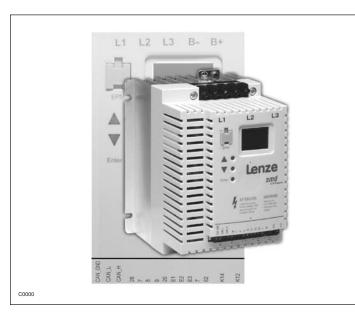
Lenze

EN Operating Instructions



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All information given in this documentation has been carefully selected and tested for compliance with the hardware and software described. Nevertheless, discrepancies cannot be ruled out. We do not accept any responsibility nor liability for damages that may occur. Any necessary corrections will be implemented in subsequent editions.

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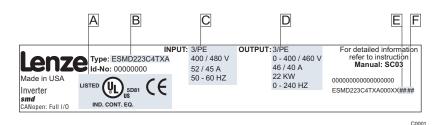


About these instructions

This documentation applies to the smd frequency inverter, and contains important technical data and describes installation, operation, and commissioning.

These instructions are only valid for smd frequency inverters with software rev 20 (see drive nameplate).

Please read the instructions before commissioning.



A Certifications	C Input Ratings	E Hardware Version
В Туре	D Output Ratings	F Software Version

Scope of delivery	Important
1 smd inverter (ESMD) with EPM installed (see Section 4.2)	After receipt of the delivery, check immediately whether the items delivered match the accompanying papers. Lenze does not accept any liability for deficiencies claimed subsequently.
1 Operating Instructions	Claim
	visible transport damage immediately to the forwarder.
	visible deficiencies/incompleteness immediately to your Lenze representative.

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Safety information



1 Safety information

General

Some parts of Lenze controllers (frequency inverters, servo inverters, DC controllers) can be live, moving and rotating. Some surfaces can be hot.

Non-authorized removal of the required cover, inappropriate use, and incorrect installation or operation creates the risk of severe injury to personnel or damage to equipment.

All operations concerning transport, installation, and commissioning as well as maintenance must be carried out by qualified, skilled personnel (IEC 364 and CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100 and IEC report 664 or DIN VDE0110 and national regulations for the prevention of accidents must be observed).

According to this basic safety information, qualified skilled personnel are persons who are familiar with the installation, assembly, commissioning, and operation of the product and who have the qualifications necessary for their occupation.

Application as directed

Drive controllers are components which are designed for installation in electrical systems or machinery. They are not to be used as appliances. They are intended exclusively for professional and commercial purposes according to EN 61000-3-2. The documentation includes information on compliance with the EN 61000-3-2.

When installing the drive controllers in machines, commissioning (i.e. the starting of operation as directed) is prohibited until it is proven that the machine complies with the regulations of the EC Directive 98/37/EC (Machinery Directive); EN 60204 must be observed.

Commissioning (i.e. starting of operation as directed) is only allowed when there is compliance with the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC).

The drive controllers meet the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC. The harmonised standards of the series EN 50178/DIN VDE 0160 apply to the controllers.

Note: The availability of controllers is restricted according to EN 61800-3. These products can cause radio interference in residential areas. In this case, special measures can be necessary.

Installation

Ensure proper handling and avoid excessive mechanical stress. Do not bend any components and do not change any insulation distances during transport or handling. Do not touch any electronic components and contacts.

Controllers contain electrostatically sensitive components, which can easily be damaged by inappropriate handling. Do not damage or destroy any electrical components since this might endanger your health!

Electrical connection

When working on live drive controllers, applicable national regulations for the prevention of accidents (e.g. VBG 4) must be observed.

The electrical installation must be carried out according to the appropriate regulations (e.g. cable cross-sections, fuses, PE connection). Additional information can be obtained from the documentation.

The documentation contains information about installation in compliance with EMC (shielding, grounding, filters and cables). These notes must also be observed for CE-marked controllers.

The manufacturer of the system or machine is responsible for compliance with the required limit values demanded by EMC legislation.





Safety information

Operation

Systems including controllers must be equipped with additional monitoring and protection devices according to the corresponding standards (e.g. technical equipment, regulations for prevention of accidents, etc.). You are allowed to adapt the controller to your application as described in the documentation.



DANGER!

- After the controller has been disconnected from the supply voltage, live components and power connection must not be touched immediately, since capacitors could be charged. Please observe the corresponding notes on the controller.
- Do not continuously cycle input power to the controller more than once every three minutes.
- Please close all protective covers and doors during operation.

Note for UL approved system with integrated controllers

UL warnings are notes which apply to UL systems. The documentation contains special information about UL.



- Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical amperes, 240 V maximum (240 V devices) or 500 V maximum (400/500 V devices) respectively
- Use minimum 75 °C copper wire only.
- Shall be installed in a pollution degree 2 macro-environment.

1.1 Pictographs used in these instructions

Pictograph	Signal word	Meaning	Consequences if ignored
DANGER!		Warning of Hazardous Electrical Voltage.	Reference to an imminent danger that may result in death or serious personal injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.
<u> </u>	WARNING!	Impending or possible danger for persons	Death or injury
STOP! STOP!		Possible damage to equipment	Damage to drive system or its surroundings
i	Note	Useful tip: If observed, it will make using the drive easier	

Technical data



2 Technical data

2.1 Standards and application conditions

Conformity	CE	Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC)				
Approvals	UL 508C	Underwriters Laboratories - Power Conversion Equipment				
Max. permissible motor cable	shielded:	50 m (low-capacitance)				
length (1)	unshielded:	100 m				
Input voltage phase imbalance	≤ 2%					
Humidity	≤ 95% non-con	densing				
Output frequency	0240 Hz					
Environmental conditions	Class 3K3 to El	N 50178				
	Transport	-25 +70 °C				
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C				
	Operation	0 +55 °C (with 2.5 %/°C current derating above +40 °C)				
Installation height	0 4000 m a.n	n.s.l. (with 5 %/1000 m current derating above 1000 m a.m.s.l.)				
Vibration resistance	acceleration res	sistant up to 0.7 g				
<u> </u>	> 3.5 mA to PE					
Enclosure (EN 60529)	IP 20					
Protection measures against	short circuit, ea	rth fault, overvoltage, motor stalling, motor overload				
Operation in public supply networks	Total power connected to the mains	Compliance with the requirements (2)				
(Limitation of harmonic currents according to EN 61000-3-2)	< 0.5 kW	With mains choke				
according to EN 61000-3-2)	0.5 1 kW	With active filter (in preparation)				
	> 1 kW	Without additional measures				

⁽¹⁾ For compliance with EMC regulations, the permissible cable lengths may change.



⁽²⁾ The additional measures described only ensure that the controllers meet the requirements of the EN 61000-3-2. The machine/system manufacturer is responsible for the compliance with the regulations of the machine!



