
		RESET /	Used to reset a tripped drive.
		STOP	When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.
	$\wedge$		When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to
	$\langle   \rangle$	START	reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad
			mode is enabled



5.2. Operating	Displays	5.3. Changing	Parameters	5.4. Read Only Access	Parameter	5.5. Resetting	Parameters
StoP  O O	Drive Stopped / Disabled	StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds	P-def	To reset parameter values to their factory default settings, press and hold Up,
H 50.0 ◆ ∩ △	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz)	P-01	Use the up and down keys to select the required parameter	P-00	Use the up and down keys to select P-00	4 pm	Down and Stop buttons for > 2 seconds. The display will show "P-dEF"
E.5 A △	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps)	P-08 ◆ ↑ △	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	P00-0 I	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second	StoP O D	Press the Stop key. The display will show "5LoP"
P 1.50	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW)		Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys	P00-08	Use the up and down keys to select the required Read Only parameter		
1500 	If P-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM)	P-08 ◆	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu	330	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second to display the value	5.6. Resetting	Press the Stop key. The display will show "5LoP"
		P-08 ◆ ↑ △	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display	StoP	Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds to return to the operating display	StoP  O O O	

#### **Parameters**

#### **6.1. Standard Parameters**

Par.	Description		and Consul Parts		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01			ency / Speed Limit	DDM 15 D 40 . O . I	P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPM
D 03			frequency or motor speed limit – Hz o	r RPIVI. If P-10 >0, the				LI- / DDM
P-02		<u> </u>	ncy / Speed Limit		0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
D 03			imit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value	enterea / displayea is		600.0	Г.О.	
P-03	Accelerat				0.00	600.0	5.0	S
D 04			o time from zero Hz / RPM to base freq	uency (P-09) in second		600.0	F 0	-
P-04	Decelerat		•	handatili in ananala Ni	0.00	600.0	5.0	S
D 05			p time from base frequency (P-09) to st	tandstill in seconds. W				
P-05			Mains Loss Response		0	3	0	-
			ng mode of the drive, and the behavior		s of mains pov	ver supply dur	ing operation.	
	Setting	On Dis		On Mains Loss				,
	0		to Stop (P-04)	Ride Through (Recov	er energy fror	n load to main	itain operation	1)
	1	Coast		Coast				
	2	•	to Stop (P-04)	Fast Ramp to Stop (F	•			
	3		to Stop (P-04) with AC Flux Braking	Fast Ramp to Stop (F	2-24), Coast if	P-24 = 0		
P-06	Energy O				0	1	0	-
	0 : Disable							
			enabled, the Energy Optimiser attemp			•		
	_		ut voltage during constant speed, light	•				
			erate for some periods of time with cor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	motor load, w			torque.
P-07			age / Back EMF at rated speed (PM / I		0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V
			tors, this parameter should be set to th					
	For Perma	nent M	agnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should	d be set to the Back EN				
P-08	Motor Ra	ted Curi	rent		Drive	Rating Deper	ndent	Α
	This parar	neter sh	ould be set to the rated (nameplate) c	urrent of the motor				
P-09	Motor Ra		, ,		10	500	50 (60)	Hz
	This parar	neter sh	ould be set to the rated (nameplate) fr	equency of the motor	•			
P-10	Motor Ra				0	30000	0	RPM
	This parar	neter ca	n optionally be set to the rated (name	plate) RPM of the mot	or. When set t	to the default	value of zero,	all speed
	•		rs are displayed in Hz and the slip comp	•	•			_
			or the motor is disabled. Entering the va					
			lay will now show motor speed in RPM	. All speed related par	ameters, such	as Minimum a	and Maximum	Speed,
			. will also be displayed in RPM.					
			is changed, P-10 value is reset to 0					
P-11	Low Frequ	uency To	orque Boost Current		0.0	Drive Dependent	Drive Dependent	%
	Low frequ	ency to	rque can be improved by increasing thi	s parameter. Excessive	e boost levels			notor
			ased risk of tripping on Over Current or				· ·	
			perates in conjunction with P-51 (Moto					
	P-51	P-11						
	0	0	Boost is automatically calculated acco	ording to autotune dat	:a			
		>0	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage	age is applied at 0.0Hz	, and linearly	educed until F	P-09 / 2	
	1	All	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.This voltage	age is applied at 0.0Hz	, and linearly	educed until F	P-09 / 2	
	2, 3, 4	All	Boost current level = 4*P-11*P-08					
		otors, w	nen P-51 = 0 or 1, a suitable setting can	usually be found by o	perating the r	notor under ve	ery low or no l	oad
	condition	s at appi	roximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 unti	il the motor current is	approximately	the magnetis	sing current (if	known) or
	in the ran	_						
			– 80% of motor rated current					
			– 60% of motor rated current					
			– 50% of motor rated current					
			– 45% of motor rated current					
P-12	Primary C				0	9	0	-
			ol. The drive responds directly to signa					
			<b>Keypad Control</b> . The drive can be con	trolled in the forward	direction only	using the inte	ernal keypad, c	or an
	external r							
			(eypad Control. The drive can be control.				the internal k	eypad, or
			e Keypad. Pressing the keypad START I					
			ork Control. Control via Modbus RTU (F					
			ork Control. Control via Modbus RTU (F		Accel / Decel ra	amps updated	via Modbus	
			r PI control with external feedback sign					
		_	mation Control. PI control with externa	_		tn analog inpu	<b>Ι</b> Τ 1	
			rol. Control via CAN (RS485) using the			- CAN'		
	-		rol. Control via CAN (RS485) interface					
			ontrol via a connected Invertek drive in				tal incut 1	
	NOTE Wh	en P-12	= 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal n	nust still be provided a	at the control i	terminais, digi	tai input 1	

