



AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW / 1 - 350HP 200-600V Single and 3 Phase Input

Introduction

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Electrical Installation

LED Keypad and Display Operation

Commissioning

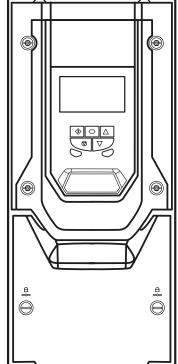
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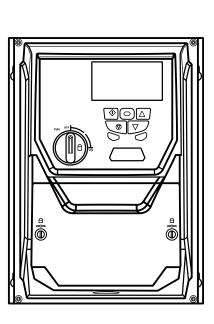
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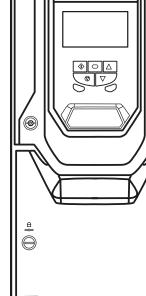
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#### **Declaration of Conformity**

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive Eco product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Design and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2003	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.				
EN 61800-3 2nd Ed: 2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods.				
	Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16 A and <= 75 A per phase.				
EN61000-3-12	Three phase 200V and three phase 400V Optidrive Eco products comply with IEC 61000-3-12 with respect to the THC without the need for Line Reactors, provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to SSC (min) at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power $S_{SC}$ greater than or equal to $S_{SC}$ (min) calculated as:				
	$S_{SC (min)} = 320 \times V_{rated} \times I_{rated}$				
	Where $V_{rated}$ is the drive rated voltage (phase to phase) and $I_{rated}$ is the drive rated current (per phase)				
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC).				
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures.				

#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the supply via the power cables for compliance with harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. When using an Optidrive with an internal or optional external filter, compliance with the following EMC Categories, as defined by EN61800-3:2004 can be achieved:

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#### 2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive Eco units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

# This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

# This User Guide is for use with version 2.50 Firmware. The firmware version can be viewed in parameter P0-28.

#### **User Guide Revision 3.05**

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

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### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected. Internal surge arrestors are fitted, intended to protect against damage due to mains borne spikes, which will result in the product failing

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 98/37/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive.

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor. This may cause the drive protection to activate, resulting in a trip and loss of operation.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees.

Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

# 2. General Information and Ratings

#### 2.1. Drive Model Numbers

#### 2.1.1. IP20 Units

	200 - 240	Volt, 1 Phase	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-1F12-SN	2	0.75	1	4.3	No
ODV-3-220070-1F12-SN	2	1.5	2	7	No
ODV-3-220105-1F12-SN	2	2.2	3	10.5	No
	200 - 240	Volt, 3 Phase	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	НР	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-3F12-SN	2	0.75	1	4.3	Yes
ODV-3-220070-3F12-SN	2	1.5	2	7	Yes
ODV-3-220105-3F12-SN	2	2.2	3	10.5	Yes
ODV-3-320180-3F12-SN	3	4	5	18	Yes
ODV-3-320240-3F12-SN	3	5.5	7.5	24	Yes
ODV-3-420300-3F12-MN	4	7.5	10	30	Yes
ODV-3-420460-3F12-MN	4	11	15	46	Yes
ODV-3-520610-3F12-MN	5	15	20	61	Yes
ODV-3-520720-3F12-MN	5	18.5	25	72	Yes
ODV-3-520900-3F12-MN	5	22	30	90	Yes
ODV-3-621100-3F12-MN	6A	30	40	110	No
ODV-3-621500-3F12-MN	6A	37	50	150	No
ODV-3-621800-3F12-MN	6B	45	60	180	No
ODV-3-622020-3F12-MN	6B	55	75	202	No
	380 - 480	Volt, 3 Phase	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-240022-3F12-SN	2	0.75	1	2.2	Yes
ODV-3-240041-3F12-SN	2	1.5	2	4.1	Yes
ODV-3-240058-3F12-SN	2	2.2	3	5.8	Yes
ODV-3-240095-3F12-SN	2	4	5	9.5	Yes
ODV-3-340140-3F12-SN	3	5.5	7.5	14	Yes
ODV-3-340180-3F12-SN	3	7.5	10	18	Yes
ODV-3-340240-3F12-SN	3	11	15	24	Yes
ODV-3-440300-3F12-MN	4	15	20	30	Yes
ODV-3-440390-3F12-MN	4	18.5	25	39	Yes
ODV-3-440460-3F12-MN	4	22	30	46	Yes
ODV-3-540610-3F12-MN	5	30	40	61	Yes
ODV-3-540720-3F12-MN	5	37	50	72	Yes
ODV-3-540900-3F12-MN	5	45	60	90	Yes
ODV-3-641100-3F12-MN	6A	55	<i>7</i> 5	110	No
ODV-3-641500-3F12-MN	6A	<i>7</i> 5	100	150	No
ODV-3-641800-3F12-MN	6B	90	150	180	No
ODV-3-642020-3F12-MN	6B	110	175	202	No
ODV-3-843700-3F12-MN	8	200	300	370	No
ODV-3-844500-3F12-MN	8	250	400	450	No

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500 – 600 Volt, 3 Phase Input									
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic				
ODV-3-260021-3012-SN	2	0.75	1	2.1	No				
ODV-3-260031-3012-SN	2	1.5	2	3.1	No				
ODV-3-260041-3012-SN	2	2.2	3	4.1	No				
ODV-3-260065-3012-SN	2	4	5	6.5	No				
ODV-3-260090-3012-SN	2	5.5	7.5	9	No				
ODV-3-360120-3012-SN	3	7.5	10	12	No				
ODV-3-360170-3012-SN	3	11	15	17	No				
ODV-3-360220-3012-SN	3	15	20	22	No				
ODV-3-460280-3012-MN	4	18.5	25	28	No				
ODV-3-460340-3012-MN	4	22	30	34	No				
ODV-3-460430-3012-MN	4	30	40	43	No				
ODV-3-560540-3012-MN	5	37	50	54	No				
ODV-3-560650-3012-MN	5	45	60	65	No				

1.2. IP66 Enclosed Units						
	200 - 240 Vo	lt, 1 Phase	Input			
Non Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-1F1X-TN	ODV-3-220043-1F1D-TN	2A	0.75	1	4.3	No
ODV-3-220070-1F1X-TN	ODV-3-220070-1F1D-TN	2A	1.5	2	7	No
ODV-3-220105-1F1X-TN	ODV-3-220105-1F1D-TN	2A	2.2	3	10.5	No
	200 - 240 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-220043-3F1D-TN	2A	0.75	1	4.3	Yes
ODV-3-220070-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-220070-3F1D-TN	2A	1.5	2	7	Yes
ODV-3-220105-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-220105-3F1D-TN	2A	2.2	3	10.5	Yes
ODV-3-320180-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-320180-3F1D-TN	3	4	5	18	Yes
ODV-3-320240-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-320240-3F1D-TN	3	5.5	7.5	24	Yes
	380 - 480 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmoni
ODV-3-240022-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-240022-3F1D-TN	2A	0.75	1	2.2	Yes
ODV-3-240041-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-240041-3F1D-TN	2A	1.5	2	4.1	Yes
ODV-3-240058-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-240058-3F1D-TN	2A	2.2	3	5.8	Yes
ODV-3-240095-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-240095-3F1D-TN	2B	4	5	9.5	Yes
ODV-3-340140-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-340140-3F1D-TN	3	5.5	7.5	14	Yes
ODV-3-340180-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-340180-3F1D-TN	3	7.5	10	18	Yes
ODV-3-340240-3F1X-TN	ODV-3-340240-3F1D-TN	3	11	15	24	Yes
	500 - 600 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmoni
ODV-3-260021-301X-TN	ODV-3-260021-301D-TN	2A	0.75	1	2.1	No
ODV-3-260031-301X-TN	ODV-3-260031-301D-TN	2A	1.5	2	3.1	No
ODV-3-260041-301X-TN	ODV-3-260041-301D-TN	2A	2.2	3	4.1	No
ODV-3-260065-301X-TN	ODV-3-260065-301D-TN	2A	4	5	6.5	No
ODV-3-260090-301X-TN	ODV-3-260090-301D-TN	2A	5.5	7.5	9	No
ODV-3-360120-301 X-TN	ODV-3-360120-301 D-TN	3	7.5	10	12	No
ODV-3-360170-301 X-TN	ODV-3-360170-301 D-TN	3	11	15	17	No

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#### 2.1.3. IP55 Enclosed Units

	<b>200 - 240</b>	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmoni
ODV-3-420300-3F1N-TN	4	7.5	10	30	Yes
ODV-3-420460-3F1N-TN	4	11	15	46	Yes
ODV-3-520610-3F1N-TN	5	15	20	61	Yes
ODV-3-520720-3F1N-TN	5	18.5	25	72	Yes
ODV-3-620900-3F1N-TN	5	22	30	90	Yes
ODV-3-621100-3F1N-TN	6	30	40	110	No
ODV-3-621500-3F1N-TN	6	37	50	150	No
ODV-3-621800-3F1N-TN	6	45	60	180	No
ODV-3-722020-3F1N-TN	7	55	75	202	No
ODV-3-722480-3F1N-TN	7	75	100	248	No
001072210001111111		Volt, 3 Phas		210	1 (0
Model Code	Frame	kW	НР	Amps	Low Harmoni
ODV-3-440300-3F1N-TN	4	15	20	30	Yes
ODV-3-440390-3F1N-TN	4	18.5	25	39	Yes
ODV-3-440460-3F1N-TN	4	22	30	46	Yes
ODV-3-540610-3F1N-TN	5	30	40	61	Yes
ODV-3-540720-3F1N-TN	5	37	50	72	Yes
ODV-3-540900-3F1N-TN	5	45		90	
			60 75	110	Yes No
ODV-3-641100-3F1N-TN	6	55			
ODV-3-641500-3F1N-TN	6	75	100	150	No
ODV-3-641800-3F1N-TN	6	90	150	180	No
ODV-3-742020-3F1N-TN	7	110	175	202	No
ODV-3-742400-3F1N-TN	7	132	200	240	No
ODV-3-743020-3F1N-TN	7	160	250	302	No
		Volt, 3 Phas	<del> </del>		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmon
ODV-3-751850-301 N-TN	7	132	175	185	No
ODV-3-752050-301N-TN	7	150	200	205	No
ODV-3-752550-301 N-TN	7	185	250	255	No
ODV-3-752750-301 N-TN	7	200	270	275	No
	500 - 600	Volt, 3 Phas	,		_
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmon
ODV-3-460220-301 N-TN	4	15	20	22	No
ODV-3-460280-301 N-TN	4	18.5	25	28	No
ODV-3-460340-301 N-TN	4	22	30	34	No
ODV-3-460430-301 N-TN	4	30	40	43	No
ODV-3-560540-301 N-TN	5	37	50	54	No
ODV-3-560650-301N-TN	5	45	60	65	No
ODV-3-660780-301 N-TN	6	55	<i>7</i> 5	78	No
ODV-3-661050-301 N-TN	6	75	100	105	No
ODV-3-661300-301 N-TN	6	90	125	130	No
ODV-3-661500-301 N-TN	6	110	150	150	No

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3:3 Phase Input

#### 2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants

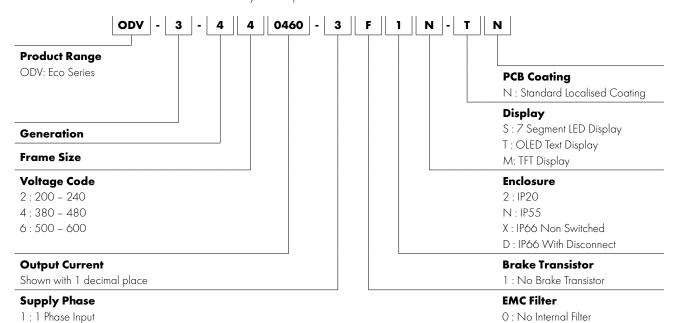
The majority of the Optidrive Eco product range is based on a low harmonic solution using film capacitor technology to achieve compliance with EN 61000-3-12 without the need for any additional equipment. This standard specifies limits for harmonic currents for equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16A and <= 75A per phase. It is important to understand which models from the product range are of the low harmonic technology which is detailed below.

The Optidrive Eco three phase 200V (200-240V) input and three phase 400V (380-480V) input drives frame sizes 2 up to and including frame size 5 are a lower harmonic drive using film capacitor technology. Please refer to the product rating tables in section 2.1. Drive Model Numbers for confirmation.

In short, this means that the low harmonic drives do not require an input choke and should not have one installed – drives outside of the above frame sizes and supply voltage / number of phases, are of standard electrolytic capacitor design and could benefit from the use of input chokes if further harmonic reduction is required.

#### 2.2. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, shown below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and factory fitted options.



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F: Internal EMC Filter

### 3. Mechanical Installation

#### 3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units), 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) and 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 11.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

#### 3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

#### 3.3. UL Compliant Installation

Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

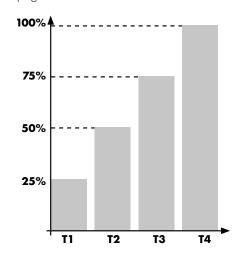
- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 & IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 71.

### 3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

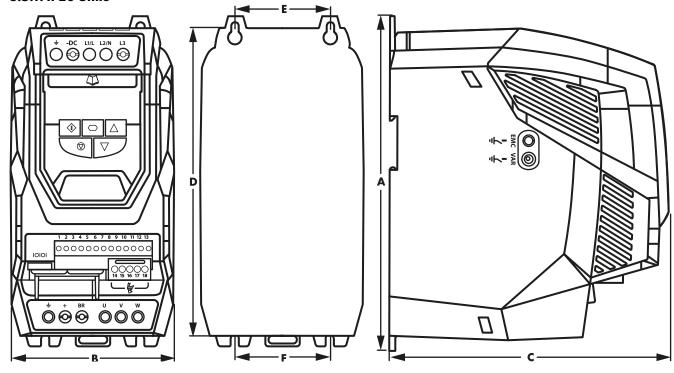
**NOTE** This is only valid for non low harmonic version - see section 2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants on page 8.



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### 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

#### 3.5.1. IP20 Units



Drive		A		3		С							We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	160	6.30	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	222	8.74	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	200	7.87	32	70.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	225	8.85	43	94.8

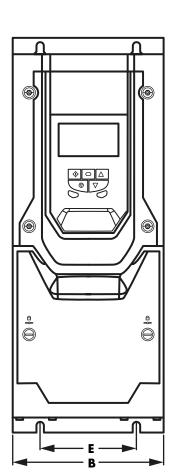
Mounting Bolts								
Frame Size	UNF							
2	M4	#8						
3	M4	#8						
4	M8	5/16						
5	M8	5/16						
6A	M8	#8						
6B	M 10	5/16						

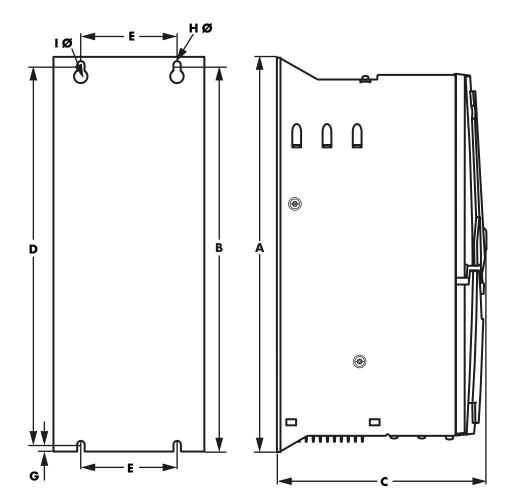
Tightening Torques									
	Frame Size Required Torque								
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in						
	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in						
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in						
Power Terminals	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in						
	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft						
	6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft						

#### **NOTE**

\*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.

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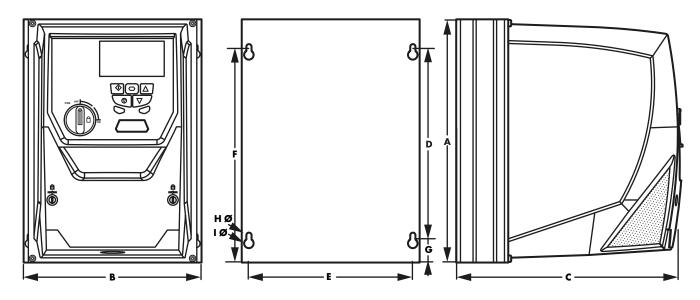


Drive		<b>A</b>		3	(	:		<b>D</b>		=			(	•	Н	Ø	I	Ø	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	433	17.05	8	0.31	8.50	0.34	15	0.60	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	520	20.47	8	0.31	8.50	0.34	15	0.60	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	840	33.07	10	0.39	11	0.44	22	0.86	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	1255	49.41	10	0.39	11	0.44	22	0.86	89	196.2

Mounting Bolts								
Frame Size	Metric	UNF						
4	M8	#8						
5	M8	#8						
6	M10	5/16						
7	M10	5/16						

Tightening Torques									
Frame Size Required Torque									
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in						
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in						
р. т . І	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in						
Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft						
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft						

#### 3.5.3. IP66 Units



Drive		4	:	}	(	:	D		E		F		(	3	Н	Ø	I	Ø	Wei	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	220	8.66	29	1.12	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	277	10.89	33	1.31	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.7	16.8

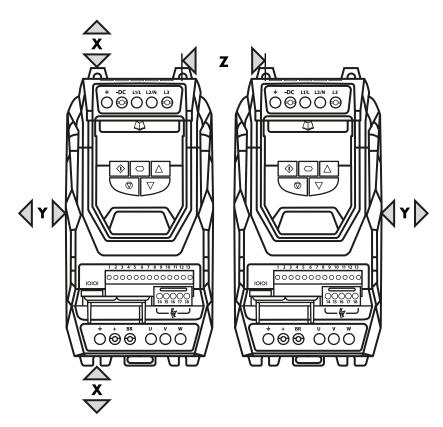
Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size Metric UNF							
2	M4	#8					
3	M4	#8					

Tightening Torques						
Frame Size Required Torque						
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in			
Power Terminals	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in			

#### 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Side		Z Between		Recommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM
2	<i>7</i> 5	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
8	300	11.81	100	3.94			20	<i>7</i> 05

#### NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

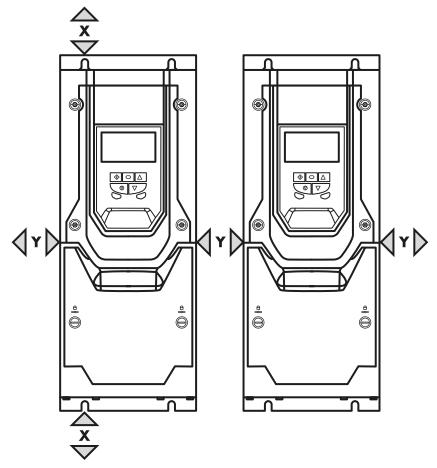
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#### 3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
  - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling
  - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive
  - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable M5 mounting screws
  - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
  - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first
  - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail
  - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail
  - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

#### 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 11.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



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Drive Size	X –Above	e & Below	Y –Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
2 (IP66)	200	5.9	10	0.394	
3 (IP66)	200	5.9	10	0.394	
4 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
5 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
6 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
7 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	

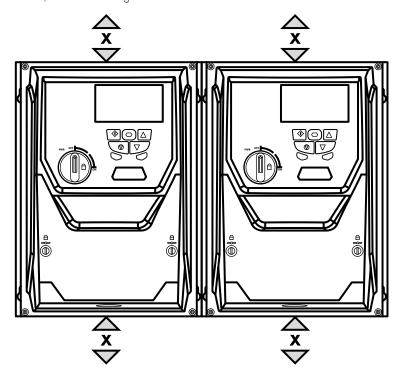
#### NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 2% of the operating load power.