Technical data

Ratings

		Mains				Output Current (3)						
Туре	Power [kW]	Voltage, frequency		rent	[A	I ₁	N [A] (2)	_	I _{max} fo	or 60 s] (2)
			1~	3~	3		3	~	3	~	3~	
ESMD371C2YXA	0.37	1/N/PE 230 V OR	4.7	2.7	2	.2	2	.0	3	.3	3	.0
ESMD751C2YXA	0.75	3/PE 230 V	8.4	4.8	4	.0	3	.7	6	.0	5	.6
ESMD112C2YXA	1.1	(180 V -0%264 V +0%)	12.0	6.9	6	.0	5	.5	9	.0	8	.3
ESMD152C2YXA	1.5	50/60 Hz	12.9	7.9	6	.8	6	.3	10).2	9	.5
ESMD222C2YXA	2.2	(48 Hz -0%62 Hz +0%)	17.1	10.8	9	.6	8	.8	14	1.4	13	3.2
ESMD302C2TXA	3.0			13.5	12	2.0	11	.0	18	3.0	16	6.5
ESMD402C2TXA	4.0	3/PE 230 V		17.1	15	5.2	14	1.0	2	3	2	1
ESMD552C2TXA	5.5	(180 V -0%264 V +0%)		25	2	2	20		3	3	30	
ESMD752C2TXA	7.5	50/60 Hz		32	2	.8	26		42		39	
ESMD113C2TXA	11	(48 Hz -0%62 Hz +0%)		48	4	2	39		63		58	
ESMD153C2TXA	15			59	5	4	50		81		75	
			400V	480V	400V	480V	400V	480V	400V	480V	400V	480V
ESMD371C4TXA	0.37		1.6	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.5
ESMD751C4TXA	0.75		3.0	2.5	2.5	2.1	2.3	1.9	3.8	3.2	3.5	2.9
ESMD112C4TXA	1.1		4.3	3.6	3.6	3.0	3.3	2.8	5.4	4.5	5.0	4.2
ESMD152C4TXA	1.5		4.8	4.0	4.1	3.4	3.8	3.1	6.2	5.1	5.7	4.7
ESMD222C4TXA	2.2		6.4	5.4	5.8	4.8	5.3	4.4	8.7	7.2	8.0	6.6
ESMD302C4TXA	3.0	3/PE 400/480 V	8.3	7.0	7.6	6.3	7.0	5.8	11.4	9.5	10.5	8.7
ESMD402C4TXA	4.0	(320 V -0%528 V +0%) 50/60 Hz	10.6	8.8	9.4	7.8	8.6	7.2	14.1	11.7	12.9	10.8
ESMD552C4TXA	5.5	50/60 Hz (48 Hz -0%62 Hz +0%)	14.2	12.4	12.6	11.0	11.6	10.1	18.9	16.5	17.4	15.2
ESMD752C4TXA	7.5	(.52 0/002112+0/0)	18.1	15.8	16.1	14.0	14.8	12.9	24	21	22	19.4
ESMD113C4TXA	11		27	24	24	21	22	19.3	36	32	34	29
ESMD153C4TXA	15		35	31	31	27	29	25	47	41	43	37
ESMD183C4TXA	18.5		44	38	39	34	36	31	59	51	54	47
ESMD223C4TXA	22		52	45	46	40	42	37	69	60	64	55

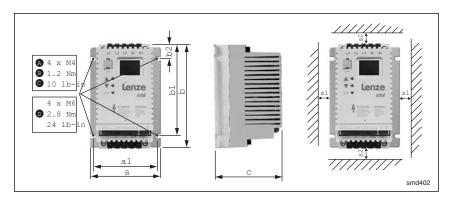
For rated mains voltage and carrier frequencies 4, 6, and 8 kHz
 For rated mains voltage and carrier frequency 10 kHz
 Maximum current is a function of setting C90 (input voltage selection)



3 Installation

3.1 Mechanical installation

3.1.1 Dimensions and mounting



	Туре	a [mm]	a1 [mm]	b [mm]	b1 [mm]	b2 [mm]	c [mm]	s1 [mm]	s2 [mm]	m [kg]
	ESMD371C2YXA ESMD371C4TXA	93	84	146	128	17	100	15	50	0.6
A	ESMD751C2YXA ESMD751C4TXA	93	84	146	128	17	120	15	50	0.9
	ESMD112C4TXA	93	84	146	128	17	146	15	50	1.0
	ESMD112C2YXA ESMD152C4TXA, ESMD222C4TXA	114	105	146	128	17	133	15	50	1.4
₿	ESMD152C2YXA, ESMD222C2YXA ESMD302C2TXA ESMD302C4TXA	114	105	146	128	17	171	15	50	2.0
	ESMD402C2TXA ESMD402C4TXA, ESMD552C4TXA	114	105	146	100	17	171	15	50	2.0
0	ESMD552C2TXA, ESMD752C2TXA ESMD752C4TXA, ESMD113C4TXA	146	137	197	140	17	182	30	100	3.2
0	ESMD113C2TXA, ESMD153C2TXA ESMD153C4TXA ESMD223C4TXA	195	183	248	183	23	203	30	100	6.4



WARNING!

Drives must not be installed where subjected to adverse environmental conditions such as: combustible, oily, or hazardous vapors or dust; excessive moisture; excessive vibration or excessive temperatures. Contact Lenze for more information.



3.2 Electrical installation

3.2.1 Installation according to EMC requirements

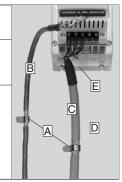
EMC

Compliance with EN 61800-3/A11

Noise emission

Compliance with limit value class A according to EN 55011 if installed in a control cabinet with the appropriate footprint filter and the motor cable length does not exceed 10m

- A Screen clamps
- B Control cable
- C Low-capacitance motor cable (core/core ≤ 75 pF/m, core/screen ≤ 150 pF/m)
- D Electrically conductive mounting plate
- E Filter



Tmd005

3.2.2 Fuses/cable cross-sections

Type		Recommendations ⁽¹⁾						
		Fuse	Miniature circuit	Fuse (3) or Breaker(6)		ver Wiring I, L3, PE)		
			breaker ⁽⁵⁾	(N. America)	[mm ²]	[AWG]		
	ESMD371C2YXA	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14		
	ESMD751C2YXA	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14		
1/N/PE	ESMD112C2YXA	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	12		
[ESMD152C2YXA	M25 A	C25 A	25 A	2.5	12		
	ESMD222C2YXA	M30 A	C30A	30 A	4	10		
	ESMD371C2YXA ESMD751C2YXA ESMD371C4TXA ESMD222C4TXA	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14		
	ESMD112C2YXA, ESMD152C2YXA ESMD302C4TXA	M12 A	C12 A	12 A	1.5	14		
	ESMD222C2YXA	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	12		
[ESMD402C4TXA	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14		
	ESMD302C2TXA ESMD552C4TXA	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	12	≥ 30 mA	
3/PE	ESMD402C2TXA ESMD752C4TXA	M25 A	C25 A	25 A	4	10		
	ESMD552C2TXA ESMD113C4TXA	M35 A	C35 A	35 A	6	8		
	ESMD752C2TXA ESMD153C4TXA	M45 A	C45 A	45 A	10	8		
ĺ	ESMD183C4TXA	M60 A	C60 A	60 A	16	6		
	ESMD113C2TXA ESMD223C4TXA	M70 A	C70 A	70 A	16	6		
ĺ	ESMD153C2TXA	M90 A	C90 A	90 A	16	4		

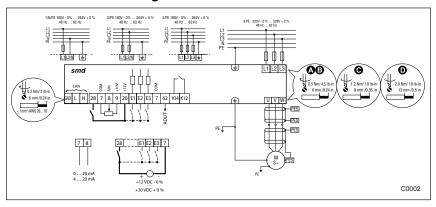
- (1) Observe the applicable local regulations.
- (2) Pulse-current or universal-current sensitive earth leakage circuit breaker.
- (3) UL Class CC or T fast-acting current-limiting type fuses, 200,000 AIC, required. Bussman KTK-R, JJN, JJS or equivalent.
- (4) Connection without end ferrules or with attached pin end connectors.
- (5) Installations with high fault current due to large supply mains may require a type D circuit breaker.
 (6) Thermomagnetic type breakers preferred.



Observe the following when using E.l.c.b:

- Installation of E.l.c.b only between supplying mains and controller.
- The E.l.c.b can be activated by:
 - capacitive leakage currents between the cable screens during operation (especially with long, screened motor cables)
 - connecting several controllers to the mains at the same time
 - RFI filters

3.2.3 Connection diagram





Danger!