P-14

#### P-13 Operating Mode Select 0 2 0 -

Provides a quick set up to configure key parameters according to the intended application of the drive. Parameters are preset according to the table.

- **0:** Industrial Mode. Intended for general purpose applications.
- 1: Pump Mode. Intended for centrifugal pump applications.
- 2: Fan Mode. Intended for Fan applications.

Setting	Application	Current Limit (P-54)	Torque Characteristic (P-28 & P-29)			Spin Start (	P-33)
0	General	150%	Constar	nt		0 : Off	1
1	Pump	110%	Variable			0 : Off	:
2	Fan	110%	Variable	е		2 : On	
Extended	Menu Access c	ode		0	65535	0	-

Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.

#### 6.2. Extended Parameters

	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	17	0	-					
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setti	ng in P-12. See	e section 7 Ana	alog and Digita	al Input					
	Macro Configurations for more information.									
P-16	Analog Input 1 Signal Format	See B	selow	U0-10	-					
	☐ = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the analog reference after scaling and									
	offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed	will be the val	ue set in P-01.							
	<b>b 0- 10</b> = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will	operate the m	otor in the rev	erse direction	of rotation					
	if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%. E.g. for bidirectional control from a 0 – 10 volt signal, set P-35 =									
	200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%									
	<b>R □-2□</b> = 0 to 20mA Signal									
	E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the TECDrive will trip and show the fault code 4- i	<b>PDF</b> if the signa	al level falls be	low 3mA						
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the TECDrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the	ne signal level	falls below 3m	A						
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the TECDrive will trip and show the fault code 4-€	-								
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the TECDrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if t	_								
	☐ ☐ = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum Fi	•			fter scaling					
	and offset are applied is =<0.0%			8						
P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz					
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed whe	n the paramete	r is viewed, the	switching fred	uency has					
	been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsink temperature.	·								
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	9	1	-					
	Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output ter	minals, Logic 1	indicates the	relay is active	, and					
	therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.									
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled									
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exist.	S								
	a a . =									
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches t	the setpoint fre	equency							
	<b>3: Drive Tripped.</b> Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition	he setpoint fre	equency							
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the	e adjustable lim	nit set in P-19							
	<ul> <li>3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition</li> <li>4: Output Frequency &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the</li> <li>5: Output Current &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjust</li> </ul>	e adjustable lim table limit set	nit set in P-19 in P-19							
	<ul> <li>3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition</li> <li>4: Output Frequency &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the</li> <li>5: Output Current &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus</li> <li>6: Output Frequency &lt; Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the</li> </ul>	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19							
	<ul> <li>3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition</li> <li>4: Output Frequency &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the</li> <li>5: Output Current &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus</li> <li>6: Output Frequency &lt; Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the</li> <li>7: Output Current &lt; Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust</li> </ul>	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set ii	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19							
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds the driver in the	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set ii	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19	: in P-19						
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set in ceeds the adju	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set							
P-19	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the  5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus  6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the  7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust  8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exceeds a prive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set ii	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19	: in P-19 100.0	%					
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except to Prive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set ii ceeds the adju	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set	100.0						
P-20	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Prive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1	e adjustable lim table limit set adjustable limi able limit set ii ceeds the adju	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set	100.0 5.0	Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 2	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21 P-22	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0 40.0	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21 P-22	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
P-19 P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjust 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0 40.0	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21 P-22	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjust 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 except 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the settin If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0 40.0	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exc 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the settin If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Note Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default setting	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	pit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0 40.0 P-09	Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM					
-20 -21 -22 -23	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exc 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the settin If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Note Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default setting 2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop)	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01	5.0 25.0 40.0	Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN					
P-20 P-21 P-22	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog input 2 exc 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no trip present.  Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-18  Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the settin If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Note Changing the value of P-09 will reset all values to factory default setting	e adjustable limit set adjustable limit set in able limit set in ceeds the adjustable limit set in ceeds the	nit set in P-19 in P-19 t set in P-19 n P-19 stable limit set  200.0  P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	100.0 5.0 25.0 40.0 P-09	Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN					

This ramp time is automatically selected in the case of a mains power loss if P-05 = 2 or 3. When set to 0.00, the drive will coast to stop.

When using a setting of P-15 that provides a "Fast Stop" function, this ramp time is also used.