The above dimensions are for guidance only, the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the specified limits or allowed derating at all times.

#### 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 11.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are premoulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



Drive Size	X Above & Below			
Size	mm	in		
2	200	7.87		
3	200	7.87		

	Cable Gland Sizes							
Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables					
2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG 13.5)					
3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG 13.5)					

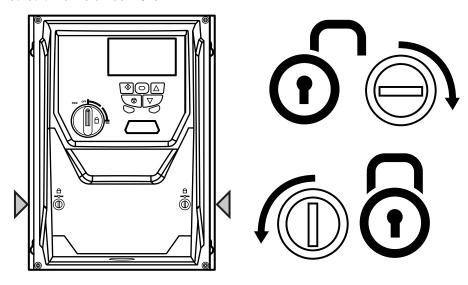
#### **NOTE**

Typical drive heat losses are 2% of operating load power.

The above dimensions are for guidance only, the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the specified limits or allowed derating at all times.

#### 3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

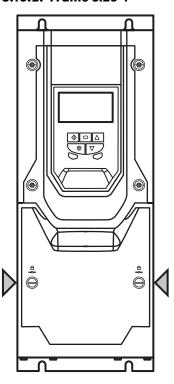
#### 3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 & 3



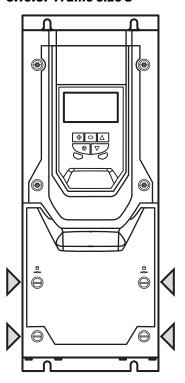
#### **Terminal Cover Release Screws**

Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.

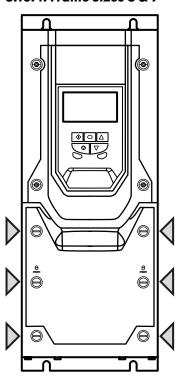
3.10.2. Frame Size 4



3.10.3. Frame Size 5



3.10.4. Frame Sizes 6 & 7



#### 3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the section 11.1. Environmental, with any relevant derating applied.
- Heat sink fans (where fitted) freely rotating and are dust free.
- If the drive is mounted within an enclosure:
  - o Ensure this is free from dust and condensation.
  - o Ensure sufficient ventilation of fresh clean cooling air is provided.
  - o Ensure any panel ventilation fans and air filters are clean and provide the correct required air flow.
- Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

#### 3.12. IP66 (Nema 4X) Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. Cable entry holes will need to be drilled to suit this system. Some guidelines sizes are defined below:

Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

#### Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:

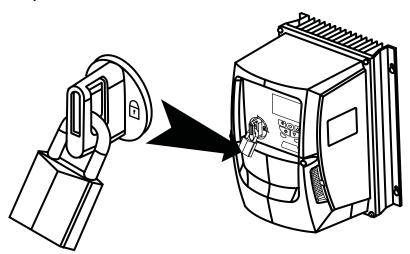
Drive size	Min Gland Rating	Hole Size	Imperial	Metric
Size 2	IP66	1 x 20.5mm and 2 x 28.3mm	1 PG 13.5 and 2 PG21	1 x M20 and 2 x M25
Size 3	IP66	1 x 20.5mm and 2 x 28.3mm	1 PG 13.5 and 2 PG21	1 x M20 and 2 x M25

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for rigid conduit system.

#### **Power Isolator Lock Off**

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

#### IP66 / Nema 4X Unit Lock Off

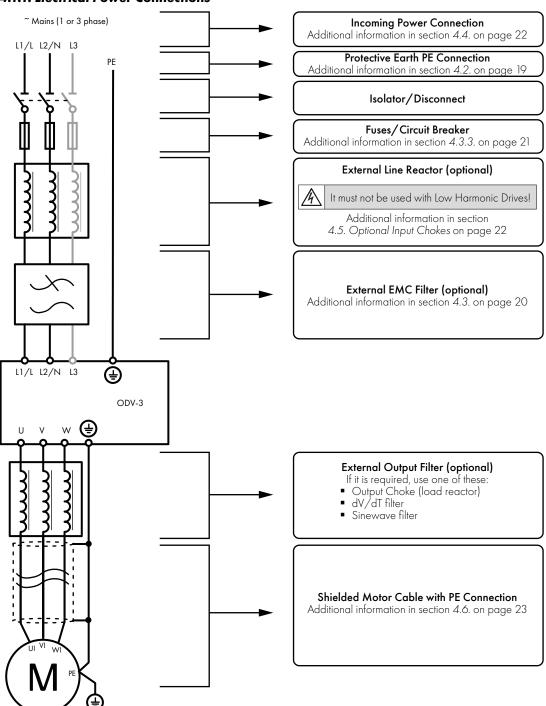


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### 4. Electrical Installation

#### 4.1. Connection Diagram

#### 4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

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#### 4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

#### 4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

#### 4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

#### 4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

#### 4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each Optidrive.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

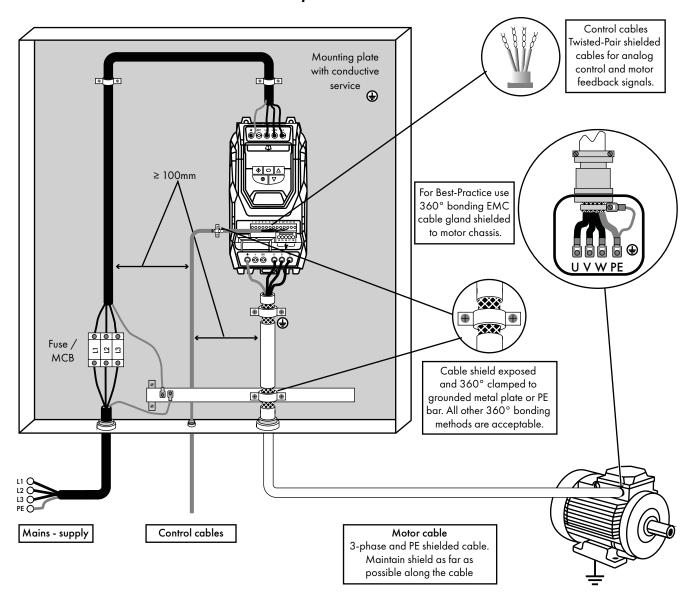
#### 4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation on page 20.

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#### 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation

#### 4.3.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



#### 4.3.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Rated Supply	Number of	Frame Size	Effective Switching	Maximum Motor Cable Length to Achieve			
Voltage ´	Input Phases	Frame Size	Frequency	C1 1, 2, 5, 6, 8	C2 <sup>3, 5, 6, 8</sup>	C3 <sup>4, 7, 8</sup>	
230 V	1	2	4	1 m	5 m	25 m	
230 V	3	2 - 5	16	1 m	5 m	25 m	
230 V	3	6 - 7	4	-	-	25 m	
400 V	3	2 - 5	16	1 m	5 m	25 m	
400 V	3	6 - 8	4	-	-	25 m	

The 500 – 600V drives are not intended for use in Europe and are designed without the internal filter built-in. External filters would be required with these models in order to achieve compliance with any given EMC standards.

Compliance with longer motor cable lengths can be achieved if the drive is used with an external EMC filter.

See notes below relating to the compliance in the above table.

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#### General

Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.

#### **Supply Cable**

- <sup>2</sup> A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- <sup>4</sup> A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

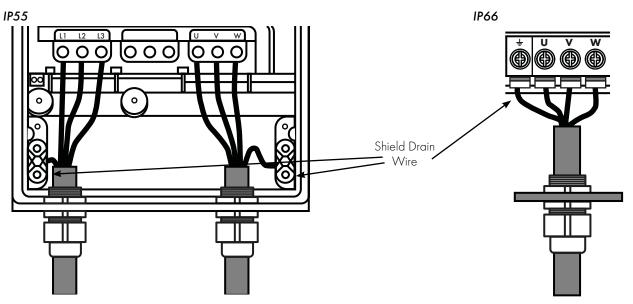
#### **Motor Cable**

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of
- 6 The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible. For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

#### **Control Cable**

A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

#### 4.3.3. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



#### 4.3.4. Wiring Precautions

Connect the Optidrive according to section 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring, ensuring that motor terminal box connections are correct. There are two connections in general: Star and Delta. It is essential to ensure that the motor is connected in accordance with the voltage at which it will be operated. For more information, refer to section 4.6. Drive and Motor Connection.

It is recommended that the power cabling should be 4-core PVC-insulated screened cable, laid in accordance with local industrial regulations and codes of practice.

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#### 4.4. Incoming Power Connection

- Power should be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals for single phase drives, L1, L2 and L3 for three phase drives. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, a symmetrical shielded cable is recommended.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1.
- For units without an internal isolator / disconnect, a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations.
- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 11.4. Output Power and Current ratings. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J, T or CC fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- When the power supply is removed from the drive, a minimum of 30 seconds should be allowed before re-applying the power. A minimum of 10 minutes should be allowed before removing the terminal covers or connection.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

#### 4.5. Optional Input Chokes

- The majority of the Optidrive Eco product range is based on a low harmonic solution using film capacitor technology to achieve compliance with EN 61000-3-12 without the need for any additional equipment. This standard specifies limits for harmonic currents for equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16A and <= 75A per phase. It is important to understand which models from the product range are of the low harmonic technology which is detailed below.
- The Optidrive Eco three phase 200V (200-240V) input and three phase 400V (380-480V) input drives frame sizes 2 up to and including frame size 5 are a lower harmonic drive using film capacitor technology.
- In short, this means that the low harmonic drives do not require an input choke and should not have one installed drives outside of the above frame sizes and supply voltage / number of phases, could benefit from the use of input chokes if further harmonic reduction is required.
- The low harmonic drives must NOT be used with input chokes. Please see section 2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants for a description of which drives fall into the low harmonic category. Input chokes may be required on the standard (non-low harmonic) drives to reduce the harmonics generated or if the incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.

Drive Supply	Drive Rating	IP20 AC Input Inductor	IP66 AC Input Inductor	
230V 1 Phase Input	0.75kW	OPT-2-L 1016-20	OPT-2-L1016-66	
230V T Phase Input	1.5 – 2.2kW	OPT-2-L1025-20	OPT-2-L1025-66	
	55 - 90kW	OPT-2-L3200-00		
400V 2 Db la t	110 - 160kW	OPT-2-L3300-00	N/A	
400V 3 Phase Input	200 - 250kW	OPT-L3500-00 (4%)		
	200 - 250kVV	OPT-2L31500-00 (1%)		
	0.75 – 2.2kW		OPT-2-L3006-66	
600V 3 Phase	4.0 – 5.5kW	N/A	OPT-2-L3010-66	
	7.5 – 11 kW		OPT-2-L3018-66	

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#### 4.6. Drive and Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is used, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area.
- Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the drive is running.

#### 4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on two supply voltage. This will be indicated on the nameplate of the motor. The operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection	
230	230 / 400			
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta		
575	575 / 1000		U V W	
400	230 / 400	_		
575	330 / 575	- Star	U V W	

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#### 4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

#### 4.8.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive Eco has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 110% of FLA. This level may be adjusted in P4-07. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "1.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P1-08 (motor rated current) for a sustained period of time. The overload accumulator will permit a sustained overload for different durations before tripping as shown in the tables below:

#### Constant Torque (P4-01 > 0)

#### Variable Torque (P4-01 = 0)

	HD	SD
110%	<i>7</i> 5 s	<i>7</i> 5 s
150%	15 s	15 s
175%	10 s	_
200%	7.5 s	_

110%	<i>7</i> 5 s
150%	1 s
175%	-
200%	-

#### Where:

HD = Heavy Duty drive selection – this is where the rated current of the motor connected to the drive is less than 75% of the drive current rating

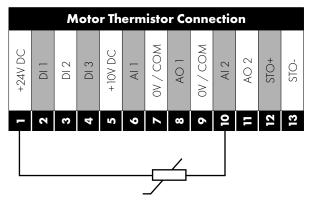
SD = Standard Duty drive selection – this is where the current rating of the motor connected to the drive is closely matched to the drive current rating

When operating in Variable Torque (P4-01 = 0), the oversizing of the drive makes no difference to the available duration of the overload condition.

**NOTE** The 45kW 400V Eco model (ODV-3-540900-3...) overload capability follows that shown in the variable torque table irrespective of the setting in P4-01.

#### 4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



#### **Additional Information**

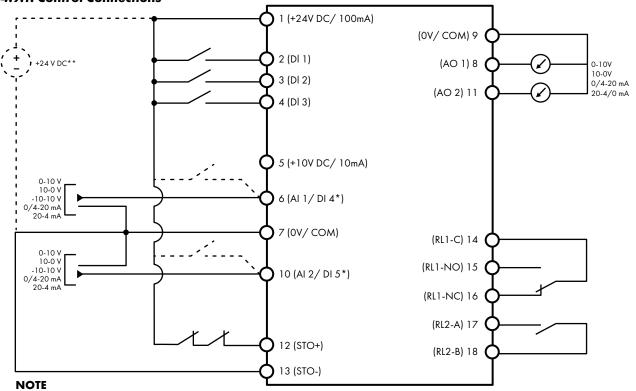
- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type,  $2.5k\Omega$  trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has Input 5 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 39 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

#### 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

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#### 4.9.1. Control Connections



<sup>\*</sup> Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode \*\* Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Kov		Default Function		Sac	Dane	
		Кеу	Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24V D or External 2		4.10.1	24
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run	4.10.2	24
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	Analog Input Reference	Preset Speed 1	4.10.2	24
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	Analog Input 1 Reference	Analog Input 2 Reference	4.10.2	24
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board + 10V D	C Supply (10 mA)		
6	Al 1 / Dl 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Refere	nce 1 (0-10V)	4.10.3	24
7	7 OV / COM O Volt Common OV Commo		OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Speed (0-10V)		4.10.4	24
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
10	Al 2 / Dl 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	Speed Refere	nce 2 (0-10V)	4.10.3	24
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Curr	ent (0-10V)	4.10.4	24
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	   InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	27
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection		Kun rennii	4.14	2/
14	RL1-COM	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	25
15	RL1-NO	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy	Drive Faulty	4.10.5	25
16	RL1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	25
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	25
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive kulliling	4.10.5	25

#### **NOTE**

**Digital Inputs:** Logic High = 8-30V DC (30 V DC max) Analog Outputs: 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max)

**SAFE TORQUE OFF input:** Logic High = 18-30 Vdc (Also refer to section 4.11. Safe Torque Off)

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#### 4.10. Control Terminal Connections

#### 4.10.1. +24VDC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24VDC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24VDC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

#### 4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 8. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.

#### 4.10.3. Analog Inputs

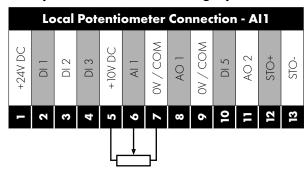
Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters

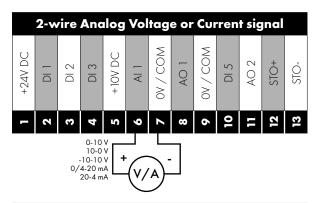
- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

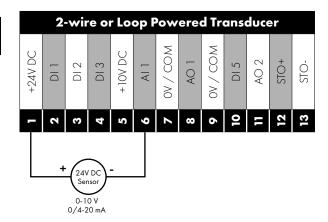
These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

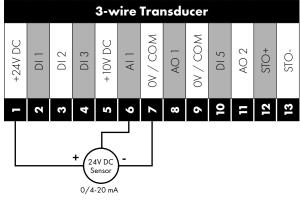
The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 8. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.

#### **Example Connections for Analog Input**









#### 4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

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#### 4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 6A at 230 VAC or 5A at 30VDC. Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact. The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

#### 4.11. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

#### 4.11.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety Control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

#### 4.11.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.1

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.<sup>2</sup>

The drive has the "STO" Function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" Function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a failsafe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs

	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3

	SILCL
EN 62061	SILCL 2

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 11.1. Environmental.

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

<sup>1</sup> **NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



<sup>2</sup> **NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of a multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

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#### 4.11.3. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

#### 4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

#### **Drive Display**

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit", (NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit").

#### **Drive Output Relay**

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

#### "STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"5to-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

#### 4.11.5. "STO" Function response time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

#### 4.11.6. "STO" Electrical Installation

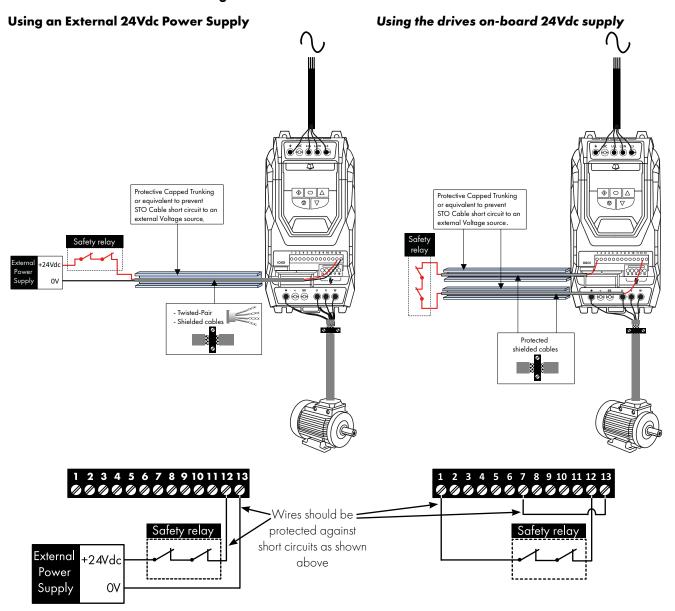


The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation should also be followed. The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24Vdc signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24Vdc on the drive or from an External 24Vdc power supply.

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#### 4.11.7. Recommended "STO" Wiring



NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 metres.