- Hazard of electrical shock! Circuit potentials are up to 240 VAC above earth ground.
 Capacitors retain charge after power is removed. Disconnect power and wait until the voltage between B+ and B- is 0 VDC before servicing the drive.
- Do not connect mains power to the output terminals (U,V,W)! Severe damage to the drive will result.
- Do not cycle mains power more than once every three minutes. Damage to the drive will result.



3.2.4 Control terminals

Terminal	Data for control connections (printed in bold =	Lenze setting)				
CAN_GND	CAN earth ground	For reliable communication make sure terminal CAN_GND is connected to CAN network GND/common. If only two wires are used (CAN_H and CAN_L) in the network, connect CAN_GND to chassis/earth ground.				
CAN_L	CAN low	If controller is located at either end of				
CAN_H	CAN high	a terminating resistor (120Ω typical) s connected across CAN_L and CAN_I				
28	Digital input Start/Stop	LOW = Stop (DFF) HIGH = Run Enable				
7	Reference potential					
8	Analog input 0 10 V (changeable under C34)	input resistance: >50 k Ω (with current signal: 250 Ω)				
9	Internal DC supply for setpoint potentiometer	+10 V, max. 10 mA				
20	Internal DC supply for digital inputs	+12 V, max. 20 mA				
E1	Digital input configurable with CE1 Activate fixed setpoint 1 (JOG1)	HIGH = JOG1 active				
E2	Digital input configurable with CE2 Direction of rotation	LOW = CW rotation HIGH = CCW rotation	$R_i = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$			
E3	Digital input/output configurable with CE3 Activate DC injection brake (DCB) HIGH = DCB active					
7	Reference potential					
62	Analog output configurable with c08 & c11					
K14	Relay output (normally-open contact)	AC 250 V / 3 A				
K12	Configurable with C08 Fault (TRIP)	DC 24 V / 2 A 240 V / 0.22 A				

LOW = 0 ... +3 V, HIGH = +12 ... +30 V

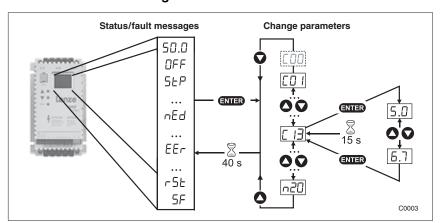
Protection against contact

- All terminals have basic isolation (single insulating distance)
- Protection against contact can only be ensured by additional measures (i.e. double insulation)



4 Commissioning

4.1 Parameter setting





NOTE

If the password function is enabled, the password must be entered into C00 to access the parameters. C00 will not appear unless the password function is enabled. See C94.

4.2 Electronic programming module (EPM)



The EPM contains the controller's memory. Whenever parameter settings are changed, the values are stored in the EPM. It can be removed, but must be installed for the controller to operate (a missing EPM will trigger an F I fault). The controller ships with protective tape over the EPM that can be removed after installation.

An optional EPM Programmer (model EEPM1RA) is available that allows: the controller to be programmed without power; OEM settings to be default settings; fast copying of EPMs when multiple controllers require identical settings. It can also store up to 60 custom parameter files for even faster controller programming.

Lenze



4.3 Parameter menu

Code	Code		ble Settings	IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	IMPORTANT
C00	Password entry	0	0 999	Visible only when password is active (see C94)
COI	Setpoint and control	0	Setpoint source:	Control configuration:
	source		0 Analog input (terminal 8; see C34)	Control = terminals
			1 Code c40	Programming = keypad/limited CANopen Monitoring = CANopen Note: RPDOs not processed in these modes
			2 CANopen	Control = terminals Programming = CANopen/keypad Monitoring = CANopen Note: Only frequency setpoint part of RPDOs are processed in this mode
			3 CANopen	Control = CANopen Programming = CANopen/keypad Monitoring = CANopen
C05	Load Lenze setting		No action/loading complete	• C02 = 14 only possible with
			1 Load 50 Hz Lenze settings	• C02 = 2 : C11, C15 = 60 Hz
			2 Load 60 Hz Lenze settings	
			3 Load OEM settings (if present)	
			4 Translate	
		<u> </u>	WARNING! C02 = 13 overwrites all settings! TRIF CE1CE3.	circuitry may be disabled! Check codes
	from a previous software version is e current version.			



Code		Bees!	blo Cattingo	
No.	Name		ble Settings Selection	IMPORTANT
CE I	Configuration - Digital input E1	1	Activate fixed setpoint 1 (JOG1) Activate fixed setpoint 2 (JOG2)	Use C37C39 to adjust fixed setpoints Activate JOG3: Both terminals = HIGH
			3 DC braking (DCB)	See also C36
			4 Direction of rotation	LOW = CW rotation HIGH = CCW rotation
			5 Quick stop	Controlled deceleration to standstill, active LOW; Set decel rate in C13
			6 CW rotation	CW rotation = LOW and CCW rotation =
CE2	Configuration -	4	7 CCW rotation	LOW: Quick stop; Open-circuit protected
	Digital input E2		8 UP (setpoint ramp-up)9 DOWN (setpoint ramp-down)	UP = LOW and DOWN = LOW: Quick stop; Use momentary NC contacts
			10 TRIP set	Active LOW, triggers EEr (motor coasts to standstill) NOTE: NC thermal contact from the motor can be used to trigger this input
			11 TRIP reset	See also c70
			12 No action	can be used if Ex inputs are used only as CANopen digital inputs
Cenfiguration - Digital input/output E3		3	112 (same as above) 1319 (reserved) 20 Ready 21 Fault 22 Motor is running 23 Motor is running - CW rotation 24 Motor is running - CCW rotation 25 Output frequency = 0 Hz 26 Frequency setpoint reached 27 Threshold (C17) exceeded	111 configures terminal E3 as an input 2030 configures terminal E3 as a current-sourcing (PNP) output rated 12 VDC / 50 mA
			28 Current limit reached	in either motor or generator mode
			29 Dynamic Braking	•
			30 CANopen Control	• output controlled by RPDO (h66,h76 = 4)
		i	Note A CFC fault will occur under the following E1E3 settings are duplicated (each s One input is set to UP and another is a	setting can only be used once)
C08	Configuration - Relay output (terminals K14 and K12)	1	Relay is energized if O Ready 1 Fault 2 Motor is running 3 Motor is running - CW rotation 4 Motor is running - CW rotation 5 Output frequency = 0 Hz 6 Frequency setpoint reached 7 Threshold (C17) exceeded 8 Current limit reached	in either motor or generator mode
			9 CANopen Control	Output controlled by RPDO (h66,h76 = 4)



Code	de Possible Settings			IMPORTANT			
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	1		IMPORTANT	
C 10	Minimum output frequency	0.0	0.0	{Hz}	240	Output frequency at 0% analog setpoint C10 not active for fixed setpoints or setpoint selection via c40	
	Maximum output frequency	50.0	7.5	{Hz}	240	Output frequency at 100% analog setpoint C11 is never exceeded	
		<u> </u>		notor/machine manu ding the motor/mac		fore operating above rated frequency. ause damage to equipment and injury to	
C 12	Acceleration time	5.0	0.0	{s}	999	C12 = frequency change 0 HzC11 C13 = frequency change C110 Hz	
E 13	Deceleration time	5.0	0.0	{s}	999	For S-ramp accel/decel, adjust c82	
ΕН	Operating Mode	2		r characteristic with Boost	1	Linear characteristic: for standard applications Square-law characteristic: for fans	
				re-law characteristi Boost	c with	and pumps with square-law load characteristic	
			2 Linea V _{min} t	r characteristic with poost	constant	Auto boost: load-dependent output voltage for low-loss operation	
				re-law characteristi ant V _{min} boost	c with		
C 15	V/f reference point	50.0		{Hz} ted motor frequence te) for standard app		100%	
C 16	V _{min} boost (optimization of torque behavior)	4.0	motor sho (approx. 5	{%} commissioning: The puld run at slip freques Hz), increase C16 rent (C54) = 0.8 x r	iency until	C16 C15 f	
נח	Frequency threshold (Q _{min})	0.0	0.0	{Hz}	240	See C08, selection 7 Reference: setpoint	
C 18	Chopper frequency	2	0 4 kHz	!		As chopper frequency is increased, motor noise is decreased	
			1 6 kHz			Observe derating in Section 2.2	
			2 8 kHz			Automatic derating to 4 kHz at 1.2 xI _r	
C2 I	Slip compensation	0.0	0.0	{%}	40.0	Change C21 until the motor speed no longer changes between no load and maximum load	
C22	Current limit	150	30 Reference	{%} e: smd rated output	150 t current	When the limit value is reached, either the acceleration time increases or the output frequency decreases When C90 = 2, max setting is 180%	
C24	Accel boost	0.0	0.0	{%}	20.0	Accel boost is only active during acceleration	