In addition, if P-24 > 0, P-02 > 0, P-26=0 and P-27 = P-02, this ramp time is applied to both acceleration and deceleration when operating below minimum speed, allowing selection of an alternative ramp when operating outside of the normal speed range, which may be useful in pump and compressor applications.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-25	Analog Output Function Select	0	11	8	-
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC				
	<b>0: Drive Enabled (Running)</b> . Logic 1 when the TECDrive is enabled (Running)				
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive				
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches t	he setpoint fre	equency		
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition	مانا واوامهمان	:++ :- D 10		
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the				
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjus 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the				
	7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust-	-			
	Analog Output Mode	able illillt set il	17-13		
	8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1Hz				
	9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A				
	10: Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power				
	<b>11: Load Current</b> . 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A				
P-26	Skip frequency hysteresis band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the TECDrive operating at a certa	in output freq	uency, for exa	mple at a freq	uency which
	causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 defines		•		•
	used in conjunction with P-26. The TECDrive output frequency will ramp throu				
	respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined band.	If the frequenc	y reference a <sub>l</sub>	oplied to the d	rive is
	within the band, the TECDrive output frequency will remain at the upper or lov	wer limit of the	e band.		
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the vo	oltage set in P-	29 is applied t	o the motor. (	are must be
	taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.				
P-30	Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation				
	Index 1 : Start Mode & Automatic Restart	N/A	N/A	Edge-r	-
	Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is pres	ent and latche	d during powe	er on. Also con	figures the
	Automatic Restart function.				
	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 r	remains closed	. The Input m	ust be closed a	ıfter a
	power on or reset to start the drive.				
	RULO- 0: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Dig				
	AULo- 1 To AULo-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to re				
	attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the dr		th a fault, and	will require th	ne user to
	manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered down to reset the counter				
	Index 2 : Fire Mode Input Logic	0	1 1 1 2 2 1 7	0	-
	Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire N			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	# :ll
	0: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is open. 1: Normally				t is closed
	Index 3 : Fire Mode Input Type  Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which includes Fire Mode	0	1 10 9 17	0	-
	<b>0: Maintained Input</b> . The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only as long the fire in			ormally Open	or Normally
	Closed operation is supported depending on Index 2 setting).	noue input sign	iai remains (iv	officially Open	Of Normally
	1: Momentary Input. Fire Mode is activated by a momentary signal on the inp	ut Normally C	nen or Norma	ully Closed one	ration is
	supported depending on Index 2 setting. The drive will remain in Fire Mode ur			my closed ope	141101115
P-31	Keypad Start Mode Select	0	7	1	-
	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 =	1 or 2) or Mod	bus Mode (P-		/hen settings
	0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control ter				_
	6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the			-	0 , ,
	0 : Minimum Speed, Keypad Start				
	1 : Previous Speed, Keypad Start				
	2 : Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable				
	3 : Previous Speed, Terminal Enable				
	4 : Current Speed, Keypad Start				
	5 : Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start				
	6 : Current Speed, Terminal Start				
	7 : Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start				
P-32	Index 1 : Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	S
	Index 2 : DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-
	Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC	Injection curr	ent level may	be adjusted in	P-59.
	Index 2 : Configures the DC Injection Function as follows :-	o C II .	_		
	<b>0: DC Injection on Stop</b> . DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in	n P-59 tollowin	g a stop comr	nand, after the	e output
	frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.	- d			
	Note If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disable 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in		time cet in Inc	lev 1 immodia	toly after
	the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output sta				
	to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.	pe remailis del	.ive during till	י אוומזבי ווווז ר	un be useu
	<b>2: DC Injection on Start &amp; Stop.</b> DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 a	bove.			
	, and a second of the second o				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-33	Spin Start	0	2	0	-					
	0 : Disabled									
P-34	1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if				n to control					
	the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starti	ng motors whi	ch are not turn	ing.						
	2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated follows:	owing the even	ts listed, other	wise it is disab	led.					
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-					
5 -	0 : Disabled									
	1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software									
	2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper	r without softw	are protection.	. An external t	hermal					
	protection device should be fitted.									
	<b>3: Enabled With Software Protection</b> . As setting 1, however the Brake Chopp	per is only enat	oled during a ch	ange of the fr	equency					
	setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.				•					
	4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Ch	opper is only e	enabled during a	a cnange of th	e trequency					
D 25	setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%					
P-35	Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	-					
	Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor			.uv signai , and	a the scaling					
	factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maxim			Nactor coop	ام دا امنطاب مما					
	<b>Slave Speed Scaling.</b> When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating by this factor, limited by the minimum and maximum speeds.	speed of the c	irive will be the	iviaster speed	a muitipilea					
D 26			Coo D	alou						
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration Index 1 : Address	0	See B							
			1	115.2	libns					
	Index 2 : Baud Rate Index 3 : Communication loss protection	9.6	3000	115.2 t 3000	kbps					
	·	J. Company			ms					
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Ser	iai Communica	itions. The Sub	Parameters ar	е					
	1st Index : Drive Address : Range : 0 – 63, default : 1	f + b - : - +	LDC 40E							
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate and network type	be for the inter	nai KS485 comi	nunication po	rt.					
	For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are available.									
	For CAN Open: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.	ata with out roo	saiving a valid a		rram ta					
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive will opera Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Setting 0 di									
			_	_						
	1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A 'E' suffix means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will no	•	loss of commu	nication. An F	Sumx					
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101						
P-37	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters	_	3333	101	-					
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0						
F-36	0: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed	0	1	U	-					
	1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed except	. р. 20								
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%					
F-33										
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is applied to the analog input signal. This parameter operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displayed in P00-01.									
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following:-	00 01.								
	1 2									
	P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35)									
P-40	P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35)  Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16,000	0.000	-					
P-40	Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16.000	0.000	-					
P-40	Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor Index 2 : Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	- Motor					
P-40	Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor Index 2 : Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit	0	3	0	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.	0 t scaled from e	3 ither output fre	0	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multiplier.	0 t scaled from e	3 ither output fre	0	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-	0 t scaled from e lied by this fact	3 ither output fre	0	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or motor speed.	0 t scaled from e lied by this fact	3 ither output fre	0	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10	3 ither output free cor.	0 equency (Hz),	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10	3 ither output freezor.	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%	- - Motor					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps) 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10	3 ither output freezor.	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%	- Motor					
	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps) 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internal	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0	3 ither output free cor. 0 > 0. oresented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%	-					
	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps) 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, interna PI Controller Proportional Gain	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0	3 ither output free cor. 0 > 0. oresented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%	-					
	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode. Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps) 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, interna PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0	3 ither output free cor. 0 > 0. oresented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%	-					
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P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor  Index 2: Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internal PI Controller Proportional Gain  PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output f 0.0 or systems whe	3 ither output free cor. 0 > 0. oresented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0 frequency in reserved as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0%	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%  1.0 sponse to small to sponse to small to process response to sponse t	- Ill changes					
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P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor  Index 2: Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level. 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, interna PI Controller Proportional Gain.  PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode  0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the model of the properties	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output to 0.0 or systems whe 0 otor speed sho	3 ither output free cor.  0 > 0.  presented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0  frequency in reserved the overall process of the overall process output decrease.  ould decrease.	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0% 1.0 sponse to small 1.0 process responding to the control of the contro	- ill changes					
P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor  Index 2: Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level. 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, interna PI Controller Proportional Gain  PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode is Integral Time PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode is Integral Time PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode II Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode II Inverse Operation.	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output from the control of the	3 ither output free cor.  0 > 0.  presented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0  frequency in re- 30.0  ere the overall p 1 uld increase. ould decrease. ut is set to 1009	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%  1.0 sponse to small 1.0 process responding 0	- Ill changes					
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P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor  Index 2: Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level. 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internated PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the interior of the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode  0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode is Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stades. Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stades.	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output to 0.0 or systems whe 0 otor speed sho notor speed sho andby, PI Output standby, PI Output	3 ither output free cor.  0 > 0.  presented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0 frequency in reserved the overall pull increase. ould decrease. ut is set to 1009 cput is set	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%  1.0 sponse to small to oppose sponse spo	- Ill changes					
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P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor  Index 2: Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:-  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, interna PI Controller Proportional Gain  PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode  0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stads: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stads: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stads: Reverse Operation Source Select  Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output to 0.0 or systems whe 0 otor speed sho notor speed sho notor speed shandby, PI Output standby, PI Output 0	3 ither output free cor.  0 > 0.  presented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0 frequency in result in the overall pull increase. ould decrease. ut is set to 1009 cput is set	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%  1.0 sponse to small to oppose sponse spo	- Ill changes					
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1 : Display Scaling Factor  Index 2 : Display Scaling Source  Allows the user to program the TECDrive to display an alternative output unit Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating in PI Mode.  Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is multipl Index 2 : Defines the scaling source as follows :-  0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0, or mot 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Amps)  2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2 signal level. 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-46, internated PI Controller Proportional Gain  PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability  PI Controller Integral Time  PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode  0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops, the mode: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stadis: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stadis: Reverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restart from Stadis: Reverse Operation Source Select  Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint  0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used	t scaled from e lied by this fact tor RPM if P-10 l, internally rep lly represented 0.0 e drive output to 0.0 or systems whe 0 otor speed sho notor speed sho notor speed shandby, PI Output standby, PI Output 0	3 ither output free cor.  0 > 0.  presented as 0 - d as 0 - 100.0% 30.0 frequency in result in the overall pull increase. ould decrease. ut is set to 1009 cput is set	0 equency (Hz), - 100.0%  1.0 sponse to small to oppose sponse spo	- Ill changes					