#### 4.11.8. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24Vdc
STO Logic High	18-30Vdc (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

#### 4.11.9. External Power Supply Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards in which the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30Vdc
Switching Current	100mA

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#### 4.11.10. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user. In order to ensure that the drive does not immediately re-start when the STO is energised, the 'start mode' (P2-36) should be set to 'Edge-r' as opposed to the default value of 'Auto-O'. This means that when the drive is ready to run (STO active and drive healthy), it will only start when it sees a rising edge on the run command.

#### 4.11.11. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
  - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.11.3. "STO" Operation and 4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
  - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
  - o Check that the drive displays "InHibit" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section 4.11.3. "STO" Operation and 4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring "STO" Function Maintenance.

The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work.

If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 12.1. Fault Messages for further guidance.

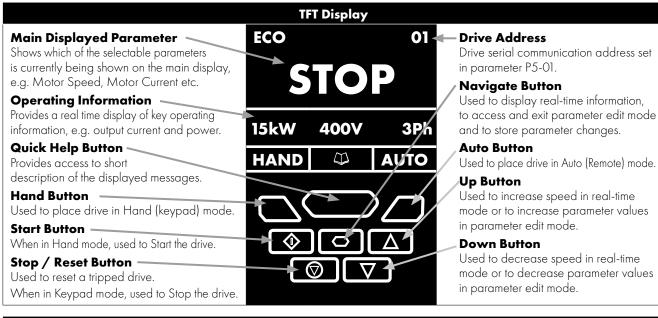
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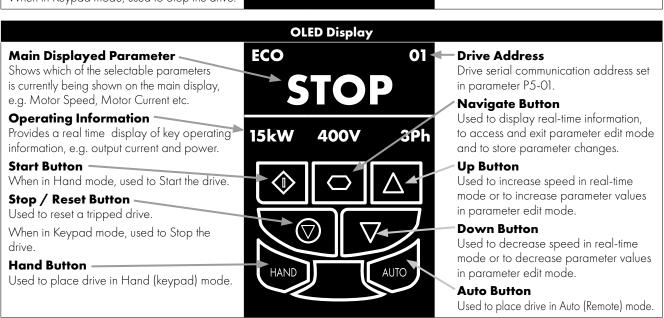
## 5. Keypad and Display Operation

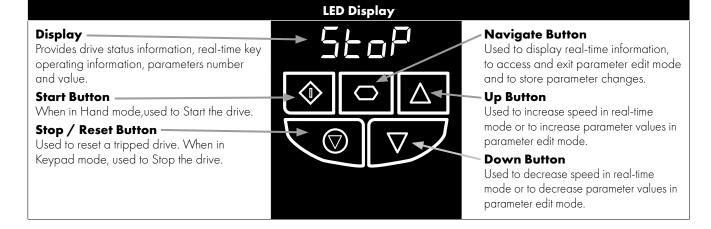
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

#### 5.1. OLED Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.







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### 5.2. Selecting the Language on the OLED Display

ECO 01	Select Language	Select Language	
STOP	Español Deutsch	Español Deutsch	
15kW 400V 3Ph	English	English	
Hold down the Start and Up keys for >1s	Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.	

#### **5.2.1. Operating Displays**

Inhibit / STO Active	Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Frequency Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display
LED Display:					
I nh ibb	5toP	H 50.0	A 2.3	P 1.50	ISOO
TFT and OLED Displ	ay:				
ECO 01	ECO 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01
INHIBIT	STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	<b>7</b> 18rpm
15kW 400V 3Ph	15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A
$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$				
Drive Inhibited. The STO connections are not made. Refer to section 4.11.7. Recommended "STO" Wiring on page 29.	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW).	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (Rpm).

### 5.3. Additional Display Messages

5.5. Addi	may mossages		
<b>Auto Tuning in Progress</b>	External 24VDC Supply	Overload	Fire Mode
LED Display:			
AULo-E	EEL-24	H 500	Not Indicated
TFT and OLED Display:			
	ECO 01	ECO 01	Fire Mode
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	OL 23.7Hz	
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 9.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 46.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08. LED display shows six flashing dots.	OLED display shows 'Fire Mode' flashing. LED shows no indication in display, but the fascia badge flashes.

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Switching Frequency Reduction		Mains Loss		Maintenance Time Elapsed			
LED Disp	LED Display:						
Not Indicated		Not Indicated		Not Indicated			
TFT and C	OLED Display:						
ECO	01	ECO	01	ECO	01		
SF↓	23.7Hz	ML	23.7Hz	ĭ	23.7Hz		
15.3A		15.3A	6.9kW	15.3A	6.9kW		
<b>*</b>		<b></b>		<b>*</b>			
Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.		The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.		The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.			

### **5.4. Changing Parameters**

LED Display:							
StoP	P I- 0 I	P I-08	A 5.3	P I-08	5toP		
TFT and OLED Displ	TFT and OLED Display:						
	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01		
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop		
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph		
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the Up and Down keys to select the required parameter.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys. Drives with	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display.		
	Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.		OLED display will show the maximum and minimum possible settings on the lower line of the display.				

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#### 5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive ECO provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the defaul parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to relaod the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Parameter Reset, LED Display:			User Parameter Reset, LED Display :			
5toP	P-dEF	StoP	5toP	U- dEF	5toP	
Factory Paramete	er Reset, TFT and OLE	D Display :	User Parameter Reset, TFT and OLED Display:			
ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	
Stop P-Def		Stop	Stop U-Def		Stop	
15kW 400V 3PI	50.0Hz	15kW 400V 3Ph	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph	
	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\bigcirc$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	$\Diamond \bigcirc \triangle$	
Press and hold the Up Down, Start and Stop keys for >2s.	'   ' '	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.	Press and hold the Up, Down and Stop keys for >2s.	The display shows U-def. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.	

### 5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive ECO has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 12.1. Fault Messages on page 72.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12 = 6, reset via BACnet.

#### 5.7. Selecting Between Hand and Auto Control

A Stop			н Stop ‡		
37kW	400V	3Ph	37kW	400V	3Ph
A = Auto			H = Hand		
The active control source is shown on the OLED display. Use the Hand and Auto buttons on the keypad to switch between control sources.			Hand mode permits drive control directly from the drive keypad. Auto mode control source is configured with Parameter P1-12 (Control Mode)		

**NOTE** The use of the Hand and Auto buttons can be disabled by adjusting the setting of P2-39 Parameter Access Lock.

These buttons are not avialable in size 2 and 3 (IP20).

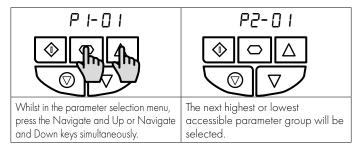
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#### 5.8. Keypad Short Cuts

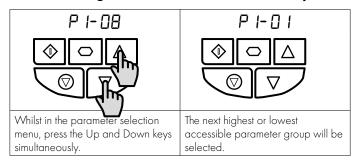
The following short cuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

#### 5.8.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

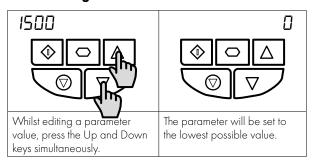
When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 9. Extended Parameters on page 40), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.



#### 5.8.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

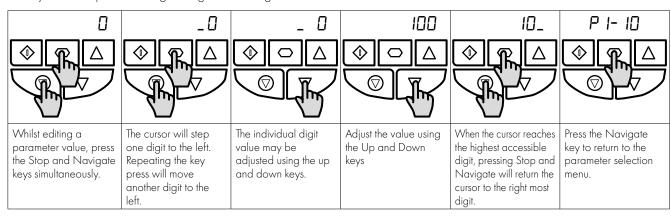


#### 5.8.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value



#### 5.8.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500 Rpm, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.



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## 6. Commissioning

#### 6.1. General

The following guidelines apply to all applications:

#### 6.1.1. Entering the Motor Nameplate Information

Optidrive Eco uses the information from the motor nameplate to:

- Operate the mot or with the best possible efficiency level.
- Protect the motor against possible damage due to operation in overload condition.

In order to achieve this, the Optidrive requires that the following information from the motor nameplate is entered into the parameters:

P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage. This is the operating voltage for the motor in its present wiring configuration (Star or Delta). The maximum output voltage from the Optidrive can never exceed the incoming supply voltage.

**P1-08 Motor Rated Current.** This is the full load current of the motor from the nameplate.

P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency. This is the standard operating frequency of the motor, generally 50 or 60Hz.

P1-10 Motor Rated Speed. This parameter can optionally be set to the Rpm shown on the motor nameplate. When this parameter is entered, all speed related parameters in the drive are displayed in Rpm. When the parameter is set to zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz.

#### 6.1.2. Minimum and Maximum Frequencies / Speeds

Optidrive Eco units are factory set to operate the motor from zero up to base speed (50 or 60Hz output). In general, this operating range is suitable for a wide range of requirements, however in some cases it may be desired to adjust these limits, e.g. where the maximum speed of a fan or pump may provide excessive flow, or where operation below a certain speed is never required. In this case, the following parameters can be adjusted to suit the application:

P1-01 Maximum Frequency. In general this should match the motor rated frequency. If operation above this frequency is desired, confirmation from the motor manufacturer, and the manufacturer of any connected fan or pump should be sought that this is permissible, and will not cause damage to the equipment.

P1-02 Minimum Frequency. A suitable minimum can be set to prevent the motor operating at low speed, which may cause the motor to overheat. In some applications, such as a pump circulating water through a boiler, it may be necessary to set a speed to ensure the boiler does not run dry during operation.

#### 6.1.3. Acceleration and Deceleration Ramp Times

Optidrive Eco units are factory set with acceleration and deceleration ramp rates set to 30 seconds. The default value is suitable for the majority of applications but can be altered by changing the values in parameters P1-03 and P1-04. Care must be taken to ensure the driven load is capable of performing the specified ramps and that nuisance trips due to excessively short ramp times are not

The ramp times entered in the parameter set always specify the time taken to ramp between OHz and motor rated speed P1-09. For example: If ramp rate = 30 seconds and P1-09 (motor vase speed) = 50Hz, and assuming the motor is currently running at 25Hz and the drive is commanded to accelerate to 50Hz. The time taken to reach 50Hz would be 30 seconds (P1-03) / 50 (P1-09) \* 25 (required change in speed) = 15(s).

P1-03 Acceleration Ramp Rate: Time taken for the drive to accelerate the motor from OHz to Motor base speed, P1-09 in seconds. P1-04 Deceleration Ramp Rate: Time taken for the drive to decelerate the motor from Motor base speed, P1-09 to OHz in seconds.

#### 6.1.4. Stop Mode Selection

Optidrive Eco units can be programmed to either apply a fixed deceleration to the motor during stopping, or to release control of the motor and allow it to coast or free-wheel to a stop. The default selection is for the drive is ramp to stop and behaviour is programmed using parameter P1-05.

P1-05 Stop Mode Select: Defines how the motor will be stopped in the event of the enable input being removed from the drive. Ramp to stop (P1-05 = 0) will ramp the drive to stop using the value for deceleration entered in P1-04. Coast to stop (P1-05 = 1) will allow the motor to coast to stop (uncontrolled).

#### 6.1.5. Voltage Boost

Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starting torque. Excessive boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required.

The default value for Torque boost is set 0.0%, and this should only be increased if the starting torque is insufficient. Ensure that the correct Constant or Variable Torque mode is set in P4-01 before adjusting the boost.

P1-11 Torque Boost: Set as a percentage of motor rated voltage P1-07.

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# 7. Parameters

#### 7.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive Eco Extended Parameter set consists of 7 groups as follows:

- Group 1 Basic Parameter Set
- Group 2 Extended Parameter Set
- Group 3 User PID Control Parameter Set
- Group 4 Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Communications Parameter Set
- Group 8 Application Specific Functions Parameter Set
- Group 0 Monitoring and Diagnostic Parameters (Read Only).

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, P1-14 must be set to the same value as P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 – 5 and group 8 can be accessed, along with the first 39 parameters in Group 0. These parameters are listed in the tables below.

For advanced parameter access, P1-14 can be set to the same value as P6-30 (Default setting = 201), which allows access to all parameter groups and ranges. Advanced parameter descriptions are listed in the advanced user guide.

Values given in brackets () are default settings for horsepower rated drive models.

# 7.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

Par.	Para	meter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P1-01	Maxi	mum Frequency/S <sub>I</sub>	peed Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm	
	If P1-1  NOTI  5 ×  5 ×	0 >0, the value entered E The maximum possible P1-09 P1-10	motor speed limit – Hz or / displayed is in Rpm. setting of is limited to the lo					
P1-02	Minir	num Frequency/Sp	eed Limit	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm	
	Minim If P1-1	um speed limit – Hz or F O >0, the value entered	lpm. / displayed is in Rpm.					
P1-03	Accel	eration Ramp Time		0.0	6000.0	30.0	Seconds	
	Accele	eration ramp time from 0	to base speed (P1-09) in	d (P1-09) in seconds.				
P1-04	Dece	leration Ramp Time		0.0	6000.0	30.0	Seconds	
	Decel	eration ramp time from b	ase speed (P1-09) to stand	dstill in seconds.				
P1-05	Stop	Mode		0	1	0	-	
	0	Ramp	When the enable P1-04 as describ	able signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by cribed above.				
	1 (	Coast	When the enable	able signal is removed the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop.				
	2	AC Flux Braking	Provides additional braking torque capability when decelerating.		celerating.			
P1-07	Moto	r Rated Voltage / k	E	0	Drive Rating	g Dependent	Volts	
			ter the rated (nameplate) v Enter the back EMF at rated	-	(Volts).			
P1-08	Moto	r Rated Current		Drive Rating	g Dependent	100% drive rated current	Amps	
	This po	arameter should be set to	the rated (nameplate) cur	rent of the motor.				
P1-09	Moto	r Rated Frequency		25	500	50 (60)	Hz	
	This po	arameter should be set to	the rated (nameplate) cur	rent of the motor.				

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Par.	Par	ameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P1-10	Мо	tor Rated Speed		0	30000	0	Rpm	
	relat nam	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) Rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated Rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.						
P1-11	Torque Boost 0.0 0.0 Drive Rating % Dependent							
	spee temp settin For I app This	ue Boost is used to increase the ded and starting torque. Increasing perature rising - force ventilation on that may be safely used.  M motors, a suitable setting can roximately 5Hz, and adjusting P1 parameter is also effective when x P1-11 x P1-08.	the boost level will in of the motor may then usually be found by c -11 until the motor cu	ncrease motor curre be required. In ge experating the motor rrent is approximat	ent at low speed, veneral, the lower the runder very low or tely the magnetising	which may result in the motor power, the land no load conditions governent.	ne motor nigher the boosi at	
P1-12	Prir	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-	
	0	Terminal Control	The drive respond	s directly to signals	applied to the cor	ntrol terminals.		
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional	The drive can be o	controlled in the for	ward direction onl	y using an external o	or remote	
	2	Keypad control - uni-directional	As above.					
	3	PID Control	The output frequer	cy is controlled by	the internal PID co	introller.		
	4	Fieldbus Control	By the selected Fie	eldbus (Group 5 Pc	arameters) – Exclud	ded BACnet (see op	otion 6).	
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a	Slave to a connec	cted Optidrive ope	rating in Master M	ode.	
	6	BACNet MS/TP Mode	Drive communicate	es / responds as c	a slave within a BA	Cnet network.		
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Function		0	14	1	-	
	Defines the function of the digital inputs. When set to 0 the inputs are user defined using group 9 parameters or the PLC software function in the OptiTools Studio software package. When set to a value other than 0 the digital input configuration is defined by digital input definition table (see section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13).							
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access		0	30000	0	-	
	P1-1	meter Access Control. The follow $4 \Leftrightarrow P2-40$ and $P1-14 \Leftrightarrow P6-30$ $4 = P2-40$ (101 default): Allows $4 = P6-30$ (201 default): Allows	D: Allows access to Parameter	arameter Group 1 Groups 0 - 5 and g	,			

# 8. Control Terminal Functions

# 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13	Local (Hand) Control Function	Digital Input 1 (Terminal 2)	Digital In (Termina	put 2 al 3)	In	gital out 3 ninal 4)	Inp (Terr	alog ut 1 minal 5)	(Т	Analog Input 2 erminal 10)	Notes
0	N/A	All functions User defi	ned in Menu 9 c	or configure	ed throu	gh PLC fur	nction ir	n OptiTc	ols stu	dio software suite	
1 *(3)		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ PI Set-point 2	eration		mote Ctrl al Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	When Input 3 is Closed:
2	Analog	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	ole)		mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Reference = Analog Input 2
3	Input 2	O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Forward C: Reverse			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Start Command = Input 1 In PI Mode,
4		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Fire Mode <sup>*</sup> C: Normal Ope			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Analog Input 1 must be used for feedback
5		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Preset Spee C: Preset Spee			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	C: N	xt Trip Iormal ration	When Input 3 is Closed:
6	Preset Speeds	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	ole)		mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1		reset 1 eset 21	Speed Reference = Preset Speed
7		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Forward C: Reverse			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1		reset 1 eset 2	1 / 2 Start Command
8		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Fire Mode C: Normal Op			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1		reset 1 eset 2	= Input 1
<b>9</b> *(3)		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ PI Set-point 2	peration		mote Ctrl al Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	
10 <sup>*(3)</sup>	Keypad	O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ PI Set-point 2	eration		mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	C: N	xt Trip Iormal ration	When Input 3 is Closed: Speed Reference =
11	Speed Reference	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	ole)		mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Keypad Start Command
12		O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Forward C: Reverse			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	= Determined by P2-37
13		O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Fire Mode <sup>*</sup> C: Normal Op			mote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	
				Digit input	al 3	Anal inpu		Ana inpu	log	Preset Speed	
				Off		Off		0		Preset Speed 1	
				On		Off		0		Preset Speed 2	
		O: Stop	O: Forward	Off		On		0	f	Preset Speed 3	
14		C: Run	C: Reverse	On		On		0	f	Preset Speed 4	
				Off		Off		0		Preset Speed 5	
				On		Off		0		Preset Speed 6	
				Off		On		0		Preset Speed 7	
				On		On		0	1	Preset Speed 8	

### **Notes**

NOTE "Motor thermistor trip" connection is via analog input 2 and is configured by parameter P2-33 (PLc-Lh).

<sup>\*(1):</sup> Logic shown is as per the default setting. Fire mode logic can be configured through parameter P8-09.

<sup>\*(2)</sup>: Default setting for P1-13 = 1.

<sup>\*(3):</sup> When the drive is in PID control (P1-12 = 3) and digital preset reference is selected (P3-05 = 0) then P1-13 can be set to 1, 9, or 10 to allow selection between two independent digital references using digital input 2. Digital preset reference 1 and 2 are set in P3-06 and P3-15 respectively.