Code		Possil	ble Setting	as		
No.	Name	1	Selection			IMPORTANT
C34	Configuration - analog input	0	0 010 1 05 2 020 3 420	V V D mA		
C36	Voltage - DC injection brake (DCB)	4.0	0.0	{%}	50.0	See CE1CE3 and c06 Confirm motor suitability for use with DC braking
C37	Fixed setpoint 1 (JOG 1)	20.0	0.0	{Hz}	240	
C38	Fixed setpoint 2 (JOG 2)	30.0	0.0	{Hz}	240	
C39	Fixed setpoint 3 (JOG 3)	40.0	0.0	{Hz}	240	
C46	Frequency setpoint		0.0	{Hz}	240	Display: Setpoint via CANopen, analog input, or function UP/DOWN
C50	Output frequency		0.0	{Hz}	240	Display
C53	DC bus voltage		0.0	{%}	255	Display
C54	Motor current		0.0	{%}	255	Display
רפו	Motor rated speed	1390	300	{RPM}	65000	Set to motor nameplate speed
C89	Motor rated frequency	50	10	{Hz}	1000	Set to motor nameplate frequency
C90	Input voltage selection		0 Auto			Automatically sets to Low (1) or High (2) upon next power-up, depending on input voltage
			1 Low			For 200 V or 400 V input
			2 High			For 240 V or 480 V input
		i	on mod C90 = 1 C90 = 2	del: 1 for 400/480 V mo 2 for 230/240 V mo	odels odels	setting is preset at the factory, depending after next power-up.
C94	User password	0	0 Changing will start a	g from "0" (no pass at 763	999 word), value	When set to a value other than 0, must enter password at C00 to access parameters
C99	Software version					Display, format: x.yz
c06	Holding time - automatic DC injection brake (Auto-DCB)	0.0	0.0 0.0 = not 999 = cor	{s} active ntinuous brake	999	Automatic motor braking below 0.1 Hz by means of motor DC current for the entire holding time (afterwards: U, V, W inhibited) Confirm motor suitability for use with DC braking
c08	Analog output scaling	100	1.0		999	When 10 VDC is output at terminal 62, it will equal this value (see c11)

Lenze



Code	Code		ole Settings	IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	IMPORTANT
c 11	Configuration - Analog output (62)	0	0 None	
	Analog output (02)		1 Output frequency 0-10 VDC 2 Output frequency 2-10 VDC 3 Load 0-10 VDC 4 Load 2-10 VDC	Use c08 to scale signal Example: c11 = 1 and c08 = 100: At 50 Hz, terminal 62 = 5 VDC At 100 Hz, terminal 62 = 10 VDC
			5 CANopen Control	Value set by RPDO (h66,h76 = 4) (c08 not used for scaling)
c20	I ² t switch-off (thermal motor monitoring)	100	30 {%} 100 100% = <i>smd</i> rated output current WARNING!	Triggers ICE fault when motor current exceeds c20 for too long Correct setting = (motor nameplate current) / (smd output current rating) X 100% Example: motor = 6.4 amps and smd = 7.0 amps; correct setting = 91% (6.4 / 7.0 = 0.91 x 100% = 91%)
		<u> </u>	Maximum setting is rated motor current motor protection!	, , ,
c40	Frequency setpoint via keys	0.0	0.0 {Hz} 240	Only active if C01 = 1
c42	Start condition (with mains on)	1	 Start after LOW-HIGH change at terminal 28 Auto start if terminal 28 = HIGH 	See also c70
		<u> </u>	WARNING! Automatic starting/restarting may cause personnel! Automatic starting/restarting inaccessible to personnel.	damage to equipment and/or injury to should only be used on equipment that is
c60	Mode selection for c61	0	0 Monitoring only	c60 = 1 allows the keys to adjust speed setpoint (c40) while monitoring
			Monitoring and editing	c61
c6 I	Present status/error		status/error message	Display Refer to Section 5 for explanation of
c62	Last error		error message	status and error messages
c63	Last error but one			
פרם	Configuration TRIP reset (error reset)	0	TRIP reset after LOW-HIGH change at terminal 28, mains switching, or after LOW-HIGH change at digital input "TRIP reset"	
			1 Auto-TRIP reset	Auto-TRIP reset after the time set in c71 More than 8 errors in 10 minutes will trigger r5t fault
		<u> </u>	WARNING! Automatic starting/restarting may cause personnel! Automatic starting/restarting inaccessible to personnel.	damage to equipment and/or injury to should only be used on equipment that is
۱٦ء	Auto-TRIP reset delay	0.0	0.0 {s} 60.0	See c70





Code		Possil	ole Settings		
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	IMPORTANT	
c78	Operating time counter		Display Total time in status "Start"	0999 h: format xxx 10009999 h: format x.xx (x1000)	
و73	Mains connection time counter		Display Total time of mains = on	1000099999 h: format xx.x (x1000)	
			CANopen / System bus parame	eters	
H42	Guard time	0	0 {ms} 65535		
H43	Life time factor	0	0 255	If RTR frame with ID = 0x700 + Node ID (h50) is not received during the	
h44	Guard time event	0	0 Not active	node life time, the controller will react	
	reaction		1 Inhibit	according to h44 • If heart beat message is enabled, the	
			2 Quick stop	guard function is disabled	
			3 Trip fault FE3	 h44 is only active when C01 = 3 and h42 x h43 > 0 	
h45	45 Error behavior	Error behavior 1	1	0 transition to pre-operational (only if current state is operational)	Specifies action taken by the drive when it encounters a communication error
			1 No state change	(ex. Node guarding event or Bus Off)	
			2 transition to stopped		
H46	Message monitoring time	0	0 {ms} 65535	all valid messages (e.g. SDO, SYNC,	
h47	Message monitoring	0	0 Not active	PDO) • h46 = 0 or h47 = 0 disables message	
	time out reaction		1 Inhibit	monitoring function	
			2 Quick stop	h47 is only active when C01 = 3	
			3 Trip fault FE3		
h48	Monitoring timeout		Bits:	Read-only	
	status		0 Guard time timeout	Indicates cause of FE∃ fault, inhibit, or	
			1 No valid message received	quick stop (depending on the settings of h44, h47, h65, h75)	
			2 RPD01 timeout		
			3 RPD02 timeout		
			4 CAN initialization fault		
			5 reserved	Bits 57 create a binary number from 0	
			6 reserved	to 7 indicating the number of overflows in the receive buffers (h49 bits 6 and 7)	
			7 reserved	the receive bullets (1140 bits 6 and 7)	