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select 0 5 0 -							
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller.							
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02.							
	1 : Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01							
	2: Motor Current. Scaled as % of P-08.							
	<b>3 : DC Bus Voltage</b> Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%							
	4: Analog 1 – Analog 2. The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from Analog	4: Analog 1 – Analog 2. The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from Analog 1 to give a differential signal. The value is limited to 0.						
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2). The larger of the two analog input values is al	ways used for	PI feedback.					
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10			
	IJ □- I□ = 0 to 10 Volt Signal							
	<b>FI □-2□</b> = 0 to 20mA Signal							
	E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the TECDrive will trip and show the fault code 4-∂	<b>PDF</b> if the signa	al level falls be	low 3mA				
	r Ч-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the TECDrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the	ne signal level i	falls below 3m	Α				
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the TECDrive will trip and show the fault code 4-2	<b>DF</b> if the signa	l level falls bel	ow 3mA				
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the TECDrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if t	he signal level	falls below 3m	nΑ				
	Ptc-th = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting of P-:	15 that has Inp	ut 3 as E-Trip.	Trip level : 3k	Ω, reset 1kΩ			
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	25.0	0.0	S			
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter stand	by following a	period of ope	erating at mini	mum speed			
	(P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display show	s <b>5೬ndb</b> ¥, and	the output to	the motor is o	lisabled.			
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%			
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M	ode is enabled	I (P-48 > 0.0), I	P-49 can be us	ed to define			
	the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) required	d before the di	rive restarts af	ter entering S	tandby			
	Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Star	dby mode unt	il the feedbac	k drops suffici	ently.			
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%			
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering when	close to the th	reshold.	- <del></del>				