# 9. Extended Parameters

Par	Param	eter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-01	Preset	Frequency / Speed 1		-P1-01	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpn
P2-02	Preset	Frequency / Speed 2		-P1-01	P1-01	40.0	Hz / Rpn
P2-03	Preset	Frequency / Speed 3		-P1-01	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpn
P2-04	Preset	Frequency / Speed 4		-P1-01	P1-01	P1-01	Hz / Rpr
	<ul><li>Con Para</li><li>Using</li></ul>	peeds can be selected by: figuring P1-13 to an option that p imeter P1-13).  g the user defined logic configure figured through the drive PLC fun-	ation parameters in Po	arameter Group 9	).	. Digital Input Conf	guration
P2-05	Preset	Speed 5 / Clean 1		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz /Rpm
	Preset sp	peed 5 is automatically reference peed 5 can be selected as per p		unction when this	is enabled. When t	he Pump Clean fun	
P2-06	Preset	Speed 6 / Clean 2		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpr
		peed 6 is automatically reference peed 6 can be selected as per a			is enabled. When t	he Pump Clean fun	ction is disabl
P2-07	Preset	Speed 7 / Boost Speed 1 /	Pump Stir Speed	-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpr
		peed 7 is automatically reference d. When they are disabled, Prese				tion, when these fu	nctions are
P2-08	Preset Speed 8 / Boost Speed 2		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpr	
		peed 8 is automatically reference 3 can be selected as per preset s		Boost function whe	en this function is en	abled. When disak	oled, Preset
P2-09	Skip F	requency Centre Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpr
P2-10	<ul><li>Lowe</li><li>Upp</li><li>All skip</li></ul>	the centre point of the skip frequency limit = P2-09 - P2-10/2 er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forward for the state of the state of the skip frequency Band Width	,		,	0.0	U- / D
P 2- 10						0.0	Hz / Rpr
		the width of the skip frequency b er limit = P2-09 - P2-10/2	ana. The wiain of the	skip irequency ba	ina is defined by:		
	■ Upp	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv	vard speeds are mirro	ored for negative s	speeds.		
P2-11	Upp All skip  Analog	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi	nal 8)	ored for negative s	speeds.	8	-
P2-11	Upp All skip  Analog	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv	nal 8)		i i	8	
P2-11	Upp All skip  Analog	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi	nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the	• Optidrive is enabl	12 led (Running).	8	-
P2-11	<ul><li>Upp</li><li>All skip</li><li>Analog</li><li>Digital</li></ul>	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2	nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the	0	12 led (Running).	8	
P2-11	<ul><li>Upp</li><li>All skip</li><li>Analog</li><li>Digital</li><li>O</li></ul>	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running	Logic 1 When no	Optidrive is enabl	12 led (Running).		-
P2-11	<ul><li>Upp</li><li>All skip</li><li>Analog</li><li>Digital</li><li>O</li><li>1</li></ul>	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy	Logic 1 When the Logic 1 When the Logic 1 when the	Optidrive is enabl	led (Running). iists on the drive. matches the setpoir		•
P2-11	Analog Digital 0 1	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed	Logic 1 When no Logic 1 when the Logic 1 when the Logic 1 when the	Optidrive is enable Fault condition ex output frequency motor runs above	led (Running). iists on the drive. matches the setpoir	nt frequency.	-
P2-11	Analog Digital 0 1 2 3	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the	Optidrive is enable Fault condition ex output frequency motor runs above motor speed exce	led (Running). ists on the drive. matches the setpoir zero speed.	nt frequency.	-
P2-11	Digital O 1 2 3 4	er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for forv g Output 1 Function (Termi Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the	Optidrive is enable Fault condition ex output frequency motor runs above motor speed excemotor current excemotor current exce	led (Running). iists on the drive. matches the setpoir zero speed. eeds the adjustable	It frequency.	-

value programmed in P2-17.

Analo	g Output Mode	
8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.
9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.
10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor rated torque.
11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rated power.
12	PID Output	Output from the internal PID Controller, 0 – 100%.

Par	Param	neter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-12	Analo	g Output 1 Format		-	-	ט ס- וס	-				
	U 0- 10	) = 0 to 10V		l							
	и 10-0	3 = 10  to OV									
	A 0-50	$\mathbf{J} = 0$ to $20$ mA									
		] = 20 to 0mA									
	==	J = 4  to  20mA									
	# 20-4 = 20 to 4mA										
P2-13	Analog Output 2 Function 0 12 9 - Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC										
		•			1.7						
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).								
	1	Drive healthy		Fault condition ex							
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the	output frequency i	matches the setpoint	frequency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the	Logic 1 when the motor runs above zero speed.							
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor speed exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the m	otor torque excee	ds the adjustable lim	nit.					
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the si	gnal applied to the	e Analog Input 2 exc	ceeds the adjustab	ole limit.				
	to Logic	When using settings 4 – 7, param : 1 when the selected signal exce rogrammed in P2-20.	neters P2-19 and P2- eds the value progra	20 must be used to mmed in P2-19, ar	ogether to control the nd return to Logic 0 v	e behaviour. The o when the signal fal	utput will switch Is below the				
	Analo	g Output Mode									
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.								
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-	08.							
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of mo	tor rated torque.							
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of driv	e rated power.							
	12	PID output	Output from the in	nternal PID Control	ler, 0 – 100%.						
P2-14	Analo	g Output 2 Format	·	-	-	U 0- 10	-				
	D- ID = 0 to 10V										
	O- O = 1										
	A 0-50	J = 0  to  20mA									
		] = 20 to 0mA									
		3 = 4  to  20mA									
	H 50-7	H = 20  to  4mA									

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Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-15	Relay 1 Function	0	14	1	-				
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC								
	Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 1. The relay has relay is active, and therefore the normally open contact is clo contact is opened (terminals 14 and 16 will no longer be cor	sed (terminals 14 c	d normally closed and 15 will be linked	contacts. Logic 1 ind d together) and the r	licates the normally close				
	Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2-16 and P2-17. The Output switches to Logic 1 (24 Volt DC) when the chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-16) and resets to Logic 0 (0 Volt DC) when the chosen analog value reduces below the Lower Threshold (P2-17).  O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.								
	1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.								
	2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the								
	3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output freque	,							
	4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed								
	5: Motor current >=limit. Logic 1 when the motor current								
	6: Motor Torque >=limit. Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit. 7: Application by 2 = limit. Logic 1, when the signal applied to the Application by 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	7: Analog input 2 >=limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit. 8: Reserved. No Function.								
		F:							
	9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time								
	11 : Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-ma				indination th				
	drive is ready for automatic control.	ode, no irips dre pi	eseni, and the sale	iy circuir is enablea	maicaing in				
	12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and	d the display show	s the fault code.						
	13 : STO Status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STC			ole to be operated.					
	14 : PID error >=limit. The PID Error (difference between				arammed lin				
	15 : Low & high current warning. Logic 1 when the lo	•	-		-				
	or low load condition has been detected – usually used to sig	gnal pump blockaç	ge or burst pipe.	91000101000	na a mgn io				
P2-16	Relay 1 / AO1 Upper Limit	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%				
	Setting the upper limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re	efer to P2-11 or P2	- 15.						
P2-17	Relay 1 / AO1 Lower Limit	0	P2-16	0.0	%				
	Setting the lower limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re	efer to P2-11 or P2	- 15.						
P2-18	Relay 2 Function	0	14	0	-				
	Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together.			,					
	Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2-19 and P2-20. The Output switches to Logic 1 (24 Volt DC) when the chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) and resets to Logic 0 (0 Volt DC) when the chosen analog value reduce								
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).	and resets to Logic (	) (0 Volt DC) when	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).	and resets to Logic (	) (0 Volt DC) when	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20). <b>O: Drive running.</b> Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.	and resets to Logic (		the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the c	and resets to Logic ( drive and no fault e	×ists.	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the c 2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the	and resets to Logic ( drive and no fault e he set-point freque	xists. ncy.	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of	and resets to Logic ( drive and no fault e he set-point freque ency to the motor e	xists. ncy. xceeds 0.0Hz.	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the c  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the company of the control of	drive and no fault e he set-point freque ency to the motor e exceeds the adjus	xists. ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit.	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.	drive and no fault enter the set-point frequence ency to the motor ency to the adjust exceeds the adjust encountered the exceeds the adjust encountered the exceeds the adjust encountered the exceeds the excee	xists. ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit.	the chosen analog	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the context of the contex	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequerency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjusted exceeds the exceeds	xists. ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit.	·	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequence ency to the motor exceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjustic exceeds the adjustic exceeds the adjustic exceeds the adjustic to the Analog	xists. ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. Input 2 exceeds the	·	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of the case o	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequerency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjusted exceeds the adjusted to the Analog apstaging –DOLC	xists. ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit. Input 2 exceeds the ascade.	e adjustable limit.	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the control of the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in	drive and no fault enterests to Logic (drive and no fault enterest) and no fault enterest of the motor enterest to the motor enterest the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust enterest exceeds the adjust enterest exceeds the adjust enterest exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the Analog ap staging –DOL C	xists.  ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit. Input 2 exceeds the fascade. Node input is active	e adjustable limit.	C) when the value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the control of the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequence ency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjusted to the Analog apstaging -DOL Compared fire Mode (Fire Mode (Fire Mode)	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Inode input is active that Maintenance	e adjustable limit. I. is now due.	value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-modrive is ready for automatic control.	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequence ency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjustified to the Analog apstaging –DOLC Fire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are productions)	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Inode input is active that Maintenance tresent, and the safe	e adjustable limit. I. is now due.	value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the control of the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-madrive is ready for automatic control.  12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequence ency to the motor ency to the adjust exceeds the Analog apstaging –DOL Confire Mode (Fire Mode) are expires indicating add, no trips are put the display show	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Itable input is active g that Maintenance resent, and the safe	e adjustable limit. I. is now due. ty circuit is enabled	value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-modrive is ready for automatic control.  12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and 13: STO status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STC).	drive and no fault enthe set-point frequency to the motor enterceds the adjustant exceeds the adjustant exceeds the adjustant exceeds the adjustant exceeds the adjusted to the Analog apstaging –DOL Confire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are product) inputs are presenthed	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Inode input is active to that Maintenance tresent, and the safe to and the drive is able to a drive is a drive is able to a drive is a drive in a drive in a drive in a drive in a drive is a drive in a drive	e adjustable limit.  I.  is now due. ty circuit is enabled  ble to be operated.	value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-madrive is ready for automatic control.  12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and 13: STO status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STC 14: PID error >= limit. The PID Error (difference between	drive and no fault en the set-point frequence ency to the motor ency to the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjusted to the Analog apstaging –DOL Confire Mode (Fire Mode) (Fire Mode) are expires indicating to the display show the display show of the display show of the display show are present setpoint and feedbare.	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Indode input is active by that Maintenance resent, and the safe sack) is greater that back) is greater that	e adjustable limit.  I.  Is now due.  Ity circuit is enabled  The solution of equal to the pro	indicating the				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of	drive and no fault en the set-point frequerency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the Analog postaging –DOL Confire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are product the display show of the display show of the display show of the adjust and feedbad monitoring has	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Indode input is active by that Maintenance resent, and the safe stand the drive is aboack) is greater that been enabled usin	e adjustable limit.  I.  Is now due.  Ity circuit is enabled  The solution of equal to the pro	value reduce				
D2.10	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum.  9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-madrive is ready for automatic control.  12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and 13: STO status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STC 14: PID error >= limit. The PID Error (difference between 15: Low & high current warning. Logic 1 when the logic	drive and no fault en the set-point frequerency to the motor en exceeds the adjust the Analog apstaging -DOL Compart of the Analog apstaging -DOL Compart of the Analog and the display show of the display show of the display show of the display show of the adjust are present set point and feed and monitoring has and pump blockages.	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Itadode input is active at the cascade.  Itadode input code.  It and the drive is aboack) is greater that been enabled usinge or burst pipe.	e adjustable limit.  I.  is now due.  ty circuit is enabled  ble to be operated.  n or equal to the pro g P8-06 to P8-08 a	indicating the grammed lim				
P2-19	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case of the c	drive and no fault en the set-point frequerency to the motor energy to the adjust exceeds the adjust end to the Analog apstaging –DOLC Fire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are product, and the display shown) inputs are present setpoint and feedbad monitoring has agnal pump blockage.	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Inode input is active by that Maintenance resent, and the safe stand the drive is aboack) is greater than been enabled usinge or burst pipe.	e adjustable limit.  I.  Is now due.  Ity circuit is enabled  The solution of equal to the pro	value reduce				
	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) as below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case.  3: Motor speed > 0. Logic 1 when the drive output frequency matches the case.  4: Motor speed >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor speed.  5: Motor current >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor current.  6: Motor torque >= limit. Logic 1 when the motor torque.  7: Analog input 2 >= limit. 1 Logic when the signal apple.  8: Assist pump 1 control (DOL*). See section 7.1, Pum. 9: Fire mode active. Logic 1 when the drive in running in 10: Maintenance due. Logic 1 when Maintenance Time.  11: Drive ready to run. Logic 1 when drive is in Auto-madrive is ready for automatic control.  12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped and 13: STO status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STC 14: PID error >= limit. The PID Error (difference between 15: Low & high current warning. Logic 1 when the logic low load condition has been detected – usually used to signal the upper limited value for P2-13 and P2-18, please restricted.	drive and no fault en the set-point frequency to the motor en exceeds the adjust the Analog of the Analog of the Mode (Fire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are product) inputs are present at the display show the display show the display show the experies and feedbad monitoring has and pump blockage of the P2-13 or P2-13 or P2-13 or P2-14 frequency to the model of the exception of t	xists.  ncy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit. Input 2 exceeds the fascade. Node input is active of that Maintenance resent, and the safe stand the drive is aboack) is greater that been enabled usin ge or burst pipe.  200.0	e adjustable limit.  I. is now due. ty circuit is enabled to be operated. In or equal to the pro g P8-06 to P8-08 a	indicating the grammed lin nd a high loc				
P2-19	chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) a below the Lower Threshold (P2-20).  0: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.  1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case.  2: At speed. Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the case of the c	drive and no fault en the set-point frequerency to the motor energy to the adjust exceeds the adjust end to the Analog apstaging –DOLC Fire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are product, and the display shown) inputs are present setpoint and feedbad monitoring has agnal pump blockage.	exists.  Incy.  Exceeds 0.0Hz.  Itable limit.  Istable limit.  Input 2 exceeds the cascade.  Inode input is active by that Maintenance resent, and the safe stand the drive is aboack) is greater than been enabled usinge or burst pipe.	e adjustable limit.  I.  is now due.  ty circuit is enabled  ble to be operated.  n or equal to the pro g P8-06 to P8-08 a	indicating the grammed lim				

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Setting the lower limited value for P2-13 and P2-18, please refer to P2-13 or P2-18.