Code		Possi	ole Settings	
No.	Name		Selection	IMPORTANT
h49	CAN controller status value (8-bit		Receive/transmit error warning flag (96 or more errors)	Read-only CAN warnings and errors
	value)		Receive error warning flag (96 or more receive errors)	
			Transmit error warning flag (96 or more transmit errors)	
			3 Receive error passive flag (128 or more receive errors)	
			4 Transmit error passive flag (128 or more transmit errors)	
			5 Bus-off error flag	
			6 Receive buffer 0 overflow flag	
			7 Receive buffer 1 overflow flag	
h50 ⁽¹⁾	CAN address (Node ID)	1	1 127	If h53 = 0, 1: maximum setting = 63
h5 I ⁽¹⁾	CAN baud rate	5	0 10 kbps (max distance = 5000m)	
			1 20 kbps (max distance = 2500m)	
			2 50 kbps (max distance = 1000m)	
			3 125 kbps (max distance = 500m)	
			4 250 kbps (max distance = 250m)	
			5 500 kbps (max distance = 100m)	
h52 ⁽¹⁾	System bus	0	0 Slave	h52 = 1: Controller enters operational
	participant		1 Slave with autostart enabled 0x1F80 NMT bootup - bit 2	 state automatically h52 = 2: Controller sends "NMT start all nodes" after boot-up time (h55) and
			System bus master (not NMT master)	enters operational state
h53 ⁽¹⁾	Parameter channel 2 (SDO#2)	0	Enable: Node ID range (163) with default COB ID for SYNC, RPDO, and TPDO	 h53 = 0, 1: CAN address 163; 64127 used for SDO2 SDO#1 COB ID = 1536 + Node ID
			1 Enable: Node ID range (163) with programmable COB ID using h54, h60, h70, h80, h90	SDO#2 COB ID = 1600 + Node ID (if enabled)
			Disable: Node ID range (1127) with default COB ID for SYNC, RPDO, and TPDO	
			3 Disable: Node ID range (1127) with programmable COB ID using h54, h60, h70, h80, h90	
h54 ⁽¹⁾	SYNC COB ID	128	0 2047	Note: Controller does not generate SYNC object
h55 ⁽¹⁾	Boot up time	3000	0 {ms} 65535	Controller sends "NMT start all nodes" message after this delay (active only when h52 = 2)
h56	Heartbeat time	2000	0 {ms} 65535	Producer heartbeat time h56 = 0 disables heartbeat transmission

⁽¹⁾ These parameters take effect only after power-up, h58 reset, "NMT reset node", or "NMT reset communication services"



Code		Possil	ble Settings	IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	IMPORTANT	
h58	Reset CAN node	0	0 No action	On transition from 0 to 1, re-initializes	
			1 Reset CAN communication	CAN controller and activates changes made to parameters marked with (1)	
		<u> </u>	WARNING! CAN re-initialization may activate new R changes to present controller state, inclu		
h59	CANopen status		0 Not initialized	Read-only	
			1 Initializing	Note: RPDOs and TPDOs are only active in operational state (h59 = 5)	
			2 Stopped	donve in operational state (1100 = 0)	
			3 Pre-operational		
			4 reserved		
			5 Operational		
			RPDO#1 configuration paramet	ers	
h60 ⁽¹⁾	RPDO#1 COB ID	513	0 2047	If h53 = 0, 2: Setting will change to 512 + Node ID during power-up or h58 reset.	
h6 l ⁽¹⁾	RPDO#1 enable/	1	0 Disable		
	disable		1 Enable		
h62	RPDO#1 transmission type	255	0 255	h62 = 0240: transfer on every SYNC received. h62 = 254, 255: immediate transfer	
h64	RPDO#1 event monitoring timer	0	0 {ms} 65535	h64 = 0: monitoring disabled	
h65	RPDO#1 time out	0	0 Not active	Only active when C01 = 3	
	reaction		1 Inhibit		
			2 Quick stop		
			3 Trip fault FE3		
h66 ⁽¹⁾	RPDO#1 mapping	0	0 C0135 control word + C46 signed	C46 scaling: ± 50 = ± 1.0 Hz	
	(see RPDO mapping details)		1 C0135 control word + C46 unsigned	C46 scaling: 10 = 1.0 Hz	
			2 402 Drives and Motion Control: PDO Controlword 0x6040		
			3 402 Drives and Motion Control: PDO Controlword 0x6040 + vl target velocity 0x6042	vI target velocity units = signed RPM RPM calculation based on C87 and C89	
			4 C0135 Controlword + C46 signed and scaled + Digital output + analog output	C46 scaling: +/- 16384 = C11	
h69	RPDO#1 status		0 255	Read-only Number of received RPDO#1 messages Above 255, starts over at 0	

⁽¹⁾ These parameters take effect only after power-up, h58 reset, "NMT reset node", or "NMT reset communication services"





Code		Possi	ble Settings	
No.	Name		Selection	IMPORTANT
			RPDO#2 configuration paramet	ers
h70 ⁽¹⁾	RPDO#2 COB ID	769	0 2047	If h53 = 0, 2: Setting will change to 768 + Node ID during power-up or h58 reset.
h] (1)	RPDO#2 enable/ disable	0	Disable Enable	
H72	RPDO#2 transmission type	255	0 255	h72 = 0240: transfer on every SYNC received h72 = 254, 255: immediate transfer
ь7ч	RPDO#2 event monitoring timer	0	0 {ms} 65535	h74 = 0: monitoring disabled
h75	RPDO#2 time out reaction	0	0 Not active 1 Inhibit 2 Quick stop 3 Trip fault FE3	Only active when C01 = 3
h75 ⁽¹⁾	RPDO#2 mapping	0	0 C0135 control word + C46 signed	C46 scaling: ± 50 = ± 1.0 Hz
	(see RPDO mapping details)		1 C0135 control word + C46 unsigned	C46 scaling: 10 = 1.0 Hz
			2 402 Drives and Motion Control: PDO Controlword 0x6040	
			3 402 Drives and Motion Control: PDO Controlword 0x6040 + vl target velocity 0x6042	vI target velocity units = signed RPM RPM calculation based on C87 and C89
			4 C0135 Controlword + C46 signed and scaled + Digital output + analog output	C46 scaling: +/- 16384 = C11
h79	RPDO#2 status		0 255	Read-only Number of received RPDO#2 messages Above 255, starts over at 0
			TPDO#1 configuration paramet	ers
h80 ⁽¹⁾	TPDO#1 COB ID	385	0 2047	If h53 = 0, 2: Setting will change to 384 + Node ID during power-up or h58 reset.
hB 1 ⁽¹⁾	TPDO#1 enable/	1	0 Disable	
	disable		1 Enable (no RTR)	
			2 Enable (with RTR)	Enable individual polling of TPDO#1
h82	TPDO#1 transmission type	255	0 255	h82 = 0240: Transmit TPDO#1 after every n th SYNC received + Event + RTR (if enabled) h82 = 253: Event + RTR (if enabled) h82 = 254: COS triggered (WORDO of TPDO#1) + Event + RTR (if enabled) h82 = 255: Event + RTR (if enabled)

h82 = 255: Event + RTR (if enabled)

 These parameters take effect only after power-up, h58 reset, "NMT reset node", or "NMT reset communication services"