#### **6.3. Advanced Parameters**

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-
	0: Vector speed control mode				
	1: V/f mode				
	2: PM motor vector speed control				
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control				
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control				
	5: LSPM motor vector speed control				
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-
	0 : Disabled				
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required data from	m the motor fo	or optimal ope	ration. Ensure	all motor
	related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter.				
	This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 = 0.				
	Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1.		··		
P-53	For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune <u>MUST</u> be carried out <u>AFTER</u> all other requi	0.0	200.0	ea. 50.0	%
P-33					70
P-54	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simultaneon  Maximum Current Limit	0.0			%
P-54	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes	0.0	175.0	150.0	70
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	_	Ω
P-33	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not			-	12
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0	6553.5	-	mH
P-30	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.	U	0555.5	-	ШП
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0	6553.5		mH
P-3/	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.	U	0555.5	-	ШП
D 50		0.0	D 04	0.0	11- / DDM
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking to Stop,	allowing DC to	be injected b	efore the driv	e reaches
	zero speed if desired.		1000	22.2	2/
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to the condition	ns set in P-32	and P-58.		
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-
	Index 1 : Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	0	1
	0 : Disabled				
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protection info	ormation is re	tained after th	e mains powe	r is removed
	from the drive.				
	Index 2 : Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	0	1
	0: It.trp. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip of	on It.trp to pre	vent damage t	o the motor.	
	1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaches 90% of, t	•		•	
	of P-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The current limit will return to the setting in	P-54 when th	e overload acc	umulator read	ches 10%

Par.	00 Read Only Status Parameters  Description	Explanation
P00-01	•	100% = max input voltage
P00-01	2 <sup>nd</sup> Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) — not reset by power down / power u cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last disable (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CANopen process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CANopen: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CANopen process data output	outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CANopen: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient about 80C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive.
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss.
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicate power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-I	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	useful for diagnostic purposes.
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	1
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	1
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	1
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	]
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1 : Fire mode total active time	Total activation time of Fire Mode
	Index 2 : Fire Mode Activation Count	Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value

#### 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

#### 7.1. Overview

TECDrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:-

P-12 - Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

P-15 – Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

P-16 – Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 – 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA

P-30 – Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present

P-31 – When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

P-47 – Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 – 10 Volt, 4 – 20mA

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

#### 7.2. Macro Functions Guide Key

STOP / RUN

Forward Rotation /Reverse Rotation

AI1 REF

P-xx REF

Latched input, Close to Run, Open to Stop

Selects the direction of motor operation

Analog Input 1 is the selected speed reference

Speed setpoint from the selected preset speed

PR-REF Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input

status

^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^ When both inputs are active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24

E-TRIP External Trip input, which must be Normally Closed. When the input opens, the drive trips showing

E-Lr P or PLc-Lh depending on P-47 setting

(NO)Normally Open Contact, Momentarily Close to Start(NC)Normally Closed Contact, momentary Open to StopFire ModeActivates Fire Mode, see section 7.7 Fire Mode

ENABLE Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the

keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start signal via

the fieldbus interface

INC SPD Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed DEC SPD Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed

KPD REF Keypad Speed Reference selected

FB REF Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)