ar	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-21	Display Scaling Factor	-30.000	30.000	0.000	-			
	Determines the factor for scaling display.	1						
	The variable selected in P2-22 is scaled by the fac	tor set in P2-21.						
2-22	Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-			
	Source value used when custom units are to be sho	own on the drive display.						
	0 : Motor Speed							
	1 : Motor Current							
	2 : Analog Input 2 3 : P0-80 Value							
	NOTE P2-21 & P2-22 allow the user to program	tha Oatidriya dianlay ta ahayy	an alternative oute	ut unit andlad fram	an aviation			
	parameter (for example, to display conveyer spee	d in metres per second based	I on the output frequ	Jency).	r arr existing			
	This function is disabled if P2-21 is set to 0. If P2-21		ed in P2-22 is multip	olied by the factor	entered in P2			
20.02	and is shown on the drive display whilst the drive is	1	60.0	0.0	C			
2-23	Zero Speed Holding Time	0.0	60.0	0.2	Second			
	Determines the time for which the drive output frequency							
2-24	Effective Switching Frequency		e Rating Depen		kHz			
	Effective power stage switching frequency. Higher waveform, at the expense of increased drive losse.		oise from the moto	r, and improve the	output curren			
	NOTE De-rating of the drive output current may b		2-24 beyond the m	inimum settina. Re	fer to section			
	11.7.3. Derating for Switching Frequency for further	information.	,					
2-25	Fast Decel Ramp Time	0.00	240.0	0.0	Second			
	This parameter allows an alternative deceleration i	ramp down time to be progra	mmed into the Opti	drive.				
	Fast Deceleration ramp is selected Automatically in	·	oss if $P2-38 = 2$ .					
	When ramp rate in P2-25 is set to 0.0, the drive wi	· ·						
	Fast deceleration ramp can also be selected using	the user defined logic config	uration parameters	in menu 9 (P9-02	), or selection			
		O "T I C I C " DO	r.		,,			
	configured through the drive PLC function using the OptiTools Studio Suite PC software.' In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 and P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp time is applied to both acceleration and deceleration							
	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an	: OptiTools Studio Suite PC sc d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti	ftware. me is applied to bo	th acceleration ar	nd deceleratio			
		· OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram	ftware. me is applied to bo	th acceleration ar	nd deceleratio			
22-26	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing s	· OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram	ftware. me is applied to bo	th acceleration ar	nd deceleratio			
22-26	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing s which may be useful in pump and compressor app  Spin Start Enable	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram plications.	oftware. The is applied to be possible when operating and the control of the cont	oth acceleration are putside of the norm	nd decelerational speed rang			
22-26	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing s which may be useful in pump and compressor app Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor of the moto	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram plications.	oftware.  The is applied to be possible of the	th acceleration are putside of the norm	nd decelerational speed rang			
P2-26	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram plications.	oftware.  The is applied to be possible of the	th acceleration are putside of the norm	nd decelerational speed range			
P2-26	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram plications.	oftware.  The is applied to be possible of the	th acceleration are putside of the norm	nd decelerational speed range			
<b>?2-26</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled 1: Enabled	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  •  if the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific	oftware.  The is applied to be possible of the	th acceleration are putside of the norm	nd decelerational speed range			
	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  0: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti election of an alternative ram plications.  O  if the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) spec	oftware. The is applied to be possible to be possib	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1  detect rotational nay be observed when the content is a content in the content is a content in the content in th	and deceleration all speed range speed and when starting t			
	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  OptiTools P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  OptiTools Studio Suite PC so an alternative ram- plications.  OptiTools Studio Suite PC so	offware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the population o	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1 a detect rotational may be observed w	and deceleration all speed range speed and when starting to Second			
	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  Optimize the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific to the drive operates at the frequency	thware. me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating ope	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1 a detect rotational may be observed and the observed of the norm  0.0	speed and when starting speed thresholds			
	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  Optimize the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific to the drive operates at the frequency	thware. me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating ope	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1 a detect rotational may be observed and the observed of the norm  0.0	speed and when starting  Second  speed thresh			
<b>22-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or  Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  Optimize the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific to the drive operates at the frequency	thware. me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating ope	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1 a detect rotational may be observed and the observed of the norm  0.0	speed and when starting to speed thresholds			
P2-26 P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or  Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive or P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slave	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  O  if the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specified by the drive operates at the frequent putput will be disabled, and the	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
<b>P2-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  O  if the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specified by the drive operates at the frequent putput will be disabled, and the	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
<b>P2-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  Optition    if the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specified by the drive operates at the frequent put will be disabled, and the mode (P1-12=5) only. The least studies are mode (P1-12=5) only.	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
<b>P2-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- plications.  Optimize the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific the motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specific the drive operates at the frequent putput will be disabled, and the mode (P1-12=5) only. The key	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating operat	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
<b>P2-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- oblications.  Optithe motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specially speciall	thware. me is applied to be p when operating of the deal of the deal of the deal operation of the deal	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
<b>P2-27</b>	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29)	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- oblications.  Optithe motor is already rotating from its present (detected) specially speciall	thware. me is applied to be p when operating of the deal of the deal of the deal operation of the deal	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1  a detect rotational may be observed with the control of the contro	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable.			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  The drive operates at the frequent will be disabled, and the operate of the coupling of the drive operates at the frequent of the coupling of the coup	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed with the function of the funct	speed and when starting to speed threshotion is disable y a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or  Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave Speed Scaling factor used in conjunction with	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  De mode (P1-12=5) only. The key and on purple stop on	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed with the function of the funct	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable by a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  De mode (P1-12=5) only. The key and on purple stop on	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 1 P3-14 (Standby 5Endby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm of	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable by a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U 0- 10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  De mode (P1-12=5) only. The key and on purple stop on	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 1 P3-14 (Standby 5Endby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm of	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable by a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slave factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U D- D = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U D- D = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  De mode (P1-12=5) only. The key and on purple stop on	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 1 P3-14 (Standby 5Endby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm of	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable by a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U: 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-10 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-10 = -10 to + 10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar).	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  De mode (P1-12=5) only. The key and on purple stop on	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 1 P3-14 (Standby 5Endby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm of	speed and when starting to speed threshottion is disable by a preset sca			
P2-27 P2-28	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor for drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U: 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-10 = -10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar).  R: 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  The drive operates at the frequent will be disabled, and the operation of the mode (P1-12=5) only. The left of the mode (P1-12=5) only. The left of the mode (P1-2=8)  Coast Stop  Coast S	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 2 n P3-14 (Standby SEndby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm o	speed and when starting to speed threshotion is disable a preset score a preset s			
22-27	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor of drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-25  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U: 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-10 = -10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar).  R: 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.  E: 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will tri	OptiTools Studio Suite PC so d P2-09 = P1-02, this ramp ti- election of an alternative ram- slications.  O  if the motor is already rotating- from its present (detected) specially  Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  6. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  6. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  1. Coast Stop  2. Coast Stop  3. Coast Stop  4. Coast Stop  5. Coast Stop  6. Coast Stop  6. Coast Stop  9. Coast Stop  1. Coast	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating oper	nth acceleration are putside of the norm  1 2 detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 2 n P3-14 (Standby SEndby. The function of the multiplied by the second of the norm o	speed and when starting speed threshotion is disable y a preset sco			
22-27	In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 an when operating below minimum speed, allowing swhich may be useful in pump and compressor app.  Spin Start Enable  When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine direction. The drive will begin control of the motor for drive whilst the spin start function is completed.  O: Disabled  1: Enabled  2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Standby Mode Timer  This parameter defines the time period, whereby if for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive of P2-27 = 0.0.  Slave Speed Scaling Control  Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slav factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset.  O: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied.  1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29  2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29  Slave Speed Scaling Factor  Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with Analog Input 1 Format  U: 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  U: 10-10 = -10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar).  R: 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.	Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Coast Stop  Analog Input 1 Reference of the Analog Input 1 Referen	thware.  me is applied to be p when operating of the p when operating operating of the p when operating	th acceleration are putside of the norm  1 and detect rotational may be observed when the second of the norm  0.0 n P3-14 (Standby 5½ ndby). The function of the multiplied by the second of the second of the second of the norm of the n	speed and when starting  Second speed thresholding is disable to a preset score to a			

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ar	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-31	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
	P2-31 is used to scale the analog input prior to being applied the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the	d as a reference to he drive running at	the drive. For exam maximum speed (F	ple, if P2-30 is set f 1-01).	for 0 – 10V, an
P2-32	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	P2-32 defines an offset for the analog input, as a percentage incoming analog signal and a negative offset is added to the set to 10.0%, then 1 volt (10% of 10V) will be deducted from t	signal. For exampl	le, if P2-30 is set for	$\cdot$ 0 – 10V, and the $\circ$	d from the analog offset is
P2-33	Analog Input 2 Format	See E	Below	U 0- 10	-
	U D- D = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). U 1D-D = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar).  PEC-EH = Motor PTC Thermistor Input.  R D-2D = 0 to 20mA Signal.  E 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show  - 4-2D = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop  E 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show  - 2D-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop	if the signal level for the fault code <b>4-</b>	alls below 3mA. 20F if the signal lev		
P2-34	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
	P2-34 is used to scale the analog input prior to being applied the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in t	d as a reference to he drive running at	the drive. For exam maximum speed (F	ple, if P2-34 is set 1-01).	for 0 – 10V, aı
P2-35	Analog Input 2 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	P2-35 defines an offset for the analog input, as a percentage incoming analog signal and a negative offset is added to the set to 10.0%, then 1 volt (10% of 10V) will be deducted from t	signal. For exampl	le, if P2-33 is set for	$0 - 10V$ , and the $\sigma$	d from the analog offset i
P2-36	Start Mode Select / Automatic Restart	See E	Below	AUFo-O	-
	Defines the behaviour of the drive relating to the enable digitated by the drive will not start in an or reset to start the drive.  RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically to RULD-1 to RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up accorded down to reset the sounter. The number of restart at	if Digital Input 1 reinatically start if Dig	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second	nput must be closed d. intervals. The drive	d after a power must be
	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start in on or reset to start the drive.  #ULp-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autone #ULp-I to #ULp-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart atterive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  **DANGER! "#ULp" modes allow the drive to ##	if Digital Input 1 rea natically start if Dig to 5 attempts to re empts are counted the fault.	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fai	put must be closed d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find	d after a power must be al attempt, the
<b>22-37</b>	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start in on or reset to start the drive.  #ULo-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom #ULo-I to #ULo-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset	if Digital Input 1 rea natically start if Dig to 5 attempts to re empts are counted the fault.	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fai	put must be closed d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find	d after a power must be al attempt, the
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to on or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to a safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop an prior to stopping.	if Digital Input 1 reports of Digital Input 1 reports of the part of the fault.  Auto-start, therefore the drive and restart, the drive and restart	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fail refore the impace  7 e settings, the drive e will always initially will return to the las	intervals. The drive ls to start on the fine  ton system/Pe  2  waits for the keypa  run at the minimum t keypad set-point	must be al attempt, the ersonnel  d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to on or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to a safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop and 1: Previous speed, keypad start. Following a stop and start.	if Digital Input 1 reparts of Digital Input 1 reparts of the policy of the fault.  Auto-start, therefore the divergence of the divergence	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fai refore the impace e will always initially will return to the las	intervals. The drive ls to start on the find to system/Per 2 waits for the keypa trun at the minimum t keypad set-point ces (typically Hando operate at the last	must be all attempt, the ersonnel  d start button the speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto controst operating
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to no or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop an Prior to stopping.  2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrive is or Local / Remote controll), when switched to keypad mode by speed.  3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop and Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive start terminals.  4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stop and	if Digital Input 1 reparts of Digital Input 1 reparts of Digital Input 1 reparts of the fault.  Auto-start, there  Mode). With these and restart, the drive and restart, the drive and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the drive and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the drive and restart, the drive and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the drive and restart	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fail refore the impace e will always initially will return to the last litiple speed referent drive will always initi is is controlled by the will always initially return to the last rive will always initially will always initially return to the last rive will always initially return to the last	intervals. The drive ls to start on the fine of the keypa waits for the keypa verun at the minimum to keypad set-point ces (typically Hands o operate at the last ally run at Preset Spele enable digital input on the minimum spen at the minimum spe	must be all attempt, the ersonnel  d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto control st operating beed 4 (P2-04 out on the control poed P1-02.
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to no or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to a safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop an prior to stopping.  2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrive is or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by speed.  3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop and Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive start terminals.	if Digital Input 1 reparts of Digital Input 1 reparts of the facility of the fault.  Auto-start, there are counted the fault.  Auto-start, the drive of the facility of the fault.  Auto-start, the drive of the facility of t	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fair refore the impact of the settings, the drive estings, the drive will always initially will return to the last of the impact	intervals. The drive ls to start on the fine of the keypa waits for the keypa waits for the keypa or run at the minimum to keypad set-point cas (typically Hands o operate at the last ally run at Preset Spee enable digital input at the minimum specific point the mi	must be al attempt, the ersonnel  d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto control st operating peed 4 (P2-04 out on the control peed P1-02. It speed used and / Auto
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to no or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to a safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop an prior to stopping.  2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrive is or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by speed.  3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop and Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive start terminals.  4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stop and prior to stopping.  6: Current speed, terminal start. Where the Optidrive control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad operating speed.	if Digital Input 1 renatically start if Digital to 5 attempts to reempts are counted the fault.  Auto-start, there  Mode). With these and restart, the drive and restart, the drive and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the drive and re	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fail refore the impact of the settings, the drive estings, the drive will always initially will return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will always initially return to the last of the will return to the will return to the last of the will return to the will return t	intervals. The drive ls to start on the fine of the keypa waits for the keypa waits for the keypa or run at the minimum to keypad set-point cas (typically Hands operate at the last ally run at Preset Spee enable digital inpun at the minimum specific properate of the last keypad set-point rences (typically Hands operate opera	must be all attempt, the ersonnel  d start button the speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto controls to operating speed 4 (P2-04 aut on the controls to speed used and / Auto e at the last
	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to no or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset and the safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop and 1: Previous speed, keypad start. Following a stop and prior to stopping.  2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrive is or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by speed.  3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop and Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive start terminals.  4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Previous speed, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop and 5: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a stop an	if Digital Input 1 renatically start if Digital to 5 attempts to reempts are counted the fault.  Auto-start, there  Mode). With these and restart, the drive and restart, the drive and restart, the Optiditing in these modes and restart, the drive and re	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fai  refore the impace e will always initially will return to the last is is controlled by the will always initially re will always initially re will always initially re will return to the last will return to the last will always initially re will always initial	intervals. The drive ls to start on the fine of the keypa waits for the keypa vanathe in the minimum of the keypad set-point ces (typically Hando operate at the last enable digital input at the minimum specially run at the special run at the minimum special r	must be all attempt, the ersonnel  d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto control st operating peed 4 (P2-04 out on the control peed P1-02. It speed used and / Auto e at the last
P2-37	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start to no or reset to start the drive.  RUED-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will autom RUED-I to RUED-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart att drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset  DANGER! "RUED" modes allow the drive to a safety needs to be considered.  Keypad Start Mode  Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running.  O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stop an prior to stopping.  2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrive is or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by speed.  3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop and Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive start terminals.  4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stop and prior to stopping.  6: Current speed, terminal start. Where the Optidrive control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad operating speed.	if Digital Input 1 reports of Digital Input 1 reports of Digital Input 1 reports of the fault.  Auto-start, there  Mode). With these and restart, the drivent of restart, the drivent of the start, the Optical Input, the digital Input, the drestart, the drivent of the start, the Optical Indiana of the Start	mains closed. The Ir ital Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second I, and if the drive fai  refore the impace estings, the drive estill always initially will return to the las italiance will always initially and will always initially will always initially and will always initially and will always initially drive will always initially drive will always initially and always ini	intervals. The drive ls to start on the find it on system/Per 2 waits for the keypa waits for the keypa set-point ces (typically Hando operate at the last enable digital input at the minimum specific enable digital input at the minimum specific enable digital input at the minimum specific ences (typically Hando operate in the minimum specific ences (typically ences ences (typically ences en	must be all attempt, the ersonnel  d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used  I / Auto control st operating peed 4 (P2-04 out on the control peed P1-02. It speed used and / Auto e at the last

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-39	Parameter Lock	0	1	0	-
	<b>0 : Unlocked.</b> All parameters can be accessed and chang. <b>1 : Locked.</b> Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot		disables Hand and	d Auto button on k	eypad.
P2-40	Extended Menu Access Code	0	9999	101	-
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P1-14 to a	ccess parameter g	roups above Grou	p 1.	

# 9.2. Parameter Group 3 - PID Control

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P3-01	PID Proportional Gain	0.1	30.0	1.0	-			
	PID Controller Proportional Gain. Instantaneous error be P3-01 to produce the output from the PID controller. Hig frequency in response to changes in the PID set-point or	her values of proportional go	ain produce a larg	ger change in the	ultiplied by drive output			
P3-02	PID Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	Seconds			
	PID Controller Integral Time. Accumulated error in the PI to influence the output from the PID controller. P3-02 is the response. Lower values result is a faster system response.	he time constant for accumul						
23-03	PID Differential Time	0.00	1.00	0.00	Seconds			
	PID Differential Time Constant. The Differential time constant references the rate of change of the feedback signal over time and works to slow the rate of change of the PID controller, particularly as it approached the set-point. Setting a shorter time will decree overshoot but slow down response and may lead to instability.  NOTE P3-03 is set to 0 by default which disables the differential time constant. Care must be taken when adjusting this value outs of its default value.							
23-04	PID Operating Mode	0	1	0	-			
	<b>0 : Direct operation.</b> Use this mode if an increase in	the feedback signal should	result in an decre	ase in the motor s	speed.			
	1 : Inverse operation. Use this mode if an increase	in the feedback signal shoul	d result in an incre	ease in the motor	speed.			
P3-05	PID Reference Select	0	2	0	-			
P3-06	PID Digital Reference Value	0.0	100.0	0.0	%			
F3-00	When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital re		10000	0.0	/6			
P3-07	PID Output Upper Limit	P3-08	100.0	100.0	%			
	Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller.	ı			ı			
P3-08	PID Output Lower Limit	0.0	P3-07	0.0	%			
	Limits the minimum output from the PID controller.							
P3-09	PID Output Limit Select	0	3	0	-			
	O: Digital output limits. The output range of the PIE  1: Upper limit set by analog input 1. The output applied to Analog Input 1.	,			the signal			
	2: Lower limit set by analog input 1. The outpu & the value of P3-07.	t range of the PID controller	is limited by the sig	gnal applied to A	Analog Input 1			
	<b>3 : PID output added to analog input 1.</b> The outhe Analog Input 1.	tput value from the PID Conti	roller is added to	the speed referer	nce applied to			
P3-10	PID Feedback Select	0	5	0	-			
	Defines the source of the PID control feedback (location <b>0 : Analog input 2.</b> 0 – 100.0%.	of the feedback sensor).						

**5 : Largest (analog inpt 1, analog input 2).** The greater of Analog input 1 or Analog Input 2 is always used.

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Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P3-11	PID Error to Enable Ramp	0.0	25.0	0.0	%				
	Defines a threshold PID error level, whereby if the difference between the internal ramp times of the drive are disabled to allow the drive the tramp times are enabled to limit the rate of change of motor speed. Setting to 0.0 means that the drive ramps are always enabled. This ramps where a fast reaction to the PID control is required, however possible over current or over voltage trips being generated are recommended.	parameter is inter	small errors. Whe	ere a greater PID user to disable t	error exists, the				
P3-12	PID Feedback Display Scaling	0.000	50.000	0.000	-				
	Applies a scaling factor to the displayed PID feedback, allowing the e.g. 0 – 10 Bar etc.	ne user to display t	he actual signal l	evel from a trans	ducer,				
P3-13	PID Error Wake Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%				
	Sets a programmable PID Error Level whereby if the drive enters sto between the PID reference and PID feedback signals must exceed	andby mode whilst this error level to r	operating under estart the PID cor	PID control, the ntroller.	difference				
P3-14	Standby Speed Threshold	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
	Determines the level at which the drive will enter into standby mode active. Drive enters standby mode if motor speed remains below the								
P3-15	PID Reference 2 Value	0.0	100.0	0.0	%				
	When P3-05 = 0, and the 2nd digital reference is selected (see section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13) this parameter sets the preset digital reference (set-point) used for the PID Controller.								
P3-16	Pump Prime Time	0	600	0	Seconds				
	A value other than zero in this parameter will automatically enable the burst pipe detection function. Each time the drive is enabled whilst in PID control or is switched to PID control, the drive will monitor the PID feedback level for the time entered in P3-16. If the PID feedback level does not exceed the threshold entered in P3-17 before the time in P3-16 expires then the drive will trip with "Pr-Lo" (pressure low) trip.								
P3-17	Burst Pipe Threshold	0.0	100.0	0.0	%				
	PID feedback threshold for the burst pipe detection. In direct PID m before the pump prime time (P3-16) expires. In inverse PID mode, Fi the pump prime time (P3-16) expires.								
P3-18	PID Reset Control	0	1	1	-				
	O: Continuous Run. PID loop will continue running as long as I	P gain (P3-01) is n	ot zero.						
	1 : On drive Enable. PID loop will only run when the drive is en integral result).	abled. If the drive	is not running, PI[	O output will rese	et to 0 (Including				

# 9.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P4-01	Motor Control Mode 0 6 0 -								
	O: ECO Vector Speed Control - Variable Torque. Suitable for control of variable torque (centrifugal) fans and pumps with standard (IM) motors.								
	1 : ECO Vector Speed Control - Constant Torque. Constant Torque, suitable for constant torque loads, such as displacement pumps with standard (IM) motors.								
	2: IM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for IM N	lotors.							
	3: PM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for AC P	ermanent Magne	et Motors.						
	4: BLDC Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for Bro	ushless DC Moto	rs.						
	5: Sync RM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for	or Synchronous Re	eluctance Motors.						
	6: LSPM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for Lir	ie Start Permanen	t Magnet Motors	i.					
	<b>NOTE</b> Modes 0 and 1 do not require an autotune, although perfor Modes 2 and above require an autotune to be completed after the			carried out.					
P4-02	Auto-tune Enable	0	1	0	-				
	When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating auto- efficiency. Following completion of the auto-tune, the parameter auto			ters for optimum	control and				