Code		Possi	ble	Settings		
No.	Name			lection		IMPORTANT
	TPDO#1 inhibit time	50	0		65535	Sets minimum time between TPDO#1 transmissions (h83 = 50 = 5.0 ms)
h84	TPDO#1 event timer	0	0	{ms}	65535	Sets the fixed interval for TPDO#1 transmission h84 = 0: disables event timer
h86 ⁽¹⁾	TPDO#1 mapping	0	0	C0150 + C50 signed		C50 scaling: ± 50 = ± 1.0 Hz
	(see TPDO mapping details)		1	C0150 + C50 unsigned		C50 scaling: 10 = 1.0 Hz
	,		2	Controller status in C0135 fo frequency setpoint signed	rmat +	Can be used to control other controllers
			3	Controller status in C0135 fo frequency setpoint unsigned		(see example in section 4.5)
			4	402 Device profile: Statuswo 0x6041	ord	
			5	402 Device profile: Statuswo 0x6041 + vl control effort 0x6		vI control effort units = signed RPMRPM calculation based on C87 and C89
			6	C0150 + C50 signed and sca digital input + analog input		C50 scaling: +/- 16384 = C11
h87	TPDO#1 WORD0 bit mask	65535	0	(65535	COS (change of state) bit mask applied to WORD0 of TPDO selected by h86. h87 = 65535: activates all bits of WORD0 for COS triggering h87 = 0: disables COS triggering
h89	TPDO#1 status		0		255	Read-only Number of transmitted TPDO#1 messages Above 255, starts over at 0
			Т	PDO#2 configuration pa	ramet	ers
h90 ⁽¹⁾	TPDO#2 COB ID	641	0		2047	If h53 = 0, 2: Setting will change to 640 + Node ID during power-up or h58 reset.
h9 (1)	TPDO#2 enable/	0	0	Disable		
	disable		1	Enable (no RTR)		
			2	Enable (with RTR)		Enable individual polling of TPDO#2
H92	TPDO#2 transmission type	255	0		255	h92 = 0240: Transmit TPDO#2 after every n th SYNC received + Event + RTR (if enabled) h92 = 253: Event + RTR (if enabled) h92 = 254: COS triggered (WORD0 of TPDO#2) + Event + RTR (if enabled) h92 = 255: Event + RTR (if enabled)
h93 ⁽¹⁾	TPDO#2 inhibit time	50	0	{0.1 ms}	65535	Sets minimum time between TPDO#2 transmissions (h93 = 50 = 5.0 ms)
h94	TPDO#2 event timer	0	0	{ms}	65535	Sets the fixed interval for TPDO#2 transmission h94 = 0: disables event timer

⁽¹⁾ These parameters take effect only after power-up, h58 reset, "NMT reset node", or "NMT reset communication services"





Code	Code		ble Settings	IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Lenze	Selection	IMPORTANT	
h96 ⁽¹⁾		0	0 C0150 + C50 signed	C50 scaling: ± 50 = ± 1.0 Hz	
	(see TPDO mapping details)		1 C0150 + C50 unsigned	C50 scaling: 10 = 1.0 Hz	
	uotano,		Controller status in C0135 format + frequency setpoint signed	Can be used to control other controllers	
			3 Controller status in C0135 format + frequency setpoint unsigned	(see example in section 4.5)	
			4 402 Device profile: Statusword 0x6041		
				5 402 Device profile: Statusword 0x6041 + vl control effort 0x6044	vI control effort units = signed RPM RPM calculation based on C87 and C89
			6 C0150 + C50 signed and scaled + digital input + analog input	C50 scaling: +/- 16384 = C11	
H97	TPDO#2 WORD0 bit mask	65535	0 65535	COS (change of state) bit mask applied to WORD0 of TPDO selected by h96. h97 = 65535: activates all bits of WORD0 for COS triggering h97 = 0: disables COS triggering	
h99	TPDO#2 status		0 255	Read-only Number of transmitted TPDO#2 messages Above 255, starts over at 0	
n20	Power up state	0	0 Quick stop	Selects controller power up state when	
			1 Inhibit	C01 = 3 (CANopen control)	

⁽¹⁾ These parameters take effect only after power-up, h58 reset, "NMT reset node", or "NMT reset communication services"



4.4 CANopen mapping details

4.4.1 RPDO mapping details (h66 / h76)

	ĺ					
	Bit	h66 / h76 setting = 0				
	0	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active				
	1	1 = JOG1 (C37) active 2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active				
	2	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)				
WORD0 - C0135 control word	3	Quick stop 0 = Quick stop not active 1 = Quick stop active				
Itrol	4	reserved				
, cor	5	reserved				
3135	6	reserved				
Ö	7	reserved				
RDO	8	reserved				
WO	9	Controller inhibit 0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit				
	10	reserved				
	11	TRIP reset TRIP reset on transition from 0 to 1				
	12	reserved				
	13	reserved				
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active				
	15	reserved				
WORD1	Signed frequency setpoint written to C46 Frequency setpoint [Hz] = WORD1 value / 50 Example 1: Requested setpoint = CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 50 = 1725 = 0x06BD Example 2: Requested setpoint = CCW at 44.5 Hz = -(44.5 x 50) = -2225 = 0xF74F Note: Setpoint sign overrides Bit 2 in WORD0					
WORD2	reserved (not evaluated)					
WORD3	reserved (not evaluated)					

	Bit	h66 / h76 setting = 1		
	0	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active		
	1	1 = JOG1 (C37) active 2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active		
	2	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)		
WORD0 - C0135 control word	3	Quick stop 0 = Quick stop not active 1 = Quick stop active		
ltrol	4	reserved		
00.0	5	reserved		
135	6	reserved		
ŏ	7	reserved		
2	8	reserved		
MOI	9	Controller inhibit 0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit		
	10	reserved		
	11	TRIP reset TRIP reset on transition from 0 to 1		
	12	reserved		
	13	reserved		
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active		
L	15	reserved		
WORD1	Unsigned frequency setpoint written to C46 Frequency setpoint [Hz] = WORD1 value / 10 Example: Requested setpoint = CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 10 = 0x0159 Direction is set by bit 2 in WORD0			



	Bit	h66 / h76 setting = 2
	0	0 = switch off ⁽²⁾ 1 = switch on
	1	0 = disable voltage ⁽²⁾ 1 = enable voltage
	2	0 = execute quick stop 1 = not quick stop
	3	0 = inhibit ⁽²⁾ 1 = enable
10	4	reserved
709×	5	reserved
rd 0;	6	reserved
owlo	7	fault reset on transition from 0 to 1
WORD0 - Controlword 0x6040	8	0 = execute motion 1 = halt ⁽²⁾
D0 -	9	reserved
'OR	10	reserved
V	11	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)
	12	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active 1 = JOG1 (C37) active
	13	2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active
	15	reserved

	Bit	h66 / h76 patting _ 2		
	DIL	h66 / h76 setting = 3		
	0	0 = switch off ⁽²⁾ 1 = switch on		
	1	0 = disable voltage ⁽²⁾ 1 = enable voltage		
	2	0 = execute quick stop 1 = not quick stop		
	3	0 = inhibit ⁽²⁾ 1 = enable		
O.	4	reserved		
×602	5	reserved		
rd 0;	6	reserved		
owlo	7	fault reset on transition from 0 to 1		
WORD0 - Controlword 0x6040	8	0 = execute motion 1 = halt ⁽²⁾		
- 00	9	reserved		
ORI	10	reserved		
W	11	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)		
	12	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active		
	13	1 = JOG1 (C37) active 2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active		
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active		
	15	reserved		
WORD1	Signed vI target velocity 0x6042 (RPM) RPM is calculated based on C87 and C89 Example 1 (C87 = 1390 RPM, C89 = 50 Hz): Requested setpoint CW at 25.0 Hz = 25.0 x 1390/50 = 695 = 0x02B7 Example 2 (C87 = 1390 RPM, C89 = 50 Hz): Requested setpoint CCW 44.5 Hz = (44.5 x 1390/50) = - 1237 = 0xFB2B			

⁽²⁾ Implemented as inhibit; all indicated bits must be in opposite state for controller to be enabled.