#### 7.3. Macro Functions - Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

Discrimination   Disc	7.3.	iviacro F	unctions –	erminal Mod	e (P-12 = 0)					
STOP	P-15		DI1		012	DI3 /	Al2	DI4	/ AI1	Diagram
STOP   RUN   All REF   PR-REF   P-20   P-21   Analog Input All   1		0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
STOP	0	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog Input AI1		1
O	1	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog I	nput AI1	1
1	2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3	PI	R	P-20 - P-23	P-01	2
STOP   RUN   Al1   P-20 REF   E-TRIP   OK   Analog Input Al1   3   4   STOP   RUN   Al1   Al2   Analog Input Al3   Analog Input Al3   Analog Input Al3   Analog Input Al3   Analog Input Al4   Analog Inp				0	0	P-2	20			
1				1	0	P-2	21			
STOP   RUN   Al1   P-20 REF   E-TRIP   OK   Analog Input Al1   3				0	1	P-2	22			
STOP   RUN   Al1   Al2   Analog Input Al2   Analog Input Al1   4				1	1	P-2	23			
STOP   RUN FWD & STOP   RUN REV & All   P-20 REF   Analog Input All   1	3	STOP	RUN	Al1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput AI1	3
A	4	STOP		Al1	AI2	Analog Ir	nput AI2	Analog I	nput Al1	4
STOP   RUN   FWD ©   REV ©   E-TRIP   OK   Analog Input Al1   3	5	STOP				Al1	P-20 REF	Analog I	nput AI1	1
STOP   RUN FWD & STOP   RUN REV & E-TRIP   OK   Analog Input Al1   3				FAST STOP (P-24						
STOP   RUN   FWD U   REV   DI3   DI4   PR   2	6	STOP	_	び DW7	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Input AI1		
STOP   RUN	7	STOP				E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput AI1	3
STOP   START FWD U   STOP   START REV U   DI3   DI4   PR   2					^					
1	8	STOP	RUN	び DW7	REV	DI3	DI4	P	R	2
STOP   START FWD & STOP   START REV & DI3   DI4   PR   2						0	0			
STOP   START FWD & STOP   START REV & DI3   DI4   PR   2						1	0			
9 STOP START FWD © STOP START REV © DI3 DI4 PR 2						0				
A										
1   0   P-21     0   1   P-22     1   1   1   P-23     1   P-23     1   P-23     1   P-23     P-20 REF	9	STOP	-		-	DI3	DI4	P	R	2
1			^	FAST STOP (P-24	l)^					1
1 1 P-23  10 (NO) START J STOP (NC) All REF P-20 REF Analog Input All 5  11 (NO) START FWD O STOP (NC) (NO) START REV O Analog Input All 6						-	_			
10         (NO)         START J         STOP         (NC)         Al1 REF         P-20 REF         Analog Input Al1         5           11         (NO)         START FWD O         STOP         (NC)         (NO)         START REV O         Analog Input Al1         6           12         STOP         RUN         FAST STOP (P-24)         OK         Al1 REF         P-20 REF         Analog Input Al1         7           13         (NO)         START FWD O         STOP         (NC)         (NO)         START REV O         KPD REF         P-20 REF         13						0	1			
11         (NO)         START FWD ©         STOP         (NC)         (NO)         START REV ©         Analog Input Al1         6           12         STOP         RUN         FAST STOP (P-24)         OK         Al1 REF         P-20 REF         Analog Input Al1         7           13         (NO)         START FWD ©         STOP         (NC)         (NO)         START REV ©         KPD REF         P-20 REF         13										
^					_ , ,			ŭ	•	
12         STOP         RUN         FAST STOP (P-24)         OK         Al1 REF         P-20 REF         Analog Input Al1         7           13         (NO)         START FWD O         STOP         (NC)         (NO)         START REV O         KPD REF         P-20 REF         13	11	(NO)				(NO)		Analog I	nput AI1	6
13 (NO) START FWD O STOP (NC) (NO) START REV O KPD REF P-20 REF 13					. ,					
	12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	ОК	AI1 REF	P-20 REF	Analog I	nput Al1	7
^^	13	(NO)	START FWD ひ	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV び	KPD REF	P-20 REF	13
			۸	FAS	T STOP (P-24)		^			

P-15		DI1	DI2	2	DI3 /	AI2		DI4	/ Al1	Diagram
14	STOP	RUN	DI2	2	E-TRIP OK		DI2	DI4	PR	11
							0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	Al1	Fire M	ode	Analog		nput Al1	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire M	ode	FW	/D	REV	2
17	STOP	RUN	DI2	2	Fire M	ode	DI2	DI4	PR	2
							0	0	P-20	
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
18	STOP	RUN	び DW7	REV び	Fire M	ode		Analog I	nput Al1	1