Par	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P4-03	Vector Speed Controller Proportional Gain	0.1	400.0	50.0	%					
	Sets the proportional gain value for the speed controller. Higher value high a value can cause instability or even over current trips. For appearance to suit the connected load by gradually increasing the required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoot In general, the factory set value will be suitable for most fan and p proportional gain, and high inertia, low friction loads may require	plications requiring value and monitor where the output s ump applications, h	best possible pe ing the actual out beed exceeds the higher friction load	rformance, the vorput speed of the estpoint.	alue should load until the					
P4-04	Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant	0.010	2.000	0.050	Seconds					
	Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values providintroducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value show				at the risk of					
P4-05	Motor Power Factor Cos Ø	0.00	0.99	-	-					
	When operating in Vector Speed motor control mode, this parameter must be set to the motor nameplate power factor.									
P4-07	Maximum Torque / Current Limit	0.0	150.0	110.0	%					
	This parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by	the drive.								
P4-12	Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	1	-					
	O: Disabled.  1: Enabled. All Optidrives feature electronic thermal overload protection for the connected motor, designed to protect the motor against damage. An internal overload accumulator monitors the motor output current over time, and will trip the drive if the usage exceeds the thermal limit. When P4-12 is disabled, removing the power supply from the drive and re-applying will reset the value of the accumulator. When P4-12 is enabled, the value is retained during power off.									
P4-13	Output Phase Sequence	0	1	0	-					
	0: U,V,W. 1: U,W,V. Direction of motor rotation when operating in a forward	ard direction will be	e reversed.							
P4-14	Thermal Overload Reaction	0	1	1	-					
74-14										
	Thermal Overload Reaction  0 1 1 -  0: Trip. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on lt.trp to prevent damage to the motor.  1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaches 90% of, the output current limit is internally reduced to									

# 9.4. Parameter Group 5 - Communication Parameters

Par	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P5-01	Drive Fieldbus Address	1	63	1	-						
	Sets the Fieldbus address for the Optidrive.  When using Modbus RTU, this parameter sets the Node Address. Refer to section 10.2. Modbus RTU Communications for further information. Please note that if a higher Modbus address than 63 is required, P5-16 can be used – see P5-16 for further information. This parameter also determines the Optibus address of the drive for use with OptiTools Studio.  When Using BACnet MS/TP, this parameter sets the MAC ID. Refer to section 10.3. BACnet MSTP for further information.										
P5-03	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Baud Rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps						
	Sets the baud rate when Modbus/BACnet communications are use 9.6kbps, 19.2kpbs, 38.4kpbs, 57.6kpbs, 115 kbps, 76.8kbps.	Sets the baud rate when Modbus/BACnet communications are used.									
P5-04	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Data Format	-	-	n- 1	-						
	Sets the expected Modbus telegram data format as follows:  n-1: No Parity, 1 stop bit.  n-2: No parity, 2 stop bits.  D-1: Odd parity, 1 stop bit.  E-1: Even parity, 1 stop bit.										
P5-05	Communications Loss Timeout	0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds						
	Sets the watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a valid telegram is not received by the Optidrive within this time period, the drive will assume a loss of communications has occurred and react as selected below (P5-07).										
P5-06	Communications Loss Action	0	3	0	-						
	Controls the behaviour of the drive following a loss of communication  O: Trip & Coast To Stop  1: Ramp to Stop Then Trip  2: Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip)  3: Run at Preset Speed 4	ons as determined	by the above pa	rameter setting (I	P5-06).						

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	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P5-07	Fieldbus Ramp Control	0	1	0	-
	Selects whether the acceleration and deceleration ramps are control and P1-04.  O: Disabled. Ramps are control from internal drive parameters.  1: Enabled. Ramps are controlled directly by the Fieldbus.	ol directly via the F	ieldbus, or by int	ernal drive para	meters P1-03
P5-08	Fieldbus PDO4 Data Select	0	7	1	-
	When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor torque. Output power in kW to one decimal place, e.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.  2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit  3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group  6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group  7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.	g. 500 = 50.0%. e.g. 400 = 4.00kV 1 indicates digital 9 parameters.	<b>V</b> .		ord transferred
P5-09	BACnet Device Instance Number (Low)	0	65535	0	-
P5-10	BACnet Device Instance Number (High)	0	63	0	-
	When using BACNet MS/TP, these parameter together allow a unifurther information on using BACnet MS/TP, refer to section 10.3. B,		ice Number to be	e programmed ir	nto the drive. F
P5-11	BACnet Maximum Masters	0	127	127	-
	section 10.3. BACnet MSTP for further information.  When the device is polling for the next master in the network it will not to 50 then when the drive finishes communicating and needs to pass				
	response before rolling back to address 0.		I		
P5-12	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:	o s the parameter s	<b>7</b> ource for the 3rd	o process data w	ord transferred
P5-12	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group	s the parameter s e.g. 400 = 4.00k\ 1 indicates digital	ource for the 3rd	process data w	ord transferre
	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.	s the parameter s e.g. 400 = 4.00kV 1 indicates digital 9 parameters. 9 parameters.	ource for the 3rd	process data w	ord transferred
	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select	s the parameter s e.g. 400 = 4.00kV l indicates digital g parameters. g parameters.	ource for the 3rd  V.  input 2 status etc	process data w	-
	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00k\ 1 indicates digital  9 parameters. 9 parameters  s the parameter s	ource for the 3rd  V.  input 2 status etc	process data w	-
P5-13	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00k\ 1 indicates digital  9 parameters. 9 parameters  s the parameter s	ource for the 3rd  V.  input 2 status etc	process data w	-
P5-13	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100.0°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.  1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00kV  1 indicates digital  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  s the parameter s  0 9 parameters.  5 9 parameters.  s the parameters.	ource for the 3rd  V.  input 2 status etc  1  ource for the 4th	process data we	e ord transferred
P5-13	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.  1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: Not used. No function.  1: User Reference. 0 to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%.	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00kV  1 indicates digital  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  s the parameter s  0 9 parameters.  5 9 parameters.  s the parameters.	ource for the 3rd  V.  input 2 status etc  1  ource for the 4th	process data we	e ord transferred
P5-13	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.  1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: Not used. No function.  1: User Reference. 0 to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%.  2: User Register 3. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Modbus Response Delay  Allows the user to configure an additional delay between the drive reply. The value entered represents the delay in addition to the minimum.	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00kV  l indicates digital  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters  s the parameter s  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.	ource for the 3rd  V.  Input 2 status etc  1  ource for the 4th  2  ource for the 3rd  16  via the Modbus	process data we	chr d transmitting
P5-13	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications:  0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100.  1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%.  4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C.  5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.  Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.  1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select  When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications:  0: Not used. No function.  1: User Reference. 0 to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%.  2: User Register 3. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Modbus Response Delay  Allows the user to configure an additional delay between the drive response Delay	s the parameter s  e.g. 400 = 4.00kV  l indicates digital  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters  s the parameter s  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.  9 parameters.	ource for the 3rd  V.  Input 2 status etc  1  ource for the 4th  2  ource for the 3rd  16  via the Modbus	process data we	chr d transmitting

# 9.5. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

# 9.5.1. Parameter Group 6 - Advanced Configuration

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware Upgrade Enable	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not be
		1	Update I/O & P/S		adjusted by the user.
		2	Update I/O		
		3	Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 -	- 32kHz (Model Dependent)	4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 -	- 60 Seconds	20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0	) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency	0 -	- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-18	DC Injection Current	0.0	) – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Indicator	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0	) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	-50	00.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index	0 -	255	0	
P6-29	User Default Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save user parameters		
		2	Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	0 -	- 9999	201	

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# 9.5.2. Parameter Group 7 - Motor Control

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Drive	Motor date, measured or calculated curing
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0	000 – 1.0000	Dependent	the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors.
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Driv	ve Dependent		P7-06 is used only for PM motors.
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.0	00 – 0.250		
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	000 – 1.0000		
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0	- 100.0%	5.0%	
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant	0 -	600	10	
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 - 500			
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time	0 – 5000ms		Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	0.0	· 100.0%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.
P7-15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0	- 50.0%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.
P7-18	Over Modulation	0	Disable	0	
		1	Enable	U U	
P7-19	BLDC Light Load Optimization	0	Disable		When P4-01 = 4 (BLDC control) and P7-19 = 1 (Enable) the drive will reduce the output voltage during light load operation in order to improve
		1	Enable		motor efficiency. This setting has no effect if the motor is driven close to its nominal current, where the nominal flux level will be applied.
P7-20	Modulation Mode	0	3-Phase Modulation 2-Phase Modulation	- 0	

# 9.6. Parameter Group 8 – Application Function Specific Parameters

Par	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P8-01	Pump Stir Interval Duration	0	60000	0	Minutes				
	This parameter can be used to set a pre-defined period of inactivity, whereby if the drive remains in standby mode for a period of time exceeding the limit, stir function is activated, and the drive will operate at preset speed 7 (P2-07) for the time set in P8-02. This allows the pump to stir, preventing sediment from settling and avoiding a blockage.								
P8-02	Pump Stir Activation Time	6000	10	Seconds					
	Set the time period that the stir function will be active once triggered	d (excludes time fo	r deceleration to	stop).					
P8-03	Pump Clean Function Select	0	3	-	-				
	pump clean will operate the pump at preset speed 5 (P2-05) for the (Providing P2-06 <> 0) for the time set in P8-04, before resuming no 05 is used for both acceleration and deceleration, and overrides P Where possible, P2-05 and P2-06 may be set to negative values, to use as high a speed as possible, and to adjust P8-05 to allow a O: Disabled.  1: Active on start-up only. The pump cleaning function operated as in the event that the drive detects a possible pump blockay Monitoring function to be active and commissioned for correct operation. This requires the Motor Current Received during normal operation. This requires the Motor Current Received operation, see parameter P8-06.  NOTE The pump clean function can also be activated by digital in	ormal operation. [1-03 and P1-04. to allow the pump short acceleration ates every time the pump cleaning functing during normal aration, see paraming function opera? Profile Monitoring	During the cleaning to be reversed. Fitime whilst avoid pump is started, ion operates ever apperation. This received P8-06, tes only when a punction to be activated.	g cycle, the rampor best results, it ing over current by time the pumpures the Motor possible pump blive and commissions.	o time set in P8 is recommende trips.  is started, Current Profile ockage is				
P8-04	Pump Clean Time	0	600	0	Seconds				
	Sets the time period for the operation of the pump cleaning cycle. When bi-directional pump cleaning is selected, the time interval is used twice, once in each direction.								
P8-05	Pump Clean Function Ramp Time	0	6000	30	Seconds				
	Independent ramp rate used only for the pump automatic cleaning cleaning cycle.	function (see P8-C	3) when the moto	or is Accelerated	as part of the				

Par	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P8-06	Load Monitor Enable	0	4	0	-				
	This parameter enables the Total Motor Current Profile Monitoring F applications, or Dry Pump, Pump Blockage or broken impeller in Pur 0: Disabled 1: Low Current Detection Enabled (Belt Failure / Dry F 2: High Current Detection Enabled (Pump Blockage) 3: Low and High Current Detection 4: Low and High Current Detection, warning only. Bit 7 being detected but the drive will not trip.	np applications. Pump / Broken	Impeller)						
<u>^</u>	Adjustment of parameter P8-06 (<>0) will cause the drive to automoupon the next drive enable (input enable). Ensure the application is frequency range prior to enabling this feature.								
P8-07	Load Profile Bandwidth	0.1	50.0	1.0	Amps				
	This parameter sets a bandwidth around the Motor Current profile of to detect a high /low current condition and the drive operates outsi defined by P8-08 then the drive will trip. Value entered in P8-07 is the bandwidth for the function is 2 x P8-07.	de of the bandwic	lth set in P8-07 fc	or a period longe	er than that				
P8-08	Load Monitor Trip Delay	0	60	0	Seconds				
	This parameter sets a time limit for the Motor Current profile generate a high /low current condition and the drive operates outside of the b08 and then the drive will trip.								
P8-09	Fire Mode Logic	0	1	0	-				
	or normally closed activation. Default behaviour is for Input logic off (0) to activate fire mode (Open activation).  Input configuration for Fire mode is set by parameter P1-13 or can be user defined by the setting of P9-32.  O: Open Activation  1: Closed Activation								
P8-10	Fire Mode Speed	-P1-01	P1-01	5	Hz / Rpm				
	When set to a non-zero value, this parameter sets an operational fixed frequency / speed used when Fire Mode is selected. The drive will maintain operation at this frequency until the fire mode signal is removed or the drive is no longer able to sustain operation.  When P8-10 is zero, and fire mode is activated, the drive will continue to operate under the control of the selected speed reference, dependent on parameter settings and digital input selection.								
P8-11	Bypass Mode on Fault	0	1	0	-				
	Parameter configures the drive to switch to bypass mode automatical relays 1 and 2 are dedicated to bypass control and cannot be assig  O: Disabled 1: Enabled			Vhen enabled the	e drive standard				
P8-12	Bypass In Fire Mode	0	1	0	-				
	Parameter configures the drive to switch to bypass mode automatical and that input becomes active. When enabled the drive standard releasingned other functions.  O: Disabled 1: Enabled								
P8-13	Bypass Contactor Change Over Time	0	30	2	Seconds				
	Parameter active when Bypass function is enabled. Parameter P8-05 drive relays controlling the bypass circuitry.	sets a time delay o	or changeover tim	e between the sv	witching of the				
	Care must be taken when setting P8-13 to ensure that drive and DC Mechanical and Electrical interlocking of drive and DO in configuring the Bypass function.								

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Par	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P8-14	Pump Staging Function Select	0	2	0	-					
	Parameter enables the pump staging (cascade) function on the drive.  0: Disabled  1: Single VFD with DOL Cascade (max 4 DOL pumps)  2: Multiple Drive Cascade (Optiflow) Master Drive. (Only valid when drive set to Optibus master address, P5-01 = 1).  3: Multiple Drive Cascade with Jockey Pump (Optiflow). Master Drive (Only valid when drive set to Optibus master									
	address, P5-01 = 1) In this instance, the Master drive (with address P5 the pump rotation ordinarily used for the purpose of sharing operating 4: Multiple Drive Cascade Mode 2 (Optiflow) Master Dr	i-01 = 1) will remo hours across all p ive. (Only valid v	iin active and will oumps. when drive set to (	not be switched Optibus master o	off to support					
	<ul> <li>= 1) This mode is similar to mode 2 but the settling time works different waking up from PID Standby mode.</li> <li>5: Multiple Drive Cascade with Jockey Pump Mode 2 (O master address, P5-01 = 1) This mode is the same as mode 3 except stop. When the assist pump goes into standby mode, the lead pump (</li> </ul>	ptiflow) Mast that when an assi	er Drive. (Only st pump starts, the	valid when drive	set to Optibus					
P8-15	Number of Assist Pumps	1	4	1	-					
	Parameter valid when P8-14 is set to 1 or 2 to enable Pump Staging F network slave drives (P8-14 = 2) that are available in the Pump Stagin									
P8-16	Pump Duty Changeover Time	0	1000	0	Hours					
P8-16	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not	application and other than 0 (disc	to ensure periodic bled) the operation	operation of ed	ach pump P8-16					
P8-16	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value	application and other than 0 (disc	to ensure periodic bled) the operation	operation of ed	ach pump P8-16 ng pump will be					
	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not	application and other than 0 (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Pull on. The Pump sta	to ensure periodic bled) the operation et in P8-16.  P1-01  mp Cascade or Caging settle time m	c operation of economore de conomore de co	ach pump P8-16 ng pump will be  Hz / Rpm  When the drive efore additiona					
	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not  **Assist Pump Start Speed**  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started to output increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump	application and other than 0 (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Pull on. The Pump sta	to ensure periodic bled) the operation et in P8-16.  P1-01  mp Cascade or Caging settle time m	c operation of economore de conomore de co	ach pump P8-16 ang pump will be Hz / Rpm When the drive efore additionarun time					
P8-17	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not  **Assist Pump Start Speed**  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started voutput increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump accumulated.	application and other than 0 (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Put on. The Pump state switch on is always when using the Put on the Pump state switch on is always when using the Puntly operating is s	to ensure periodic abled) the operation to the properation of the prop	49.0 Description of each staging 49.0 Description of each staging with lowest 30.0 Optiflow feature, and the staging staging settle	Hz / Rpm When the drive efore additiona run time  Hz / Rpm  When the drive efore additiona run time					
P8-17	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not  **Assist Pump Start Speed**  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started output increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump accumulated.  **Assist Pump Stop Speed**  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is stopped output decreases below this threshold one of the Staging pumps curre expire before additional staging pumps can be brought on or off line.	application and other than 0 (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Put on. The Pump state switch on is always when using the Put on the Pump state switch on is always when using the Puntly operating is s	to ensure periodic abled) the operation to the properation of the prop	49.0 Description of each staging 49.0 Description of each staging with lowest 30.0 Optiflow feature, and the staging staging settle	Hz / Rpm When the drive efore additiona run time  Hz / Rpm  When the drive efore additiona run time					
P8-17	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not   Assist Pump Start Speed  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started voutput increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump accumulated.  Assist Pump Stop Speed  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is stopped output decreases below this threshold one of the Staging pumps curre expire before additional staging pumps can be brought on or off line. highest run time accumulated.	application and other than O (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Purion. The Pump state of switch on is always  when using the Pintly operating is septionally operating is septionally operating of the Pintly operating operati	to ensure periodical sheled) the operation of the operati	49.0 Deptiflow feature. ust then expire b imp with lowest  30.0 Optiflow feature p staging settle is always given  60 p, further pumps	cach pump P8-16 and pump will be Hz / Rpm  When the drive efore additional run time  Hz / Rpm  e. When the drive time must then to the pump will be are not					
P8-17	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not Assist Pump Start Speed  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started voutput increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump accumulated.  Assist Pump Stop Speed  This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is stopped output decreases below this threshold one of the Staging pumps curre expire before additional staging pumps can be brought on or off line. highest run time accumulated.  Pump Settling Time  Parameter sets a time delay for pump staging whereby, following switpermitted to be switched in or out until this time period has elapsed. The	application and other than O (disc exceed the time s  P8-18  when using the Purion. The Pump state of switch on is always  when using the Pintly operating is septionally operating is septionally operating of the Pintly operating operati	to ensure periodical sheled) the operation of the operati	49.0 Deptiflow feature. ust then expire b imp with lowest  30.0 Optiflow feature p staging settle is always given  60 p, further pumps	cach pump P8-16 and pump will be Hz / Rpm  When the drive efore additional run time  Hz / Rpm  e. When the drive time must then to the pump will be are not					

### 9.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation.

The Fire Mode input may be Normally Open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P8-09. This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within the building. The fire mode function is enabled when P1-13 = 4, 8 or 13 with Digital Input 2 assigned to activate fire mode or can be user defined by the setting of P9-32 when P1-13 = 0.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive: O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), I.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip). The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart: O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

When Fire Mode is activated, the drive will enter Fire Mode but will run from the existing control source selected – it will require the run signal and relevant speed reference.