	Bit	h66 / h76 setting = 4		
	Dit	1100 / 1170 Setting = 4		
	0	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active		
	1	1 = JOG1 (C37) active 2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active		
	2	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)		
WORD0 - C0135 control word	3	Quick stop 0 = Quick stop not active 1 = Quick stop active		
ntro	4	reserved		
8	5	reserved		
0135	6	reserved		
Ö	7	reserved		
2	8	reserved		
MOI	9	Controller inhibit 0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit		
	10	reserved		
	11	TRIP reset TRIP reset on transition from 0 to 1		
	12	reserved		
	13	reserved		
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active		
	15	reserved		
WORD1	Speed signed scaled +/- 16384 == C11 (max frequency) Example 1: Requested setpoint = CW at 34.5 Hz and C11 = 50.0Hz: Setpoint = roundup(34.5 * 16384/50) = 11305 = 0x2C29 Example 2: Requested setpoint = CCW at 44.5 Hz and C11 = 50.0Hz: - roundup(44.5 * 16384/50) = -14582 = 0xC70/Note: Setpoint sign overrides Bit 2 in WORD0			
WORD2	Digital outputs (RELAY + E3) • Bit 0 - RELAY - (if C08 set to selection 9) • Bit 1 - E3 (if CE3 set to selection 30)			
WORD3	Analog output 0-1000 corresponds to 0-10V ex. 600 -> 6.0V (if c11 set to selection 5)			





4.4.2 TPDO mapping details (h86 / h96)

	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 0			
	0	reserved			
	1	0 = Pulses to power stage enabled 1 = Pulses to power stage Inhibited			
	2	0 = Current limit not reached 1 = Current limit reached			
	3	reserved			
	4	0 = Actual frequency < > setpoint 1 = Actual frequency = setpoint			
s word	5	0 = Not above threshold (C17) 1 = Above threshold (C17)			
WORD0 - C0150 Status word	6	0 = Actual frequency < > 0 Hz 1 = Actual frequency = 0 Hz			
. C015(7	0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit			
8	8				
l &	9	Controller status			
>	10	0 = no fault 8 = fault present			
	11	·			
	12	0 = No overtemperature warning 1 = Overtemperature warning			
	13	0 = No DC bus overvoltage 1 = DC bus overvoltage			
	14	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)			
	15	0 = Not ready 1 = Ready (no faults)			
WORD1	Signed output frequency read from C50 Scaling = C50 x 50 Example 1: CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 50 = 1725 = 0x06BD Example 2: CCW at 44.5 Hz = - (44.5 x 50) = -2225 = 0xF74F				
WORD2	reserved				
WORD3	reserved				

	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 1				
	0	reserved				
	1	0 = Pulses to power stage enabled 1 = Pulses to power stage Inhibited				
	2	0 = Current limit not reached 1 = Current limit reached				
	3	reserved				
	4	0 = Actual frequency <> setpoint 1 = Actual frequency = setpoint				
s word	5	0 = Not above threshold (C17) 1 = Above threshold (C17)				
WORD0 - C0150 Status word	6	0 = Actual frequency < > 0 Hz 1 = Actual frequency = 0 Hz				
C0150	7	0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit				
8	8					
VOR	9	Controller status 0 = no fault 8 = fault present				
_	10					
	11					
	12	0 = No overtemperature warning 1 = Overtemperature warning				
	13	0 = No DC bus overvoltage 1 = DC bus overvoltage				
	14	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)				
	15	0 = Not ready 1 = Ready (no faults)				
WORD1	Unsigned output frequency read from C50 Scaling = C50 x 10 Example: CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 10 = 345 = 0x0159 Direction is indicated by bit 14 in WORD0					



	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 2			
	0	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active			
	1	1 = JOG1 (C37) active 2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active			
	2	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)			
5 format	3	Quick stop 0 = Quick stop not active 1 = Quick stop active			
013	4	reserved			
us in C	5	reserved			
stat	6	reserved			
oller	7	reserved			
ontro	8	reserved			
WORD0 - Controller status in C0135 format	9	Controller inhibit 0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit			
W	10	reserved			
	11	TRIP reset 0 = No TRIP reset 1 = TRIP reset			
İ	12	reserved			
	13	reserved			
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active			
	15	reserved			
WORD1	Signed frequency setpoint [Hz] Scaling = frequency setpoint [Hz] x 50 Example 1: CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 50 = 17 0x06BD Example 2: CCW at 44.5 Hz = - (44.5 x 50) - 2225 = 0xF74F				
WORD2	reserved				
WORD3	reserved				

		1			
	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 3			
	0	JOG1, JOG2, JOG3 0 = C46 active 1 = JOG1 (C37) active			
	1	2 = JOG2 (C38) active 3 = JOG3 (C39) active			
	2	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)			
5 format	3	Quick stop 0 = Quick stop not active 1 = Quick stop active			
013	4	reserved			
us in C	5	reserved			
stat	6	reserved			
oller	7	reserved			
ontro	8	reserved			
WORD0 - Controller status in C0135 format	9	Controller inhibit 0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit			
W	10	reserved			
	11	TRIP reset 0 = No TRIP reset 1 = TRIP reset			
	12	reserved			
	13	reserved			
	14	DC brake 0 = DC brake not active 1 = DC brake active			
	15	reserved			
WORD1	Unsigned frequency setpoint [Hz] Scaling = frequency setpoint [Hz] x 10 Example: CW at 34.5 Hz = 34.5 x 10 = 345 = 0x0159 Direction is indicated by bit 2 in WORD0				

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	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 4			
	0	0 = Not ready to switch on 1 = Ready to switch on			
	1	0 = Not switched on 1 = Switched on			
	2	0 = operation disabled 1 = operation enabled			
	3	0 = No fault 1 = Fault			
141	4	0 = Voltage disabled 1 = Voltage enabled Note: On smd controller, this is always enabled			
09×0 p.	5	0 = Quick stop active 1 = Quick stop not active			
WORD0 - Statusword 0x6041	6	Switch on disabled On smd controller this is always 0 (switch on enabled)			
RD0 - 8	7	0 = No warning 1= Warning			
NO W	8	Manufacturer specific			
	9	Remote 0 = C01 < > 2 and 3 1 = C01 = 2 or 3			
	10	Target reached 0 = Setpoint not reached 1 = Setpoint reached			
	11	Internal limit 0 = Internal limit not active 1 = Internal limit active			
	12	reserved			
	13	reserved			
	14	reserved			
	15	reserved			

	_				
	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 5			
	0	0 = Not ready to switch on 1 = Ready to switch on			
	1	0 = Not switched on 1 = Switched on			
	2	0 = operation disabled 1 = operation enabled			
	3	0 = No fault 1 = Fault			
41	4	0 = Voltage disabled 1 = Voltage enabled Note: On smd controller, this is always enabled			
09X0 p	5	0 = Quick stop active 1 = Quick stop not active			
NORD0- Statusword 0x6041	6	Switch on disabled On smd controller this is always 0 (switch on enabled)			
	7	0 = No warning 1= Warning			
8	8	Manufacturer specific			
	9	Remote 0 = C01 < > 2 and 3 1 = C01 = 2 or 3			
	10	Target reached 0 = Setpoint not reached 1 = Setpoint reached			
	11	Internal limit 0 = Internal limit not active 1 = Internal limit active			
	12	reserved			
	13	reserved			
	14	reserved			
	15	reserved			
	Signed output frequency read from C50				

- Signed output frequency read from C50
- RPM is calculated based on C50, C87, and C89
- Example 1 (C87 = 1390 RPM, C89 = 50 Hz):
- CW at 25.0 Hz = 25.0 x 1390/50 = 695 = 0x02B7
 - Example 2 (C87 = 1390 RPM, C89 = 50 Hz):
 CCW at 44.5 Hz = (44.5 x 1390/50) = 1237 = 0xFB2B