#### 7.4. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

P-15 DI1 DI2 DI3 / AI2 DI4 / AI1 D 0 1 0 1 0 1  0 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ - DEC SPD ↓ FWD Ů REV Ů  1 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ - DEC SPD ↓ KPD REF  2 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ - DEC SPD ↓ KPD REF  - NOS START	8 8
O         STOP         ENABLE         -         INC SPD ↑         -         DEC SPD ↓         FWD Ů         REV Ů           1         STOP         ENABLE         PI Speed Reference           2         STOP         ENABLE         -         INC SPD ↑         -         DEC SPD ↓         KPD REF         P-20 REF           ^	8
1         STOP         ENABLE         PI Speed Reference           2         STOP         ENABLE         -         INC SPD ↑         -         DEC SPD ↓         KPD REF         P-20 REF           ^	8
1         STOP         ENABLE         PI Speed Reference           2         STOP         ENABLE         -         INC SPD ↑         -         DEC SPD ↓         KPD REF         P-20 REF           ^	
2 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ - DEC SPD ↓ KPD REF P-20 REF	
^	
	9
3 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ E-TRIP OK - DEC SPD	9
	_
^START^	
4 STOP ENABLE - INC SPD ↑ KPD REF AI1 REF AI1	10
5 STOP ENABLE FWD O REV O KPD REF AI1 REF AI1	1
6 STOP ENABLE FWD ひ REV び E-TRIP OK KPD REF P-20 REF	11
7 STOP RUN FWD STOP RUN REV ひ E-TRIP OK KPD REF P-20 REF	11
^	
8 STOP RUN FWD O STOP RUN REV O KPD REF AI1 REF AI1	
14 STOP RUN E-TRIP OK	
STOP RUN PR REF KPD REF Fire Mode P-23 P-21	2
16 STOP RUN P-23 REF KPD REF Fire Mode FWD C REV C	2
17 STOP RUN KPD REF P-23 REF Fire Mode FWD C REV C	2
18 STOP RUN All REF KPD REF Fire Mode All	1
9,10,11,12, 13 = 0	

#### 7.5. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

P-15		DI1	DI2		DI3 /	•	DI4	/ Al1	Diagram				
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1					
0	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF (Field)	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master-Slave defined by P-12)									
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed Referen	ice			15				
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3				
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog I	nput Al1	1				
		^STAR	(P-12 = 3 or 4 Only)	^									
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	AI1 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3				
		^STAR	(P-12 = 3 or 4 Only)	^									
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3				
		^STAR	(P-12 = 3 or 4 Only)	^									
14	STOP	ENABLE	=	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	16				
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire M	ode	P-23	P-21	2				
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire M	ode	Analog I	nput Al1	1				
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	FB REF P-23 REF Fire Mode Analog Input Al1									
18	STOP	ENABLE	AI1 REF	FB REF	Fire M	ode	Analog I	nput Al1	1				
				2,4,8,9,10,1	11,12,13 = 0								

## 7.6. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

					<b>J J</b> . <b>J</b>			
P-15		DI1	DI2		DI3 /	AI2	DI4 / AI1	Diagram
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0 1	
0	STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	P-20 REF	All	2	AI1	4
1	STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	AI1 REF	AI2 (P	I FB)	Al1	4
3, 7	STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (PI FB)	3
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	AI2 (P	I FB)	AI1	12
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF P-20 REF		AI1 (PI FB)	5
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (PI FB)	
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	AI2 (P	I FB)	AI1	4
14	STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	AI1 (PI FB)	16
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire M	1ode	AI1 (PI FB)	1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire M	1ode	AI1 (PI FB)	1
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		AI1 (PI FB)	1
18	STOP	RUN	AI1 REF	PI REF	Fire M	1ode	AI1 (PI FB)	1
		•		2,9,10,11	,12,13 = 0			

#### 7.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3. This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

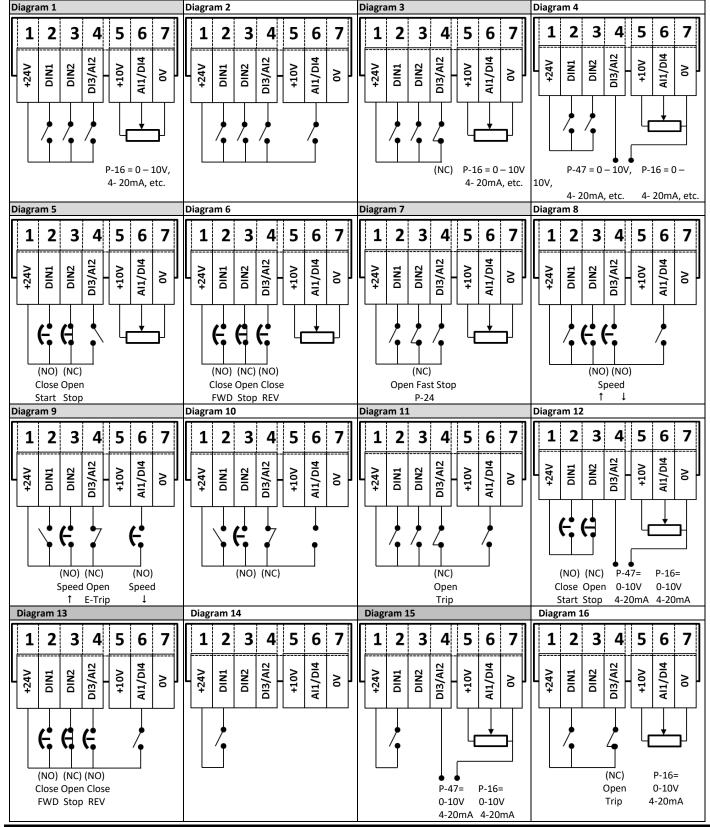
The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:-