If Fire Mode speed is set (<>0) in P8-10, when fire mode is activated, the drive will enter Fire Mode and run at the speed set in P8-10 and will ignore all other terminals with the exception of the STO.

# 9.8. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	The			the source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source	Par	ameters are only adjustable if P1-13	3 = 0. This c	allows complete flexibility over the drive control
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source	] tun	ctions, and interaction with the interr	nal Function	Block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Source	1			
P9-05	Latch Function Enable	0	OFF	0	
F 9-05	Laich i dhehon Lhable	1	ON		
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	<del>  '</del> -	e above		
P9-07	Reset Input Source	1 266	above		
P9-08	External Trip Input Source	1			
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source	-			
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	ln c	combination with PO 18 PO 20 al	lovy solostic	on of several speed reference sources for common
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 2		olications.	iow selection	on or several speed reference sources for common
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3	1			
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 4	1			
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5	-			
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6	1			
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7				
P9-17	Speed Reference Source 8				
P9-17	Speed Reference Select Input 0	Sad	above		
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 1	366	e above		
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 2				
P9-20	Preset Speed Select Input 0				
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input 1	-			
P9-22		1			
P9-28	Preset Speed Select Input 2	1			
P9-29	Motorised Pot Up Input Source  Motorised Pot Down Inpt Source	-			
P9-29	Fire Mode Input Select	-			
P9-32	Analog Output 1 Source	0	Defined by P2-11	0	These parameters allow the user to overdide
P9-33	Androg Output 1 Source	1	Function block program - digital		the normal parameter control source for the
		2	Function block program - analog		associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	0	Defined by P2-13	0	environment.
7-54	Androg Otipui 2 Jouice	1	Function block program - digital		
		2	Function block program - analog		
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-15	0	-
F 7-33	keldy i Collifol Source	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-36	Relay 2 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-18	0	_
7-30	Reidy 2 Collifor Source	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-37	Display Scaling Source Control	0	Defined by P2-21	0	-
1 7-07	Display Scaling Source Collinol	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-38	PID Reference Source	0	Defined by P3-05	0	_
7-30	TID Reference Jource	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-39	PID Feedback Source	0	Defined by P3-10	0	-
1 7-09	TID TEEMBUCK DOUICE	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-41	Relay 3,4,5 Function	0	Healthy: Tripped: Running	0	-
F 7-41	Kelay 5,4,5 Fulction	1	Function block program - digital	"	
P9-42	Clean Trigger Source (edge)		Tranciion biock program - aigliai		1
P9-42	Bypass Mode Trigger Source	-			
		-			
P9-44	PID Second Digital Ref Select				

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# 9.9. Parameter Group 0 - Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Par.	Parameter Name	Units
PO-01	Analog Input 1 Value	%
	Displays the signal level applied to analog input 1 (Terminal 6) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
P0-02	Analog Input 2 Value	%
	Displays the signal level applied to analog input 2 (Terminal 10) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
PO-03	Digital Input Status	Binary
	Displays the status of the drive inputs, including the extended I/O module (if fitted).  1st Entry: 00000 11111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 1 / LSB representing digital input 5.  2nd Entry: E 000 E 111. Drive Extended (option) Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / LSB representing di	
PO-04	Speed Controller Reference	Hz / Rpm
	Displays the set point reference input applied to the drive internal speed controller.	
P0-06	Digital Speed Reference	Hz / Rpm
	Displays the value of the drive internal Motorised Pot (used for keypad) speed reference.	
P0-07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / Rpm
	Displays the set-point being received by the drive from the currently active Fieldbus interface.	
PO-08	PID Reference	%
	Displays the set-point input to the PID controller.	
P0-09	PID Feedback	%
	Displays the Feedback input signal to the PID controller.	
PO-10	PID Output	%
	Displays the output level of the PID controller.	
PO-11	Motor Voltage	Volts
	Displays the instantaneous output voltage from the drive to the motor.	
PO-12	Output Torque	Nm
	Displays the instantaneous output torque level produced by the motor.	
PO-13	Trip Log	%
	Displays the last four fault codes for the drive. Refer to section 12.1. Fault Messages for further information.	
PO-14	Magnetising Current (Id)	Amps
	Displays the motor magnetising Current, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	<u>'</u>
P0-16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple	Volts
	Displays the level of ripple present on the DC Bus Voltage. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various international functions.	al protection and
PO-17	Motor Stator Resistance (Rs)	Ohms
	Displays the measured motor stator resistance, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
P0-19	Cascade Run Time Log	Hours
	Run Time values for variable speed and DOL pumps used in cascade function. 5 entry log.  0 = Master, 1 = DOL1, 2 = DOL2, 3 = DOL3, 4 = DOL4. Clocks can be reset through P8-20, Master Clock Reset.	
PO-20	DC Bus Voltage	Volts
	Displays the instantaneous DC Bus Voltage internally within the drive.	
PO-21	Heatsink Temperature	°C
	Displays the Instantaneous Heatsink Temperature measured by the drive.	
P0-22	Time Left to Next Service	Hours
	Displays the current time period remaining before the next maintenance becomes due. Maintenance interval is base entered in P6-24 (Maintenance Time Interval) and the elapsed time since the maintenance interval was enabled or	d on the value

Par.	Parameter Name	Units
P0-23	Time Heatsink >85°C	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with a heatsink to excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitoring functions.	emperature in
P0-24	Time Internal >80°C	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with an ambient excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitoring functions.	temperature in
PO-25	Estimated Rotor Speed	Hz
	Displays the estimated rotor speed of the motor.	
P0-26	kWh Meter	kWh
	Two entry display: First display shows user resettable meter (reset with P6-23). Second display shows none resettable Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in kWh. When the value reaches 1000, it is reset back to 0.0, a P0-27 (MWh meter) is increased.	
PO-27	MWh Meter	MWh
	Two entry display: First display shows user resettable meter (reset with P6-23). Second display shows none resettable Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in MWh.	value.
PO-28	Software Version	-
	Displays the software version of the drive: Four entry display:  First display = 10 Version, Second display = 10 Checksum, Third display = DSP Version, Fourth display = DSP Checksum	m
PO-29	Drive Type	-
	Displays the type details of the drive: Three entry display:  First display = Frame size and input voltage level.  Second display = Power rating.  Third display = Output phase count.	
PO-30	Drive Serial Number	-
	Displays the unique serial number of the drive. Dual entry display:  First display = Serial number (MSB), Second display = Serial number (LMSB).	
PO-31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the total operating time of the drive.	
PO-32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or t next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.	rip), reset on
PO-33	Run Time Since Last Trip 2	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or t next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling occurred prior to power down.	rip), reset on unless a trip
PO-34	Run Time Since Last Enable	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.  Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last Run command was received.	
PO-35	Cooling Fan Operating Lifetime	HH:MM:SS
	Displays the total operating time of the Optidrive internal cooling fans. Two entry display: First display shows user resettable time (reset with P6-22). Second display shows none resettable tin This is used for scheduled maintenance information.	me.

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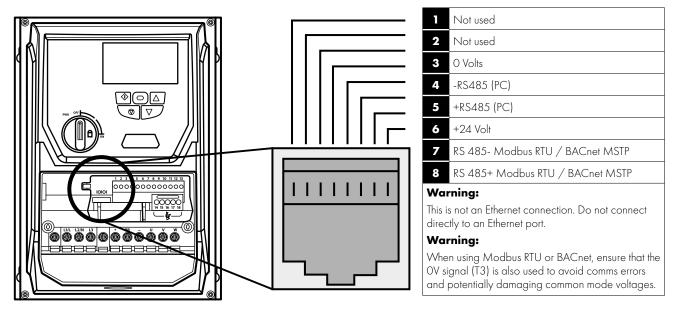
Par.	Parameter Name	Units
P0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log (256ms)	-
	Diagnostic log for DC bus voltage. Values logged every 256mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive trip	
P0-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log (20ms)	-
	Diagnostic log for DC bus voltage ripple. Values logged every 20mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on driv	e trip.
PO-38	Heatsink Temperature Log (30s)	-
	Diagnostic log for heatsink temperature. Values logged every 30S with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive tr	ip.
P0-39	Internal Temperature Log (30s)	-
	Diagnostic log for drive ambient temperature. Values logged every 30S with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on d	rive trip.
PO-40	Motor Current Log (256ms)	-
	Diagnostic log for Motor Current. Values logged every 256mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive trip.	
	e above parameters (PO-36 to PO-40) are used to store the history of various measured levels within the drive at various prior to a trip. The values are frozen when a fault occurs and can be used for diagnostic purposes.	regular time
PO-41	Over Current Fault Counter	-
P0-42	Over Voltage Fault Counter	-
P0-43	Under Voltage Fault Counter	-
PO-44	Heatsink Over Temperature Fault Counter	-
P0-45	Reserved	-
P0-46	Ambient Over Temperature Fault Counter	-
	ese parameters (PO-41 to PO-46) contain a record of how many times certain critical faults have occurred during a drive nis provides useful diagnostic data.	s operating
PO-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	-
	Displays the number of communication errors detected by the I/O processor in messages received from the power starsince the last power up.	ge processor
PO-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	-
	Displays the number of communication errors detected by the Power Stage processor in messages received from the 1/since the last power up.	O processor
P0-49	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Fault Counter	-
	This parameter is incremented every time an error occurs on the Modbus RTU communication link. This information can diagnostic purposes.	be used for

# 10. Serial Communications

#### 10.1. RS-485 Communications

Optidrive Eco has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Invertek's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP. Both connections can be used simultaneously.

The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Invertek peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 10.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

#### 10.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections

Modbus RTU and BACnet MSTP connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown in section 11.1. RS-485 communications.

- Modbus RTU and BACnet MSTP networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages
  on the drive terminals:
  - o RSR85+
  - o RS485-
  - o O Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120R.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the O Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120R) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

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### 10.2. Modbus RTU Communications

### 10.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive Eco supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Multiple Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1-4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 11.2.2 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

### 10.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive Eco.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive providing that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes	
2 3	Command Cor Command Spe Reserved		R/W R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows:  Bit 0: Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive.  Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive. This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared.  Bit 3: Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.  Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.  No Function.	
4	Command Ram	np times	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).	
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes.  The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows:  Bit 0: 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running).  Bit 1: 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped.  Bit 2: 0 = Auto, 1 = Hand.  Bit 3: Inhibit.  Bit 4: Service due.  Bit 5: Standby.  Bit 6: Drive Ready.  Bit 7: 0 = Normal condition, 1 = Low or High Load condition detected.  The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 13.1 for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.	
7	Output Frequer	псу	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.	
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.	
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.	
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.	
11	Digital Input Sta	atus	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.	
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.09	
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.09	
22	Pre Ramp Speed Reference		peed Reference R Internal drive frequency set-point.		

-		Į
	<b>,</b>	١

Register Number	Upper Byte Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes	
23	DC Link Voltage	R	Measured DC Link Voltage VDC (P0-20).	
24	Drive Temperature	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C (PO-21).	
30	kWh Meter (User Resettable)	R	User resettable energy meter kWh (PO-26).	
31	MWh Meter (User Resettable)	R	User resettable energy meter MWh (PO-27).	
32	kWh Meter (Non Resettable)	R	Non resettable energy meter kWh (P0-26).	
33	MWh Meter (Non Resettable)	R	Non resettable energy meter MWh (P0-27).	
34	Running Time – Hours	R	Total running time (Hours) (PO-31).	
35	Running Time – Min & Sec		Total Running Time (Minutes & Seconds) (PO-31).	

#### 10.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number, e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

e.g. Read Value of P1-O1 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with Optidrive using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Invertek Sales Partner.

### 10.3. BACnet MSTP

#### 10.3.1. Overview

Optidrive Eco provides an interface for direct connection to a BACnet MSTP network. Connection is made via the RJ45 connection port, see section 10.1. RS-485 Communications for terminal assignment and section 10.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections for wiring requirements.

### 10.3.2. Interface Format

Protocol **BACnet MSTP** Physical signal RS485, half duplex

Interface RJ45

Baudrate 9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 76800bps

Data format 8N1, 8N2, 8E1, 8O1

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### 10.3.3. BACnet MSTP Parameters

The following parameters are used to configure the drive when connecting to a BACnet MSTP network.

Par.	Parameter Name	Description
P1-12	Control Source	Set this parameter to 6 to activate BACnet MSTP operation.
P5-01	Drive Address	This parameter is used to set the drive address on the BACnet network. Each drive on a given network should have a unique value. By default, all drives are set to MAC ID 1.
P5-03	Baudrate	This parameter is used to set up communication baudrate. It should be set to match the chosen baudrate of the BACnet system. Auto baudrate is not supported.
P5-04	Data Format	Use this parameter to set RS485 communication data format. Possible settings are as follows:  n-1: No parity, one stop bit (default setting)  n-2: No parity, two stop bits  O-1: Odd parity, one stop bit  E-1: Even parity, one stop bit  The setting must match the requirement of the BACnet network.
P5-07	Fieldbus Ramp Control	This parameter determines whether the acceleration and deceleration time of the drive is controlled by the drive internal parameters (P1-O3: Acceleration Time, P1-O4: Deceleration Time), or controlled directly from the BACnet MSTP network. In most cases, using the drive internal parameters is the best solution.
P5-09	BACnet Device Instance ID Low	P5-09 and P5-10 are used to setup drive device instance ID value.
P5-10	BACnet Device Instance ID High	Instance ID = (P5-10 * 65536) + P5-09. The allowed setting range is Range from 0 $\sim$ 4194304. Default value is set to 1.
P5-11	Max Master	Set BACnet MS/TP max master property, range from 1 ~ 127. Default set to 127.

### 10.3.4. BACNet MSTP Commissioning

In order to connect the drive and operate on a BACnet MSTP network, the following procedure should be used.

- 1. Set P1-14 = 101 to allow access to the extended parameters.
- 2. On each drive, set an unique Drive Address in parameter P5-01.
- 3. Set the required baudrate in P5-03.
- 4. Select the required data format in P5-04.
- 5. Define a unique BACnet Device Instance ID for each drive using parameters P5-09 and P5-10.
- 6. Select control from BACnet connection by setting P1-12 = 6.

# 10.3.5. Object Dictionary **Binary Value Object:**

Binary Value Objects Table					
Instance ID	Object Name	Access	Description	Active/Inactive Text	
BVO	Run/Stop State	R	This object indicates drive run status	run/stop	
BV1	Trip State	R	This object indicates if drive is tripped	TRIP/OK	
BV2	Hand Mode	R	This object indicates if drive is in hand or auto mode	HAND/AUTO	
BV3	Inhibit Mode	R	This object indicates drive is hardware inhibit	INHIBIT/OK	
BV4	Mains Loss	R	This object indicates if mains loss happened	YES/NO	
BV5	Fire Mode	R	This object indicates drive is in fire mode	ON/OFF	
BV6	Enable State	R	This object indicates if drive has enable signal	YES/NO	
BV7	External 24V Mode	R	This object indicates drive is in external 24V mode	YES/NO	
BV8	Maintenance Due	R	This object indicates if maintenance service is due	YES/NO	
BV9	Clean Mode	R	This object indicates if pump clean function is on	ON/OFF	
BV10	Terminal Mode	R	This object indicates if drive is in terminal control mode	ON/OFF	
BV11	Bypass Mode	R	This object indicate if drive is in bypass mode	ON/OFF	
BV 12	Digital Input 1	R	Status of digital input 1	ON/OFF	
BV 13	Digital Input 2	R	Status of digital input 2	ON/OFF	
BV 14	Digital Input 3	R	Status of digital input 3	ON/OFF	
BV 15	Digital Input 4	R	Status of digital input 4	ON/OFF	
BV 16	Digital Input 5	R	Status of digital input 5	ON/OFF	
BV17	Digital Input 6	R	Status of digital input 6	ON/OFF	
BV18	Digital Input 7	R	Status of digital input 7	ON/OFF	
BV 19	Digital Input 8	R	Status of digital input 8	ON/OFF	
BV20	Relay Output 1	R	Status of relay output 1 CLOSED/		
BV21	Relay Output 2	R	Status of relay output 2	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV22	Relay Output 3	R	Status of relay output 3	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV23	Relay Output 4	R	Status of relay output 4	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV24	Relay Output 5	R	Status of relay output 5	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV25	Run/Stop CMD	С	Drive run command object	RUN/STOP	
BV26	Fast Stop	С	Fast stop enable object	ON/OFF	
BV27	Trip Reset	С	Trip reset object (rising edge active)	ON/OFF	
BV28	Coast Stop	С	Cost stop enable object (overrides fast stop)	ON/OFF	
BV29*	Relay 1 CMD	С	User specified relay output 1 status	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV30*	Relay 2 CMD	С	User specified relay output 2 status	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV31*	Relay 3 CMD	С	User specified relay output 3 status	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV32*	Relay 4 CMD	С	User specified relay output 4 status	CLOSED/OPEN	
BV33*	Relay 5 CMD	С	User specified relay output 5 status	CLOSED/OPEN	

<sup>\*</sup> This function only works if the relay output can be controlled by user value (Refer to the Optidrive Eco Parameter List for further details)

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# **Analog Value Object**

	Analog Value Objects Table						
Instance ID	Object Name	Access	Description	Units			
AVO	Motor Frequency	R	Motor output frequency	Hertz			
AV1	Motor Speed	R	Motor output speed (0 if P1-10=0)	Rpm			
AV2	Motor Current	R	Motor output current	Amps			
AV3	Motor Power	R	Motor output power	Kilowatts			
AV4	Motor torque	R	Reserved	%			
AV5	DC Bus Voltage	R	DC bus voltage	Volts			
AV6	Drive temperature	R	Drive temperature value	°C			
AV7	Drive Status	R	Drive status word	NONE			
AV8	Trip Code	R	Drive trip code	NONE			
AV9	Analog input 1	R	Value of analog input 1	Percent			
AV10	Analog input 2	R	Value of analog input 2	Percent			
AV11	Analog output 1	R	Value of analog output 1 Percent				
AV 12	Analog output 2	R	Value of analog output 2 Percent				
AV 13	PID Reference	R	PID controller reference value	Percent			
AV 14	PID feedback	R	PID controller feedback value Percent				
AV 15	Speed Reference	С	Speed reference value object	Hertz			
AV 16	User Ramp Time	W	User ramp value	Seconds			
AV 17	User PID Reference	W	PID controller user reference	Percent			
AV 18	User PID Feedback	W	PID controller user feedback	Percent			
AV 19	Kilowatt Hours	R	Kilowatt hours (can be reset by user)	Kilowatt-hours			
AV20	Megawatt Hours	R	Megawatt hours (can be reset by user)	Megawatt-hours			
AV21	KWh meter	R	Kilowatt hours meter (cannot be reset) Kilowatt-hours				
AV22	MWh meter	R	Megawatt hours meter (cannot be reset)	Megawatt-hours			
AV23	Total Run Hours	R	Total run hours since date of manufacture	Hours			
AV24	Current Run Hours	R	Run hours since last time enable	Hours			