	Bit	h86 / h96 setting = 6	
	0	reserved	
	1	0 = Pulses to power stage enabled 1 = Pulses to power stage Inhibited	
	2	0 = Current limit not reached 1 = Current limit reached	
	3	reserved	
	4	0 = Actual frequency < > setpoint 1 = Actual frequency = setpoint	
s word	5	0 = Not above threshold 1 = Above threshold (C17)	
) Statu	6	0 = Actual frequency < > 0 Hz 1 = Actual frequency = 0 Hz	
WORD0 - C0150 Status word	7	0 = No controller inhibit 1 = Controller inhibit	
00	8		
VOR	9	Controller status 0 = no fault	
>	10	8 = fault present	
	11		
	12	0 = No overtemperature warning 1 = Overtemperature warning	
	13	0 = No DC bus overvoltage 1 = DC bus overvoltage	
	14	Direction of rotation 0 = CW (forward) 1 = CCW (reverse)	
	15	0 = Not ready 1 = Ready (no faults)	
WORD1	Signed output frequency read from C50 signed scaled +/- 16384 = C11 (max frequency) Scaling = C50*16384/C11 Example 1: WORD1 = 0x2C29, C11 = 50.0Hz Direction = Sign(0x2C29) = CW Frequency = ABS(0x2C29) * C11 /16384 = 11305*50/16384 = 34.5 Hz CW Example 2: WORD1 = 0xC70A, C11 = 50.0Hz Direction = Sign(0xC70A) = CCW Frequency = ABS(0xC70A) * C11 /16384 = 14582*50/16384 = 44.5 Hz CCW		
WORD2	Digital inputs status (TB28,E1,E2,E3) • Bit 0 - TB28 state (1 - asserted) • Bit 1 - E1 state (1 - asserted) • Bit 2 - E2 state (1 - asserted) • Bit 3 - E3 state (1 - asserted)		
WORD3	Analog input value 0-1000 corresponds to 0-10V ex. 400 -> 4.00V		





4.5 Quick CAN set-up

- Power up the controller and set h50 (CAN address) and h51 (CAN baud rate) to appropriate values.
- Power down the controller and connect the communication cable. For reliable communication make sure terminal CAN_GND is connected to CAN network GND/ common. If only two wires are used (CAN_H and CAN_L) in the network, connect CAN_GND to chassis/earth ground.
- 3. Power up the controller.
- 4. Use Global Drive Control Software to configure the required operation of the controller.

Example: Controller #2 needs to follow the operation of controller #1 (start/stop, speed, etc). Controller #1 can be controlled by CANopen or traditional control elements (relays, etc).

	Controller #1 configuration				
No.	Name Setting		Setting		
h50	CAN address (Node ID)	1			
h5 I	CAN baud rate	5	500 kbps		
h52	System bus participant	1	Slave with autostart enabled		
h53	Parameter channel 2 (SDO#2)	0	Enable with default COB ID		
h84	TPDO#1 event timer	10 ms			
h86	TPDO#1 mapping	3	Controller status in C0135 format + frequency setpoint unsigned		

	Controller #2 configuration				
No.	Name	Setting			
CO 1	Setpoint source	3 CANopen control			
h45	Error behavior	1 No state change			
h50	CAN address (Node ID)	2			
h5 I	CAN baud rate	5 500 kbps			
h52	System bus participant	Slave with autostart enabled			
h53	Parameter channel 2 (SDO#2)	Enable with prog. COB ID			
h60	RPDO#1 COB ID	385 (h80 from controller #1)			
h64	RPDO#1 event monitoring timer	50 ms			
h65	RPDO#1 time out reaction	1 Inhibit			
h66	RPDO#1 mapping	C0135 control word + C46 frequency setpoint unsigned			

After setting the parameters, perform Node reset using parameter h58 or cycle the power.

After these controllers are configured as above, controller #2 will follow the operation of controller #1 including: Inhibit state, Quick Stop, DC brake, JOG speed selections, direction, and speed. For additional safety, controller #2 will transition to inhibit state if valid PDO is not received from controller #1 within 50ms.

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Troubleshooting and fault elimination



5 Troubleshooting and fault elimination

	Status	Cause	Remedy
e.g. 50.0	Present output frequency	Trouble free operation	
OFF	Stop (outputs U, V, W inhibited)	LOW signal at terminal 28	Set terminal 28 to HIGH
Inh	Inhibit (outputs U, V, W inhibited)	Controller is set up for CANopen operation (see C01)	Start the controller via CANopen
5EP	Output frequency = 0 Hz	Setpoint = 0 Hz (C31 = 0)	Setpoint selection
	(outputs U, V, W inhibited)	Quick stop activated through digital input	Deactivate Quick stop
br	DC-injection brake active	DC-injection brake activated • via digital input • automatically	Deactivate DC-injection brake digital input = LOW automatically after holding time c06 has expired
ΕL	Current limit reached	Controllable overload	Automatically (see C22)
LU	Undervoltage on DC bus	Mains voltage too low	Check mains voltage
dEC	Overvoltage on DC bus during deceleration (warning)	Excessively short deceleration time (C13)	Automatically if overvoltage < 1 s, DU, if overvoltage > 1 s
nEd	No access to code	Can only be changed when the controller is in DFF or Inh	Set terminal 28 to LOW or inhibit through CANopen

	Error	Cause	Remedy (1)	
cF		Data not valid for controller		
[F	Data on EPM not valid	Data error	Use EPM providing valid data	
GF		OEM data not valid	Load Lenze setting	
FI	EPM error	EPM missing or defective	Power down and replace EPM	
CFG	Digital inputs not uniquely assigned	E1E3 assigned with the same digital signals	Each digital signal can only be used once	
		Either just "UP" or "DOWN" used	Assign the missing digital signal to a second terminal	
dF	Dynamic braking fault	Dynamic braking resistors are overheating	Increase deceleration time (C13)	
EEr	External error	Digital input "TRIP set" is active	Remove external error	
F2F0, JF	Internal fault		Please contact Lenze	
FC3	CAN communication timeout	Monitored CAN messages not received	Check h48 for cause Increase timeout settings Check CAN wiring	
FC5	CAN initialization failed	CAN controller failure	Perform CAN reset (h58) Cycle power	
LC	Automatic start inhibited	c42 = 0	LOW-HIGH signal change at terminal 28	

⁽¹⁾ The drive can only be restarted if the error message has been reset; see c70





Troubleshooting and fault elimination

Error		Cause	Remedy (1)	
OC 1	Short-circuit or overload	Short-circuit	Find reason for short-circuit; check motor cable	
		Excessive capacitive charging current of the motor cable	Use shorter motor cables with lower charging current	
		Acceleration time (C12) too short	Increase acceleration time Check controller selection	
		Defective motor cable	Check wiring	
		Internal fault in motor	Check motor	
		Frequent and long overload	Check controller selection	
005	Earth fault	Grounded motor phase	Check motor/motor cable	
		Excessive capacitive charging current of the motor cable	Use shorter motor cables with lower charging current	
006	Motor overload (I²t overload)	Motor is thermally overloaded, due to: • impermissable continuous current • frequent or too long acceleration processes	Check controller selection Check setting of c20	
DH	Controller overtemperature	Controller too hot inside	Reduce controller load Improve cooling	
OU	Overvoltage on DC bus	Mains voltage too high	Check mains voltage Increase deceleration time or use dynamic braking option	
		Excessively short deceleration time or motor in generator mode		
		Earth leakage on the motor side	Check motor/motor cable (separate motor from controller)	
r5t	Faulty auto-TRIP reset	More than 8 errors in 10 minutes	Depends on the error	
5F	Single phase fault	A mains phase has been lost	Check mains voltage	

⁽¹⁾ The drive can only be restarted if the error message has been reset; see c70



Notes





Notes

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