O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F(4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip) The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:-

O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip)





#### 8. Modbus RTU Communications

#### 8.1. Introduction

The TECDrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

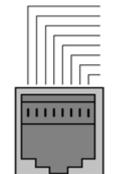
#### 8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity.
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers
	06 Write Single Holding Register
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

#### 8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website www.invertekdrives.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.5



1 CAN 2 CAN +
3 0 Volts
4 -RS485 (PC)
5 +RS485 (PC)
6 +24 Volt
7 -RS485 (Modbus RTU)

#### Warning:

+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

#### 8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register	Par.		Su	pport unctio		F	unction		
Number		Туре		Codes	;			Range	Explanation
			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte		
1	-	R/W	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Drive Control Co	rive Control Command		16 Bit Word. Bit 0 : Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1 : Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2 : Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3 : Low - No Function, High = Coast Stop
									Request
2	-	R/W	✓	✓	✓	Modbus Speed r	eference setpoint	05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
4	-	R/W	✓	✓	<b>\</b>	Acceleration and	d Deceleration Time	060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds
6	-	R	<b>✓</b>			Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1 High Byte = Drive Status as follows :- 0 : Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped
7		R	✓			Output Motor Fi	requency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
8		R	✓			Output Motor C	urrent	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps
11	-	R	<b>√</b>			Digital input stat	igital input status		Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1
20	P00-01	R	✓			Analog Input 1 v	alue	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
21	P00-02	R	✓			Analog Input 2 v	Analog Input 2 value		Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
22	P00-03	R	✓			Speed Reference	e Value	01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
23	P00-08	R	✓			DC bus voltage		01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	P00-09	R	✓			Drive temperatu	ire	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in <sup>o</sup> C

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

#### 9. Technical Data

Storage ambient temperature range

#### 9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range Open Drives : -10 ... 50°C (frost and condensation free) Enclosed Drives : -10 ... 40°C (frost and condensation free)

: -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude : 2000m. Derate above 1000m : 1% / 100m

Maximum humidity : 95%, non-condensing

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

#### 9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current			Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance						
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	Α	Ω				
110 - 11	110 - 115 (+ / - 10%) V 1 Phase Input, 230V 3 Phase Output (Voltage Doubler)												
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-				
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-				
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100				
200 - 24	0 (+ / -	10%	) V 1 Phas	e Input, 3	Phase Output								
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-				
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-				
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-				
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100				
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50				
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25				
200 - 24	200 - 240 (+ / - 10%) V 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output												
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-				
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-				
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-				
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100				
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50				
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25				
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20				
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15				
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10				
380 - 48	0 (+ / -	10%	)V 3 Phas	e Input, 3	<b>Phase Output</b>								
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-				
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-				
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250				
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200				
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120				
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100				
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80				
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50				
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30				
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22				
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22				

Note Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation

#### 9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes TEC-3-xxxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

#### 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

TECDrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333 In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply	Requirements							
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum							
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Vo	lt rated units, + / - 10 <sup>o</sup>	% variation allowed, Maxi	mum 500 Volts RMS				
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage vari	ation between phase -	– phase voltages allowed					
		•	- ·	ce of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. The Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia				
	Pacific including China) Inv	ertek Drives recommo	ends the installation of in	out line reactors.				
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variatio	n						
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current				
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	100kA rms (AC)				
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	100kA rms (AC)				
	400 / 460V	0.75 (1)	22 (30)	100kA rms (AC)				
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than							
	specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by Class J fuses.							
Andrewing United States								

#### **Mechanical Installation Requirements**

All TECDrive E3 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment

For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible

Frame size 4 drives must be mounted in an enclosure in a manner that ensures the drive is protected from 12.7mm (1/2 inch) of deformation of the enclosure if the enclosure impacted.

#### **Electrical Installation Requirements**

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2 and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C Copper must be used

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3 and 3.5

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections

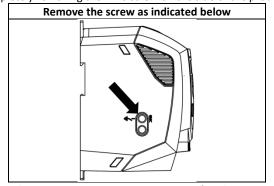
#### **General Requirements**

TECDrive E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.9.2

#### 9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.



The TECDrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw. After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.

### 10. Trouble Shooting

#### 10.1. Fault Code Messages

10.1. I	auit	Code Messages	
Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLŁ	00	No Fault	Not required
DI - 6	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor
D-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.  Note: Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
I_E-ErP	04	Motor Thermal Overload (I2t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
PS-t-P	05	Power stage trip	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
O-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification.  Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.  Increase the panel ventilation if required. Ensure sufficient cooling air can enter the drive, and that the bottom entry and top exit vents are not blocked or obstructed.
U-F	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-tr P	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
SC-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced
P-L055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable  Note: Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault. (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault. (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan
0-hERL	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided
OUL-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
ALF-01	40	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct.
AFE-05	41		Check the motor cable and connections for continuity
ALF-03	42		Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced
ALF-04	43		
ALF-05	44		
5C-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3
5C-F02	51	CANopen comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3



82-E3MAN-IN V1.20