<sup>\*</sup> This function only works if the relay output can be controlled by user value (Refer to the Optidrive Eco Parameter List for further details)

# 10.3.6. Access type

- R Read only
- W Read or Write
- C Commandable

### 10.3.7. Supported Service

- WHO-IS (Reply with I-AM, and I-AM will also be broadcasted on power up and reset)
- WHO-HAS (Reply with I-HAVE)
- Read Property
- Write Property
- Device Communication Control
- Reinitialize Device

# 10.3.8. Object/Property Support Matrix

		Object Type	
Property	Device	Binary Value	Analog Value
Object Identifier	×	×	×
Object Name	×	×	×
Object Type	×	×	×
System Status	×		
Vendor Name	×		
Firmware Revision	×		
Application Software Revision	×		
Protocol Version	×		
Protocol Revision	×		
Protocol Services Supported	×		
Protocol Object Type Supported	×		
Object List	×		
Max APDU Length Accepted	×		
Segmentation Supported	×		
APDU Timeout	×		
Number of APDU Retries	×		
Max Master	×		
Max Info Frames	×		
Device Address Binding	×		
Database Revision	×		
Present Value		×	×
Status Flags		×	×
Event State		×	×
Out-of-Service		×	×
Units			×
Priority Array		×*	×*
Relinquish Default		×*	×*
Polarity		×	
Active Text		×	
Inactive Text		×	

<sup>\*</sup> For commandable values only

Vendor Name:	Invertek Drives Ltd
Product Name:	OPTIDRIVE ECO
Product Model Number:	ODV-3-xxxxxx-xxxx-xx
<b>Application Software Version:</b>	2.00
Firmware Revision:	2.00
<b>BACnet Protocol Revision:</b>	7
Product Description:	Invertek Optidrive Eco
<b>BACnet Standardized Device P</b>	rofile (Annex L):
☐ BACnet Operator Workstation (B-C	DWS)
lacksquare BACnet Advanced Operator Work	station (B-AWS)
☐ BACnet Operator Display (B-OD)	
$\square$ BACnet Building Controller (B-BC)	
lue BACnet Advanced Application Co	ntroller (B-AAC)
☑ BACnet Application Specific Control	oller (B-ASC)
□ BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS)	
☐ BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA)	
List all BACnet Interoperability	Building Blocks Supported (Annex K):
DS-RP-B, DS-WP-B, DM-DDB-B, DM-	-DOB-B, DM-DCC-B, DM-RD-B
Segmentation Capability:	
☐ Able to transmit segmented messag	ges Window Size
☐ Able to receive segmented messag	ges Window Size
Standard Object Types Suppor	ted:
	e present in the device. For each standard Object Type supported provide the following data:
1) Whether objects of this type are dyn	namically creatable using the CreateObject service
2) Whether objects of this type are dyn	namically deletable using the DeleteObject service
3) List of the optional properties suppo	orted
4) List of all properties that are writable	e where not otherwise required by this standard
5) List of all properties that are condition	onally writable where not otherwise required by this standard
6) List of proprietary properties and for	r each its property identifier, datatype, and meaning
7) List of any property range restriction	is and the second secon
Data Link Layer Options:	
☐ BACnet IP, (Annex J)	
☐ BACnet IP, (Annex J), Foreign Devic	е
□ ISO 8802-3, Ethernet (Clause 7)	
☐ ATA 878.1, 2.5 Mb. ARCNET (Clau	use 8)
□ ATA 878.1, EIA-485 ARCNET (Clar	use 8), baud rate(s):
☑ MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud ra	ute(s): 9600, 19200,38400,76800
☐ MS/TP slave (Clause 9), baud rate	e(s):
☐ Point-To-Point, EIA 232 (Clause 10)	, baud rate(s):
☐ Point-To-Point, modem, (Clause 10)	, baud rate(s):
☐ LonTalk, (Clause 11), medium:	
☐ BACnet/ZigBee (ANNEX O)	
☐ Other:	

10.3.9. BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Date:

15th April, 2015

Device Address Binding:		
Is static device binding supported? (This is currently necessary for two-way c devices.)	communico	ation with MS/TP slaves and certain other
☐ Yes   ☑ No		
Networking Options:		
<ul> <li>□ Router, Clause 6 - List all routing configurations, e.g., ARCNET-Ethernet, E</li> <li>□ Annex H, BACnet Tunnelling Router over IP</li> <li>□ BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD)</li> </ul>	thernet-M	S/TP, etc.
Does the BBMD support registrations by Foreign Devices?	☐ Yes	□No
Does the BBMD support network address translation?	☐ Yes	□No
Network Security Options:		
$\ \square$ Non-secure Device - is capable of operating without BACnet Network S	ecurity	
$\hfill\square$ Secure Device - is capable of using BACnet Network Security (NS-SD B	IBB)	
☐ Multiple Application-Specific Keys:		
☐ Supports encryption (NS-ED BIBB)		
☐ Key Server (NS-KS BIBB)		
Character Sets Supported:		
Indicating support for multiple character sets does not imply that they can all	be suppo	rted simultaneously.

If this product is a communication gateway, describe the types of non-BACnet equipment/networks(s) that the gateway supports.

□ ISO 8859-1

**□** JIS X 0208

☐ IBM<sup>TM</sup>/Microsoft<sup>TM</sup> DBCS

☐ ISO 10646 (UCS-4)

☑ ANSI X3.4

☐ ISO 10646 (UCS-2)

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# 11. Technical Data

### 11.1. Environmental

Ambient Temperature Range	ange Storage		-40 °C 60 °C
	Operational	IP20	-10 50°C without derating
		IP55	10 4000 11 1 1
		IP66	-10 40°C without derating
Maximum Altitude	Operational	All	1000m without derating
Relative Humidity	Operational	All	=< 95% (no condensation permitted)

Refer to section 11.7. Derating Information on page 71 for derating information.

### 11.2. Input Voltage Ranges

Depending upon model and power rating, the drives are designed for direct connection to the following supplies:

Model Number	Supply Voltage	Phases	Frequency
ODV-3-x2xxxx-1xxx-xx	200 - 240 Volts + / - 10%	1	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x2xxxx-3xxx-xx	200 - 240 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x4xxxx-3xxx-xx	380 – 480 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x5xxxx-3xxx-xx	480 – 525 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x6xxxx-3xxx-xx	500 - 600 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz

#### 11.3. Phase Imbalance

All three phase Optidrive Eco units have phase imbalance monitoring. The maximum permissible voltage imbalance between any two phases is 3% for full load operation.

# 11.4. Output Power and Current ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive Eco models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance.

### 11.4.1. 200 - 240 Volt, 1 Phase Input Models

Frame Size	Output Current Capacity	Typical Po	oical Power Rating Input Current				imum e Size		m Motor Length
	A	kW	HP	A	(Type B)	sq.mm	AWG	m	ft
2	4.3	0.75	1	8.5	10	8	4.3	100	330
2	7	1.5	2	15.2	25	8	7	100	330
2	10.5	2.2	3	19.3	25	8	10.5	100	330

# 11.4.2. 200 - 240 Volt, 3 Phase Input Models

Frame Size	Output Current Capacity	Typical Po	wer Rating	Nominal Input Current	Fuse or MCB		imum e Size	Maximum Motor Cable Length		
	A	kW	HP	Α	(Type B)	sq.mm	AWG	m	ft	
2	4.3	0.75	1	3.8	10	8	8	100	330	
2	7	1.5	2	6.3	10	8	8	100	330	
2	10.5	2.2	3	9.6	16	8	8	100	330	
3	18	4	5	14	16	8	8	100	330	
3	24	5.5	7.5	21.6	25	8	8	100	330	
4	30	7.5	10	27	32	16	5	100	330	
4	46	11	15	41.4	50	16	5	100	330	
5	61	15	20	48.2	63	35	2	100	330	
5	72	18.5	25	58	80	35	2	100	330	
5	90	22	30	75.9	100	35	2	100	330	
6	110	30	40	126.7	160	150	300MCM	100	330	
6	150	37	50	172.7	200	150	300MCM	100	330	
6	180	45	60	183.3	250	150	300MCM	100	330	
7	202	55	75	205.7	250	150	300MCM	100	330	
7	248	75	100	255.5	315	150	300MCM	100	330	

# 11.4.3. 380 - 480 Volts, 3 Phase Input Models

	14.0. 000 400 Volla, 0 I hase input models								
Frame Size	Output Current Capacity	Typical Po	wer Rating	Nominal Input Current	Fuse or MCB		imum e Size		m Motor Length
	A	kW	HP	Α	(Type B)	sq.mm	AWG	m	ft
2	2.2	0.75	1	2	10	8	8	100	330
2	4.1	1.5	2	3.7	10	8	8	100	330
2	5.8	2.2	3	5.2	10	8	8	100	330
2	9.5	4	5	8.6	10	8	8	100	330
3	14	5.5	7.5	12.4	16	8	8	100	330
3	18	7.5	10	14	16	8	8	100	330
3	24	11	15	21.6	25	8	8	100	330
4	30	15	20	27	32	16	5	100	330
4	39	18.5	25	35.1	40	16	5	100	330
4	46	22	30	41.4	50	16	5	100	330
5	61	30	40	48.2	63	35	2	100	330
5	72	37	50	58	80	35	2	100	330
5	90	45	60	75.9	100	35	2	100	330
6	110	55	<i>7</i> 5	112.5	125	150	300MCM	100	330
6	150	75	100	153.2	200	150	300MCM	100	330
6	180	90	150	183.7	250	150	300MCM	100	330
7	202	110	175	205.9	250	150	300MCM	100	330
7	240	132	200	244.5	315	150	300MCM	100	330
7	302	160	250	307.8	400	150	300MCM	100	330
8	370	200	300	370	500	240	450MCM	100	330
8	450	250	350	450	500	240	450MCM	100	330

### 11.4.4. 500 - 600 Volt, 3 Phase Input Models

Frame Size	Output Current Capacity	Typical Po	wer Rating	Nominal Input Current	Fuse or MCB		imum e Size	Maximum Motor Cable Length	
	A	kW	HP	A	(Type B)	sq.mm	AWG	m	ft
2	2.1	0.75	1	2.5	10	8	8	100	330
2	3.1	1.5	2	3.7	10	8	8	100	330
2	4.1	2.2	3	4.9	10	8	8	100	330
2	6.5	4	5	7.8	10	8	8	100	330
2	9	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	8	8	100	330
3	12	7.5	10	14.4	16	8	8	100	330
3	17	11	15	20.6	25	8	8	100	330
3	22	15	20	26.7	32	8	8	100	330
4	22	15	20	26.7	32	16	5	100	330
4	28	18.5	25	34	40	16	5	100	330
4	34	22	30	41.2	50	16	5	100	330
4	43	30	40	49.5	63	16	5	100	330
5	54	37	50	62.2	80	35	2	100	330
5	65	45	60	75.8	100	35	2	100	330
6	78	55	<i>7</i> 5	90.9	125	150	300MCM	100	330
6	105	75	100	108.2	125	150	300MCM	100	330
6	130	90	125	127.7	160	150	300MCM	100	330
6	150	110	175	160	200	150	300MCM	100	330

#### **NOTE**

- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit is increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length limited can be increased by 100%.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring for further information.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.

### 11.5. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive Eco is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requ	irements
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.
	380 – $480$ RMS Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + $/$ - $10%$ variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.
	500 – $600$ RMS Volts for $600$ Volt rated units, + $/$ - $10%$ variation allowed, Maximum $600$ Volts RMS.
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.
	All Optidrive Eco units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping.
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation.
Short Circuit Capacity	All the drives in the Optidrive Eco range are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100kA rms (AC) short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by UL type J, T or CC fuses.

#### **Mechanical Installation Requirements**

All Optidrive Eco units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 11.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 11.1. Environmental.

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.

#### **Electrical Installation Requirements**

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 11.4. Output Power and Current ratings and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units, 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) and 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units).

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 11.4. Output Power and Current ratings.

For Installation in Canada.

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated X Volt (phase to ground), X Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 2.5kV.

Where X is the supply voltage.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

### **General Requirements**

Optidrive Eco provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 9.3. Parameter Group 4 - High Performance Motor Control.

# For Canadian Installations:

Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated as shown below, suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 2.5kV.

Supply Voltage Rating of the Drive	Phase-Phase Surge Protection Voltage Rating	Phase-Ground Surge Protection Voltage Rating
200 - 240VAC + / - 10%	230VAC	230VAC
380 - 480VAC + / - 10%	480VAC	480VAC
500 - 600VAC + / - 10%	600VAC	600VAC

# 11.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors - Disconnection Procedure

### 11.6.1. IP20 Drive Models

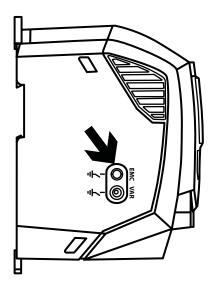
All Optidrive ECO models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

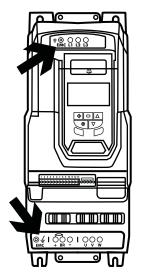
#### Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely



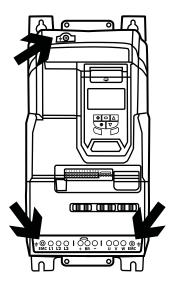
### Frame Sizes 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



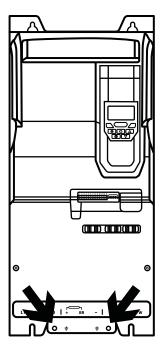
### Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



# Frame Size 6a/6b

Frame Size 6a/6b units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



### 11.6.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

### 11.7. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F (IP55 & IP66) or 50°C / 122°F (IP20).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than the minimum setting.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

### 11.7.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C / 122°F
IP20 Frame Size 5	35°C / 95°F	1.1% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F

### 11.7.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

### 11.7.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure				Switc	hing Freq	uency (W	here avai	able)			
Type	Frame Size	4kHz	8kHz	10kHz	12kHz	14kHz	16kHz	18kHz	20kHz	24kHz	32kHz
IP66	2	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N/A	N/A
IPOO	3	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	0%	6%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	4	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	12%	23%	33%	41%	N/A	N/A
IP55	5	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	11%	23%	36%	42%	N/A	N/A
1155	6	0%	16%	N/A	28%	N/A	39%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	7	0%	12%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2	N/A	N/A	0%	14%	23%	32%	37%	43%	N/A	N/A
	3	N/A	N/A	0%	2%	13%	19%	25%	35%	N/A	N/A
IDOO	4	N/A	N/A	0%	15%	13%	39%	52%	62%	N/A	N/A
IP20	5	N/A	N/A	0%	3%	9%	14%	19%	24%	N/A	N/A
	6	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# 11.7.4. Example of Applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 16 kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating (if any), 16 kHz, 0% derating.

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per  $^{\circ}$ C above 40 $^{\circ}$ C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5%

 $9.5 \text{ Amps} \times 87.5\% = 8.3 \text{ Amps}.$ 

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above  $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$ 

 $8.3 \text{ Amps} \times 90\% = 7.5 \text{ Amps continuous current available}.$ 

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected; or
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

# 12. Troubleshooting

# 12.1. Fault Messages

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Description	Corrective Action
no-FLŁ	00	No Fault	No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly.
I_t-trP	04	Over load trip	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering > 100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load.  Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 11.4. Output Power and Current ratings.  Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09.  Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.  For a centrifugal fan or pump, a small reduction in output frequency could significantly reduce the load.
PS-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in P0-20.  A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter P0-36.  This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected.  If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04.  If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U- vor E	07	Under voltage	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off.  If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
0-E	08	Over temperature trip	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21.  A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in PO-38.  Check the drive ambient temperature.  Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.  Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in section 3.6.  Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units) thru 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.  Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24.  Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U- E	09	Under temperature trip	Drive Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. The temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Load default parameters	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application. Four button defaults – see section 5.4. Changing Parameters.
E-Er iP	11	External trip	Digital Input External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus serial comms fault	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Description	Corrective Action
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	Excessive DC Ripple on Internal DC bus	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16.  A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37.  Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance.  Reduce the motor load.  If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-Lo55	14	Input phase loss	Input phase missing trip	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Hardware detected Instant over current	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
Eh-FLE	16	Thermistor Fault	Faulty thermistor on heat-sink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dALA-F	17	I/O processor data error	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA signal out of range	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA when signal format is set to 4-20mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dALA-E	19	M/C processor data error	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, factory defaults are reloaded. If problem reoccurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U-dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter Defaults	User Parameter default has been loaded. Press the Stop key. Three button default – see section 5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC over heat	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip (analog input 2 configured for PTC device).
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
O-HEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	Ambient Temperature too High	Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating.  Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.6.  Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units) thru 3.8. Guidelines for  Mounting (IP55 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted.  Increase the cooling airflow to the drive.  Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24.  Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
0-Eor9	24	High motor current	Motor current above configured profile	Current Monitoring Function has detected motor current levels above the normal operating condition for the application.  Check mechanical load has not changed and that the load is not jammed or stalling.  For pump application check for potential pump blockage.  For fan applications check airstream to and from the fan is not restricted.
U-Eor9	25	Low motor current	Motor current below configured profile	Current Monitoring Function has detected motor current levels below the normal operating condition for the application.  Check for mechanical breakages causing loss of load (e.g. belt break).  Check motor has not become disconnected from the drive.
DUL-F	26	Drive Output Fault	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.  Check for loose motor cables at the drive and at the motor or any termination in between. Otherwise refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek S	Sales Partner

ALF-01	40	Autotune fail 1	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
AFE-05	41	Autotune fail 2		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFE-03	42	Autotune fail 3		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
AEF-04	43	Autotune fail 4		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
ALF-05	44	Autotune fail 5		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	L1-L2-L3 Phase sequence is incorrect	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.
Pr-Lo	48	Feedback Pressure Low	Low Pressure Detected by Pipe Fill Function	Check the pump system for leaks for burst pipes. Check the Pipe fill function has been commissioned correctly (P3-16 & P3-17).
OUE-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	Output (Motor) Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
5c-F0 I	50	Modbus Comms fault	Modbus communication error detected	
5c-F03	52	Option Module Fault	Fitted communication Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communications Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F04	53	IO Card Comms fault	IO card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted I/O Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F05	54	BACnet Comms fault	BACnet comms loss trip	A valid BACnet telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05.  Check the network master / PLC is still operating.  Check the connection cables.  Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.

**Corrective Action** 

Troubleshooting

Fault Code

No.

**OLED Message** 

Description

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